

#### D.4.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfiguration type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
0 m2- heat-transfer-coefficient	opt-p		
1 m2- port-3b	p-obj		
2 m2- stream -3	p-obj		
3 m2- pipe	p-obj		
4 m2-edge-2a	p-obj		
5 n-Q-edge-1 b	p-obj		
6 m2-port-3a	p-obj		
7 m2- pipe -inside diameter	req-p		
8 m2- port-2 a	p-obj		
9 m2-port-1b	p-obj		
10 m2-fluid-in-pipe	p-obj		
11 m2- stream -2	p-obj		
<b>1 2 m2-stream-1</b>	p-obj		
13 m2- mass -flow - rate	req-p		
14 m2- heat -capacity	W - P		
15 m2-density	W - P		
16 m2- thermal conductivity	req-p		
17 m2- viscosity	req-p		
18 m2- pipe -wall -temperature	opt-p		
19 m2- pipe -length	opt-p		
20 m2- pipe -axial direction	opt-p		
<b>21 m2-outlet -temperature</b>	opt-p		
<b>22 m2- surface -normal -2 a</b>	opt-p		
23 m2- inlet -temperature	opt-p		
24 m2- surface -normal -1 b	opt-p		
<b>2 5 m2-neg-endpt-2a</b>	neg -1		
<b>26 m2-neg-endpt-1b</b>	neg -2		
<b>2 7 m2-neg-edge-3a</b>	w - 3	intensive	(region -a region-y) (region -a region -x) (region -a region -c) (region -a region-d) (region -a region-e)
<b>2 8 m2-neg-edge-2a</b>	neg -4		
req-P -- required parameter p-obj -- positive object		opt-p -- optional parameter neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched	

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfiguration type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
29 m2- neg s-normal-2 a	neg-5	intensive	(region -a region-b) (region -a region -c region-b) (region -a region -c region-d) (region -a region -c region-e) (region -a region d region-e) (region -a region d region-b) (region -a region -e region-b)
30 m2- neg -edge-l b	neg-6		(region -a region-c region-b region-d)
31 m2- neg -s-normal-l b	neg-7	intensive	(region -a region -c region-b region-e) (region -a region-c region-d region-e) (region -a region -d region-e region-b) (region -a region-c region-b region-d region-e)
32 m2-neg-port	neg-8		
req-P -- required parameter		opt-p -- optional parameter	
p-obj -- positive object		neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched	

## **D.5 Dittus-Boelter Model and PIPES-3 Equipment Description**

### **D.5.1 Statistics on the Matching**

Equipment Description:	PIPES-3
Model Description:	DITTUS-BOELTER
Goal:	calculate VALUES
Max. partial matches:	156
Complete Matches:	0
Rematches:	4
Run time:	0:11 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept):	104 (0)
Links created (kept):	557 (0)
Separately triggered reconfigurations:	
Used simple matching?	<b>Yes</b>
Used negative matching?	<b>Yes</b>
Used intensive reconfiguration?	<b>Yes</b>
Used part-whole reconfiguration?	<b>No</b>
Positive object triggered reconfiguration?	<b>No</b>
Parameter triggered reconfiguration?	<b>No</b>
Negative set triggered reconfiguration?	<b>Yes</b>

### **D.5.2 Generating the Potential Match Set**

#### JINPUTS:

(SELECT- MODELS "wall-h-trans-coeff -c 'value 'describes 'pipe-3-port-3wc 'values)

#### OUTPUTS:

(

(wall- h-transcoeff -c value describes pipe -3-port-3wc values m2- heat -transfer-coeff icient  
m2-port-3b)

)

### D.5.3 Match/Reconfigure

**INPUTS:**

(DO-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm2-port-3b 'm2-heat-transfer-coefficient 'pipe-3-port-3wc  
   'wall-h-trans -coeff -c)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
		nil	
• different than vector #1. req-p -- required parameter	p-obj -- positive object opt-p -- optional parameter		neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched

### D.5.4 Checking Model Conditions

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list ( first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

No conditions checked because no models matched.

### D.5.5 Executing the Model

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list ( first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

No conditions checked because no models matched.

### D.5.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfiguration type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
0 m2- heat -transfer-coefficient	opt-p		
1 m2-port-3b	p-obj		
2 m2-stream-3	p-obj		
3 m2-pipe	p-obj		
4 m2-edge-2 a	p-obj		
5 m2- edge-l b	p-obj		
6 m2-port-3a	p-obj		
7 m2- pipe -inside diameter	req-p		
8 m2-port-2a	p-obj		
9 m2-port-1b	p-obj		
10 m2-fluid-in-pipe	p-obj		
11 m2- stream -2	p-obj		
1 2 m2-stream-1	p-obj		
13 m2- mass -flow - rate	req-p		
14 m2- heat -capacity	W - P		
15 m2- density	W - P		
16 m2- thermal-conductivity	req-p		
17 m2- viscosity	req-p		
18 m2- pipe-wall -temperature	opt-p		
19 m2- pipe -length	opt-p		
20 m2- pipe -axial direction	opt-p		
21 m2-outlet -temperature	opt-p		
22 m2-surface-normal-2a	opt-p		
23 m2- inlet -temperature	opt-p		
24 m2-surface-normal-1 b	opt-p		
		intensive	(region -wc region -wd) (region -wc region -wb) (region -wc region -wd region -wb) (region -wc region -wd region -we) *termination*
25 m2-neg-endpt-2a	neg -1		
req-P -- required parameter		opt-p -- optional parameter	
p-obj -- positive object		neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched	

## **D.6 Dittus-Boelter Model and PIPES-4 Equipment Description**

### D.6.1 Statistics on the Matching

Equipment Description:	PIPES-4
Model Description:	DITTUS-BOELTER
Goal:	find EFFECTS
Max. partial matches:	a
Complete Matches:	0
Rematches:	3
Run time:	0:01 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept):	24 (0)
Links created (kept):	110 (0)
Separately triggered reconfigurations:	
Used simple matching?	<b>Yes</b>
Used negative matching?	<b>Yes</b>
Used intensive reconfiguration?	<b>Yes</b>
Used part-whole reconfiguration?	<b>No</b>
Positive object triggered reconfiguration?	<b>No</b>
Parameter triggered reconfiguration?	<b>Yes</b>
Negative set triggered reconfiguration?	<b>No</b>

### D.6.2 Generating the Potential Match Set

**INPUTS:**

(SELECT -MODELS 'heat-capacity-b 'value 'describes 'region-b 'effects)

**OUTPUTS:**

(

(heat-capacity-b value describes region-b effects m2- heat -capacity m2-fluid -in -pipe)

### D.6.3 Match/Reconfigure

**INPUTS:**

(DO-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm2-fluid-in-pipe 'm2-heat-capacity 'region-b 'heat-capacitiy-b)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

nil

#### D.6.4 Checking Model Conditions

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS ‘approx-conditions assoc-list ( first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

No correct matches, so no conditions checked.

#### D.6.5 Executing the Model

**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE -MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

No correct matches, so no execution of model.

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** No sideeffects.

#### D.6.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)	notes	Reconfiguration type	Reconfigurations tried
0 m2- heat capacity	W-P		
1 m2-fluid -in -pipe	P-W		
2 m2-port-3a	p-obj		
3 m2-port-2a	p-obj		
4 m2-port-1b	p-obj		
5 m2-density	req-P		
6 m2- thermal -conductivity	W-P		
7 m2-viscosity	W-P		
8 m2-stream3	p-obj		
9 m2-edge-1b	p-obj		
10 m2- edge-2 a	p-obj		
11 m2- stream -2	p-obj		
12 m2- stream -1	p-obj	intensive	(region-b region -a) (region-b region c) (region -b region-c region-d) *termination*
13 m2- mass -flow - rate	req-p		
req-p -- required parameter		opt-p -- optional parameter	
p-obj -- positive object		neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched	

## **D.7 Dittus-Boelter Model and PIPES-5 Equipment Description**

### **D.7.1 Statistics on the Matching**

Equipment Description: PIPES-5  
 Model Description: DITTUS-BOELTER  
 Goal: find EFFECTS

Max. partial matches: 24  
 Complete Matches: 1  
 Rematches: 18  
 Run time: 0:14 (hr:min)  
 Objects created (kept): 147 (8)  
 Links created (kept): 1268 (29)  
 Separately triggered reconfigurations: 1

Used simple matching? Yes  
 Used negative matching? Yes  
 Used intensive reconfiguration? Yes  
 Used part-whole reconfiguration? No

Positive object triggered reconfiguration? Yes  
 Parameter triggered reconfiguration? No  
 Negative set triggered reconfiguration? No

### **D.7.2 Generating the Potential Match Set**

#### **INPUTS:**

(SELECT-MODELS 'heat-capacity-c 'value 'describes 'region-c 'effects)

#### **OUTPUTS:**

```
(
  (heat capacity-c value describes region -c effects m2- heat -capacity m2-fluid-in -pipe)
)
```

### D.7.3 Match/Reconfigure

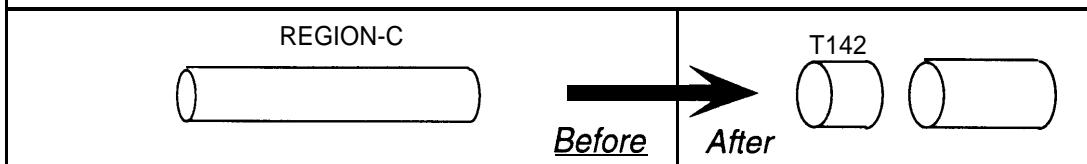
**INPUTS:**

(DC-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm2-fluid-in-pipe 'm2-heat-capacity 'region-c 'heat-capacity-c)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
0 m2- heat -capacity	req-p	heat-capacity-c	
1 m2-fluid-in -pipe	p-obj	t142	
2 m2-port-3a	p-obj	t152	
3 m2-port-1b	p-obj	t150	
4 m2-port-2a	p-obj	t138	
5 m2- density	req-p	rho-c	
6 m2- thermal -conductivity	req-p	thermal-cond-c	
7 m2- viscosity	req-p	mu-c	
8 m2-stream -3	p-obj	stream -pipe -2-c3	
9 m2- edge-l b	p-obj	t151	
10 m2-edge-2a	p-obj	t140	
11 m2-stream -1	p-obj	stream -bc	
12 m2- mass -flow-rate	W -P	inlet-flow-c	
13 m2- stream -2	p-obj	t139	
14 m2-port-3b	p-obj	pipe -2-port-3c	
15 m2-pipe	p-obj	pipe -2	
16 m2- pipe -inside diameter	W -P	pipe-2-id	
17 m2- inlet -temperature	opt-p	fluid-temp-port-cl	
18 m2- surface -normal -1 b	opt-p	nil	
19 m2-outlet -temperature	opt-p	nil	
20 m2- surface -normal -2 a	opt-p	nil	
21 m2- pipe -wall -temperature	opt-p	nil	
22 m2- heat-transfer-coefficient	opt-p	wall-h-trans-coeff-c	
23 m2- pipe -length	opt-p	nil	
24 m2- pipe -axial direction	opt-p	pipe-2-axial direction	
25 m2- neg -port	neg -1	nil	
26 m2- neg -edge-3a	neg -2	nil	
27 m2- neg -edge-l b	neg -3	nil	
28 m2- neg -s-normal-l b	neg 4	nil	
29 m2- neg edge-2 a	neg -5	nil	
30 m2- neg s-normal-2 a	neg 6	nil	
31 m2- neg-endpt-1b	neg -7	nil	
32 m2- neg-endpt-2a	neg -8	nil	

• different than vector #1.  
 req-P -- required parameter  
 p-obj -- positive object  
 opt-p -- optional parameter  
 neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched

**SIDE EFFECTS:****D.7.4 Checking Model Conditions****INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (first vector-list)')

**OUTPUTS:**

T

**((vectors-parallel?**

m2- pipe -axial direction	value	m2- pipe -axial direction	value -type
m2- pipe -axial direction	value -interval-type	m2- pipe -axial direction	value dimension
m2- pipe -axial direction	value -precision	m2- pipe -axial direction	value -precision-type
m2- pipe -axial direction	time	m2- pipe -axial direction	time-type
m2- pipe -axial direction	time -interval-type	m2- pipe -axial direction	time dimension
m2- pipe -axial direction	time -precision	m2- pipe -axial direction	time -precision-type
m2- surface -normal -1 b	value	m2- surface -normal -1 b	value -type
m2- surface -normal -1 b	value -interval-type	m2- surface -normal -1 b	value-dimension
m2- surface -normal -1 b	value- precision	m2- surface -normal -1 b	value -precision-type
m2- surface -normal-l b	time	m2- surface -normal-l b	time -type
m2- surface -normal -1 b	time -interval-type	m2- surface -normal -1 b	time dimension
m2- surface -normal -1 b	time -precision	m2- surface -normal -1 b	time -precision-type)

**((vectors-parallel?**

m2- pipe -axial direction	value	m2- pipe -axial direction	value -type
m2- pipe -axial direction	value -interval-type	m2- pipe -axial direction	value dimension
m2- pipe -axial direction	value -precision	m2- pipe -axial direction	value-precision-type
m2- pipe -axial direction	time	m2- pipe -axial direction	time -type
m2- pipe -axial direction	time -interval-type	m2- pipe -axial direction	time dimension
m2- pipe -axial direction	time -precision	m2- pipe -axial direction	time -precision-type
m2- surface -normal -2 a	value	m2- surface -normal -2 a	value -type
m2- surface -normal -2 a	value -interval-type	m2- surface -normal -2 a	value-dimension
m2- surface -normal -2 a	value- precision	m2- surface -normal -2 a	value -precision-type
m2- surface -normal-2 a	time	m2- surface -normal-2 a	time -type
m2- surface -normal -2a	time -interval-type	m2- surface -normal -2 a	time-dimension
m2- surface -normal -2a	time -precision	m2- surface -normal -2 a	time -precision-type)

**(m2-dittus-boelter:pipe-temperatures-ok?**

m2- inlet -temperature	value
m2- outlet -temperature	value
m2- pipe -wall -temperature	value )

**(m2-dittus-boelter:l-over-d-ok?)**

m2- pipe -length value      m2- pipe -inside diameter value)

**(any-common -portion?)**

m2- viscosity	time	m2- viscosity	time -type
m2- viscosity	time -interval-type	m2- viscosity	time -precision
m2- viscosity	time -precision-type	n-&outlet-temperature	time
m2-outlet -temperature	time -type	m2-outlet -temperature	time -interval-type
m2-outlet -temperature	time -precision	m2-outlet -temperature	time -precision-type)

**(any-common-portion?)**

m2- viscosity	time	m2- viscosity	time -type
m2- viscosity	time -interval-type	m2- viscosity	time -precision
m2- viscosity	time-precision-type	m2- pipe -wall -temperature	time
m2- pipe -wall -temperature	time -type	m2- pipe -wall -temperature	time -interval-type
m2- pipe -wall -temperature	time -precision	m2- pipe-wall -temperature	time -precision-type)

**(equal m2-viscosity time -type m2-pipe-wall-temperature time-type)**

**(equal m2- viscosity time -type m2-outlet -temperature time-type)**

**(equal m2- viscosity time dimension m2- pipe-wall-temperature time dimension)**

**(equal m2- viscosity time dimension m2-outlet-temperature time-dimension)**

**(equal m2- viscosity time -units m2- pipe -wall -temperature time-units)**

**(equal m2-viscosity time-units m2-outlet -temperature time-units))**

## D.7.5 Executing the Model

**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE-MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

(T3)

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** The parameter object, T3, is created with attributes and links shown.

<b>T3*</b> <b>time:</b> 1770 <b>time-dimension:</b> 1 <b>time-units:</b> min <b>time-type:</b> real <b>time-interval-type:</b> point <b>time-precision-type:</b> absolute <b>time-precision:</b> ±10 <b>time-max:</b> nil <b>time-min:</b> nil  <b>value:</b> 1918.6832 <b>value-dimension:</b> 1 <b>value-units:</b> btu/hr-sq-ft-deg-F <b>value-type:</b> real <b>value-interval-type:</b> point <b>value-precision-type:</b> nil <b>value-precision:</b> nil <b>value-max:</b> nil <b>value-min:</b> nil  "location" attributes are all nil.	<b>exemplifies</b> - carried - specified - carried - carried - carried - carried - carried	→ HEAT-TRANS-COEFF (functional-type)
	<b>describes</b> → pipe-2-port-3C	
	<b>KEY</b> calculated-- attribute value calculated by model specified-- attribute value specified in model param carried-- attribute value copied from another parameter as specified in the "carried variables" list of the model description	

\* name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

### D.7.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfiguration type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
0 m2- heat -capacity 1 m2-fluid-in -pipe 2 m2-port-3a 3 m2-port-1 b 4 m2-port-2a 5 m2- density 6 m2- thermal -conductivity 7 m2- viscosity 8 m2- stream -3 9 m2-edge-1 b 10 m2-edge-2a 11 m2-st ream -1 12 m2- mass -flow - rate 13 m2- stream -2	req-p p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj req-p req-p W - P p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj req-P p-obj	intensive--Note #1	(region-b region-c) (c-right)-- Note #2 (region-b c-left c-middle) (c-middle) (region-b c-left) (b-left) (b-right c-left) (b-right c-left c-middle) (c-middle c-right) (b-right region-c) (region-c region-d) (c-left c-middle) (c-left)
14 m2-port-3b 15 m2-pipe 16 m2- pipe -inside diameter 17 m2- inlet-temperature 18 m2- surface -normal -1 b 19 m2- outlet -temperature 20 m2- surface -normal -2 a 21 m2- pipe -wall -temperature 22 m2- heat-transfer-coeff icient	p-obj p-obj req-p opt-p opt-p opt-p opt-p opt-p opt-p opt-p		
req-P -- required parameter p-obj -- positive object	opt-p -- optional parameter neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched		

Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)	notes	Reconfiguration type	Reconfigurations tried
23 m2- pipe -length 24 m2- pipe -axial direction 25 m2- neg -port 26 m2- neg -edge-3a 27 m2-neg-edge-1 b 28 m2- neg- s-normal -1 b 29 m2- neg edge-2 a 30 m2- neg -s- normal-2 a 31 m2-neg-endpt-1 b 32 m2-neg-endpt-2a	opt-p opt-p neg -1 neg -2 neg -3 neg -4 neg -5 neg -6 neg -7 neg -8		
req-P -- required parameter p-obj -- positive object		opt-p -- optional parameter neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched	

Note #1: This intensive reconfiguration is not triggered by inability to find an equipment object to match **M2-PORT-3B**, but by the attempt to find a “has-edge” link from objects matching **M2-PORT-2A** (4) to objects matching **M2-EDGE-2A** (10). At this point the matcher was finding all objects linked to **M2-PORT-2A**. It successfully found and matched **M2-STREAM-2**, but could not correctly match the “has-edge” link to the objects matching **M2-EDGE-2A**, which was already found as edge of the port **M2-PORT-3A**. The cylindrical surface of the liquid region must share edges with the ends of the region, and this condition is not met in the current liquid region, Region-C.

Note #2: This case does both merges and splits. The split regions are referred to as “x-left”, “x-middle”, “x-right”, where x is the letter naming the original region. Region-B can be split along the boundary of Pipe-1 and Pipe-2, with the two halves called “B-left” (portion in Pipe-1) and “B-right” for the portion in Pipe-2. Region-C can be split into 3 portions corresponding to the liquid in Pipe-2 (“C-left”), Pipe-3 (“C-middle”), and Pipe-4 (“C-right”).

## **D.8 Dittus-Boelter Model and PIPES-6 Equipment Description**

### **D.8.1 Statistics on the Matching**

```

Equipment Description: PIPES-6
Model Description: DITTUS-BOELTER
Goal: find EFFECTS

Max. partial matches: 40
Complete Matches: 0
Rematches: 20
Run time: 0:15 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept): 183 (0)
Links created (kept): 1230 (0)
Separately triggered reconfigurations: 2

Used simple matching? Yes
Used negative matching? Yes
Used intensive reconfiguration? Yes
Used part-whole reconfiguration? No

Positive object triggered reconfiguration? Yes
Parameter triggered reconfiguration? No
Negative set triggered reconfiguration? No

```

### **D.8.2 Generating the Potential Match Set**

**INPUTS:**  
 (SELECT-MODELS 'thermal-cond-b 'value 'describes 'region-b 'effects)

**OUTPUTS:**  
 (  
 (thermal-cond-b value describes region-b effects m2-thermal-conductivity m2-fluid-in-pipe)  
 )

### **D.8.3 Match/Reconfigure**

**INPUTS:**  
 (DO -SIMPLE-MATCH 'm2-fluid-in-pipe 'm2-thermal-conductivity 'region-B 'thermal-cond-b)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

nil

#### D.8.4 Checking Model Conditions

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS ‘approx-conditions assoc-list ( first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

No conditions checked because no matches found.

#### D.8.5 Executing the Model

**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE -MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

No model executed because no matches found.

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** No side effects..

#### D.8.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)	notes	Reconfiguration type	Reconfigurations tried
0 m2- thermal -conductivity	req-P		
1 m2-fluid-in-pipe	p-obj		
2 m2-port-3a	p-obj		
3 m2-port-1b	p-obj		
4 m2- port-2 a	p-obj		
5 m2- heat -capacity	W - P		
6 m2- density	req-p		
7 m2- viscosity	req-P		
8 m2- stream3	P-W		
9 m2-edge-1b	P-W		
10 m2- edge-2 a	p-obj		
11 m2- stream -1	p-obj		
12 m2- mass -flow-rate	req-P		
req-p -- required parameter		opt-p -- optional parameter	
p-obj -- positive object		neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched	

Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)	notes	Reconfiguration type	Reconfigurations tried
13 m2-stream-2	p-obj	intensive--Note #1	(region-b region-a) (b-4) -- Note #2 (region-a bl b-2 b-3) (b-3) (region-a bl b-2) (region-a b-1) (b-2) (b-2 b3) (b-3 b4) (b-2 b3 b-4) (region-b region-c) (b-1 b-2 b-3) (b-4 region-c) (b-1 b2) (b-3 b-4 region-c) (b-2 b3 b-4 region-c) (b-1)
14 m2-port-3b	p-obj		
15 m2-pipe	p-obj	intensive	*termination* --Note #3

req-P -- required parameter      opt-p -- optional parameter  
p-obj -- positive object      neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched

Note #1: This intensive reconfiguration is not triggered by inability to find an equipment object to match **M2-PORT-3B**, but by the attempt to find a “has-edge” link from objects matching **M2-PORT-2A** (4) to objects matching **M2-EDGE-2A** (10). At this point the matcher was finding all objects linked to **M2-PORT-2A**. It successfully found and matched **M2-STREAM-2**, but could not correctly match the “has-edge” link to the objects matching **M2-EDGE-2A**, which was already found as edge of the port **M2-PORT-3A**. The cylindrical surface of the liquid region must share edges with the ends of the region, and this condition is not met in the current liquid region, Region-C.

Note #2: This case does both merges and splits. The split regions are referred to as “B-1”, “B-2”, “B-3”, and “B-4” where B is the letter naming the original region. Region-B can be split along the boundary of Elbow-1, Pipe-2, Pipe-3, and Pipe-4, where the pieces are numbered from left to right, with B-1 corresponding to the liquid region inside Elbow-1.

Note #3: No further merges or splits were available, because all regions had previously been tested and failed to rematch the objects matched so far. Thus the intensive reconfiguration heuristic prevents any further merges or splits from being tested.

## **D.9 Dalle-Molle Model and CSTR-1 Equipment**

### **Description**

#### **D.9.1 Statistics on the Matching**

Equipment Description:	CSTR-1
Model Description:	DALLE-MOLLE
Goal:	calculate VALUES
Max. partial matches:	240
Complete Matches:	16
Rematches:	0
Run time:	0:13 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept):	1 (1)
Links created (kept):	2 (2)
Separately triggered reconfigurations:	0
Used simple matching?	Yes
Used negative matching?	Yes
Used intensive reconfiguration?	No
Used part-whole reconfiguration?	No
Positive object triggered reconfiguration?	No
Parameter triggered reconfiguration?	No
Negative set triggered reconfiguration?	No

#### **D.9.2 Generating the Potential Match Set**

##### **INPUTS:**

(SELECT-MODELS 'outlet-temperature-2771 'value 'describes 'port-liquid-7 'values)

##### **OUTPUTS:**

(

(outlet -temperature -2771 value describes port-liquid-7 values m8- tempout-after  
m&port-liq outlet)

)

### D.9.3 Match/Reconfigure

**INPUTS:**

(DO-SIMPLE-MATCH

'm8-port-liq-outlet 'm8-tempout-after 'port-liquid-7 'outlet-temperature-2771)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned (See NOTE)	
		vector #1	vector #5
0 m8- tempout-after	W - P	outlet- temperature -2771	outlet-temperature -2771
1 m8- port- liq -outlet	p-obj	port-liquid-7	port- liquid-7
2 m&edge-outlet	p-obj	edge- liquid-9	edge- liquid-9
3 m8- tempout- before	req-P	outlet-temperature-2766	outlet- temperature -2766
4 m&liquid	p-obj	r12- liquid	r12- liquid
5 m8- port- nozzle -liquid	p-obj	port-onoz-4	port-onoz-4
6 m8-port-liq-1-inlet	p-obj	port-liquid3	port- liquid-l .
7 m8- port- liq -2-inlet	p-obj	port-liquid-l	port-liquid-3*
8 m8- port- liq -impeller	p-obj	port- liquid6	port- liquid6
9 m8- height- before	req-P	liquid- height-2766	liquid- height-2766
10 m&outlet -nozzle	p-obj	r12-outlet-nozzle	r12-outlet-nozzle
11 m8-coldflow-after	req-P	hot -inlet -flow -2771	cold- inlet-flow -2771*
12 m8-coldflow- before	req-P	hot -inlet -flow -2766	cold- inlet-flow -2766*
13 m8-hotflow -after	W - P	cold- inlet-flow -2771	hot -inlet -flow -2771*
14 m8-hotflow -before	req-P	cold- inlet-flow -2766	hot -inlet-flow-2766*
15 m&stream -liq -impeller	p-obj	stream -imp-liq	stream -imp-liq
16 m8-hot-cold-mixer	p-obj	r12-cstr	r12- cstr
17 m8- port- nozzle -floor	p-obj	port- onoz-2	port-onoz-2
18 m&port- impeller-liquid	p-obj	port- imp-l	port- imp-l
19 m&tank-floor	p-obj	r12-tank-floor	r12-tank-floor
20 m8- impeller	P-W	r12- impeller	r12- impeller
21 m&stream-floor-outlet	p-obj	stream -tfloor-onoz	stream -tfloor-onoz
22 m8- port-floor-outnoz	p-obj	port-tfloor-4	port-tfloor-4
23 m&outflow -after	opt-P	nil	nil
24 m&outflow -before	opt-P	nil	nil
25 m8- height-deriv- before	opt-P	nil	nil
26 m&height-after	opt-P	nil	nil
27 m8- cflow deriv -after	opt-P	nil	nil
28 m8-cflow deriv-before	opt-P	nil	nil
29 m8-ctemp-deriv- before	opt-P	nil	nil
30 m8-ctemp-deriv-after	opt-P	nil	nil
31 m8-coldtemp-after	opt-P	nil	nil
32 m8- coldtemp -before	opt-P	nil	nil
33 m8- hflow -deriv -before	opt-P	nil	nil
34 m8- htemp deriv -after	opt-P	nil	nil
35 m8- hflowderiv-after	opt-P	nil	nil
36 m8- htemp deriv -before	opt-P	nil	nil
37 m8- hottemp-after	opt-P	nil	nil
38 m8- hottemp- before	opt-P	nil	nil
39 m8- neq -port-liquid	neg-1	nil	nil

**OUTPUTS:** -CONTINUED

Index from Assoc-list	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned		
	vector #9		vector #13
0	outlet-temperature -2771		outlet-temperature-2771
1	port- liquid-7		port-liquid-7
2	edge-liquid-9		edge- liquid-9
3	outlet-temperature-2766		outlet-temperature-2766
4	r12- liquid		r12- liquid
5	port- onoz-1 *		port-onoz-l*
6	port- liquid3		port- liquid-l *
7	port-liquid-l		port-liquid-3*
8	port- liquid-6		port- liquid6
9	liquid- height-2766		liquid- height-2766
10	r12-outlet-nozzle		r12- outlet-nozzle
11	hot -inlet -flow-2771		cold- inlet-flow -2771 .
12	hot -inlet -flow -2766		cold-inlet-flow-2766*
13	cold-inlet-flow-2771		hot- inlet-flow -2771 .
14	cold-inlet -flow-2766		hot -inlet -flow -2766*
15	stream -imp-liq		stream -imp-liq
16	r12-cstr		r12-cstr
17	port- onoz-2		port- onoz-2
18	port- imp-l		port- imp-l
19	r12- tank-floor		r12-tank-floor
20	r12- impeller		r12- impeller
21	stream -tfloor-onoz		stream-tfloor-onoz
22	port-tfloor-4		port-tfloor-4
23	nil		nil
24	nil		nil
25	nil		nil
26	nil		nil
27	nil		nil
28	nil		nil
29	nil		nil
30	nil		nil
31	nil		nil
32	nil		nil
33	nil		nil
34	nil		nil
35	nil		nil
36	nil		nil
37	nil		nil
38	nil		nil
39	nil		nil

\* different than vector #1.  
req-P -- required parameter

p-obj -- positive object  
opt-p -- optional parameter

neg-n -- member of the nth  
negative set matched

NOTE: 16 vectors (correct matches) were returned, but only the 1 st, 5th, 9th, and 13th are shown here because all the others do not meet the approximation conditions. (The function CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS returns NIL when called on those other vectors.) These 16 different vectors result from multiple ways in which some objects and parameters can be matched. At the matching stage, the relative times of parameters are not considered, so M8-COLDFLOW-BEFORE (a model parameter) can be matched to either the initial cold flow rate or the later cold flow rate (2 possibilities). Similarly M8-HOTFLOW-BEFORE can be matched to either of the two available flow rates (2 possibiliites). The matching stage also does not distinguish between relative values of parameters, so it can match M8-PORT-LIQ-1-INLET, the inlet for the cold flow, to either the cold inlet or the hot inlet (2 possibilities). This model description also requires that the outlet port of the liquid share an edge with the outlet nozzle, and the outlet nozzle actually has two ports that have such an edge (2 possibilities). There are 16 (2 X 2 X 2 X 2) combinations.

### D.9.4 Checking Model Conditions

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (nth 0 vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

**((m8-dalle-molle::flow-proportional-to-height ?**

m&outflow -before value	m8- outflow -after value
m8- outflow -after value	-precision-type m8- height- before value
m8- height-after value	m&height-after value -precision-type)

(equal m8-hottemp-before value m8- hottemp-after value)

(equal m8-coldtemp-before value m8- coldtemp-after value)

(equal m8-htemp-deriv-after value nil 0)

(equal m8-htemp-deriv- before value nil 0)

(equal m8-ctemp-deriv-after value nil 0)

(equal m8-ctemp-deriv-before value nil 0)

(equal m8-hflow-deriv-after value nil 0)

(equal m8-hflow-deriv-before value nil 0)

(equal m8-height-deriv-before value nil 0)

(equal m8-cflow-deriv-after value nil 0)

(equal m8-cflow-deriv-before value nil 0)

**(m8-dalle-molle::qspaces-have-common-element ?**

m8- coldtemp -before value -precision-type	nil 2
m8- tempout- before value -precision-type	nil 2)

**(m8-dalle-molle:: qspaces-have -common element ?**

m8- hottemp- before value -precision-type	nil 2
m8- tempout- before value -precision-type	nil 4)

**(possibly-equal?**

m8-coldflow-after time	m8-coldflow-after time-type
m8-coldflow-after time-interval-type	m8-coldflow-after time -precision
m8-coldflow-after time-precision-type	m&outflow-after time
m8- outflow -after time -type	m8- outflow -after time-interval-type
m&outflow -after time -precision	m8- outflow -after time -precision-type)

**(possibly-equal?**

mkoldflow-after time	m8- coldflow-after time -type
m8-coldflow-after time -interval-type	mkoldflow-after time -precision
m8-coldflow-after time -precision-type	m8- htemp -deriv-after time
m8- htemp -deriv-after time -type	m8- htemp clerk-after time -interval-type
m8- htemp -deriv-after time -precision	m8- htemp deriv-after time -precision-type)

**OUTPUTS:-continued****(possibly equal?)**

<b>m8-coldflow-after</b>	time	<b>m8-coldflow-after</b>	time -type
<b>mkoldflow-after</b>	time -interval-type	<b>mkoldflow-after</b>	time -precision
<b>mkoldflow-after</b>	time-precision-type	<b>m8-ctemp-deriv-after</b>	time
<b>m8-ctemp-deriv-after</b>	time-type	<b>m8-ctemp-deriv-after</b>	time-interval-type
<b>m8-ctemp-deriv-after</b>	time-precision	<b>m8-ctemp-deriv-after</b>	time-precision-type)

**(possibly-equal?)**

<b>mkoldflow-after</b>	time	<b>mkoldflow-after</b>	time-type
<b>m8-coldflow-after</b>	time -interval-type	<b>m8- coldflow-after</b>	time -precision
<b>mkoldflow-after</b>	time-precision-type	<b>m8- hflowderiv-after</b>	time
<b>m8- hflow deriv -after</b>	time -type	<b>m8- hflowderiv-after</b>	time-interval-type
<b>m8- hflow deriv -after</b>	time -precision	<b>m8- hflowderiv-after</b>	time-precision-type)

**(possibly-equal?)**

<b>m8-coldflow-after</b>	time	<b>m8-coldflow-after</b>	time-type
<b>m8-coldflow-after</b>	time -interval-type	<b>mkoldflow-after</b>	time -precision
<b>m8-coldflow-after</b>	time-precision-type	<b>m8-cflow-deriv-after</b>	time
<b>m8-cflow-deriv-after</b>	time-type	<b>m8-cflow-deriv-after</b>	time-interval-type
<b>m8-cflow-deriv-after</b>	time -precision	<b>m8-cflow-deriv-after</b>	time-precision-type)

**(possibly equal?)**

<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time	<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time-type
<b>m8-coldflow-before</b>	time-interval-type	<b>m8- coldf low- before</b>	time -precision
<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time -precision-type	<b>m&amp;outflow -before</b>	time
<b>m&amp;outflow -before</b>	time -type	<b>m8- outflow -before</b>	time -interval-type
<b>m&amp;outflow -before</b>	time -precision	<b>m&amp;outflow -before</b>	time -precision-type)

**(possibly-equal?)**

<b>m8- coldf low- before</b>	time	<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time-type
<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time -interval-type	<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time -precision
<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time -precision-type	<b>m8- htempderiv-before</b>	time
<b>m8- htemp clerk-before</b>	time -type	<b>m8- htemp deriv -before</b>	time -interval-type
<b>m8- htemp clerk-before</b>	time -precision	<b>m8- htempderiv-before</b>	time -precision-type)

**(possibly-equal?)**

<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time	<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time -type
<b>m8- coldflow- before</b>	time -interval-type	<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time -precision
<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time-precision-type	<b>m8- ctemp-deriv-before</b>	time
<b>m8- ctemp-deriv-before</b>	time-type	<b>m8- ctemp-deriv- before</b>	time-interval-type
<b>m8- ctemp-deriv-before</b>	time-precision	<b>m8- ctemp-deriv- before</b>	time-precision-type)

**(possibly equal?)**

<b>m8-coldflow-before t i m e</b>		<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time-type
<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time-interval-type	<b>m8- coldf low- before</b>	time -precision
<b>m8-coldflow- before</b>	time -precision-type	<b>m8- hflow -deriv-before</b>	time
<b>m8- hflow deriv-before</b>	time -type	<b>m8- hflow -deriv-before</b>	time -interval-type
<b>m8- hflow deriv-before</b>	time -precision	<b>m8- hflow clerk-before</b>	time -precision-type)

OUTPUT&-continued**(possibly-equal?**

<b>m8-coldflow-</b> before	time	<b>m8-coldflow-</b> before	time -type
<b>m8-coldflow-</b> before	time -interval-type	<b>m8-coldflow-</b> before	time -precision
<b>m8-coldf</b> low- before	time -precision-type	<b>m8- height-deriv-</b> before	time
<b>m8- height-deriv-</b> before	time-type	<b>m8- height-deriv-</b> before	time -interval-type
<b>m8- height-deriv-</b> before	time -precision	<b>m8- height-deriv-</b> before	time -precision-type)

**(possibly-equal?**

<b>m8-coldflow-</b> before	time	<b>m8- coldflow-</b> before	time -type
<b>m8- coldflow-</b> before	time -interval-type	<b>m8-coldflow-</b> before	time -precision
<b>m8-coldflow-</b> before	time -precision-type	<b>m8- cflow</b> deriv -before	time
<b>m8-cflow</b> deriv -before	time -type	<b>m8-cflow-deriv-before</b>	time-interval-type
<b>m8-cflow-deriv-before</b>	time-precision	<b>m8-cflow-deriv-before</b>	time-precision-type)

**(possibly-before?**

<b>m8-coldtemp</b> -before	value	<b>m8-coldtemp</b> -before	value -type
<b>m8- coldtemp</b> -before	value -interval-type	<b>m8-coldtemp</b> -before	value -precision
<b>m8- coldtemp</b> -before	value -precision-type	<b>m8- hottemp</b> - before	value
<b>m8- hottemp</b> - before	value -type	<b>m8- hottemp</b> - before	value -interval-type
<b>m8- hottemp</b> - before	value -precision	<b>m8- hottemp</b> - before	value -precision-type)

**(equal m&height-after time-units m8-coldflow-before time-units)**

**(equal m8- htempderiv-after time-units m8-coldflow-before time-units)**

**(equal m8- htemp deriv -before time-units mkoldflow-before time -units)**

**(equal m8- ctemp-deriv -after time-units m8-coldflow-before time-units)**

**(equal m8- ctemp-deriv- before time-units m8-coldflow- before time -units)**

**(equal m8- hflowderiv-after time-units mkoldflow-before time-units)**

**(equal m8- hflow deriv -before time -units m8-coldflow- before time -units)**

**(equal m8- height-deriv- before time-units m8-coldflow- before time -units)**

**(equal m8- cflow-deriv -after time-units m8-coldflow-before time-units)**

**(equal m8- cflow-deriv -before time-units m8-coldflow-before time-units))**

**(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (nth 4 vector-list))** ← 5th  
T vector

[The list of unverified conditions returned is the same as for the first vector.]

**(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (nth 8 vector-list))** ← 9th  
T vector

[The list of unverified conditions returned is the same as for the first vector.]

**(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (nth 12 vector-list))** ← 13th  
T vector

[The list of unverified conditions returned is the same as for the first vector.]

### D.9.5 Executing the Model

**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE-MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

- . [NOTE: All of the following is printed to the screen while the QSIM system is being loaded.]

```
; Loading SYS: SITE; NQ-92.TRANSLATIONS#> into package FILE-SYSTEM
; Loading SYS: SITE; NQ-92.SYSTEM#> into package USER
; Loading SYS: SITE; NQ-92.TRANSLATIONS#> into package FILE-SYSTEM
Current login name is MURDOCK for host HPP.Stanford.EDU.
Type either password or loginname<space>password: XXXXXXXXmurdock XXXXXXXX
```

File to Read

NQ-92: NQ-92; TI-NQ-SYSTEM.LISP#>

Read it? (Y or N) Yes.

```
; Reading NQ-92: NQ-92; TI-NQ-SYSTEM.LISP#>
; Loading SYS: SITE; XPOS-92.TRANSLATIONS#> into package FILE-SYSTEM
; Loading SYS: SITE; XPOS-92.SYSTEM#> into package USER
; Loading SYS: SITE; XPOS-92.TRANSLATIONS#> into package FILE-SYSTEM
```

```
; Reading Xpos-92: XPOS-92; XPOS-SYSTEM.LISP#>
Loading Xpos-92: XPOS-BIN; POSTSCRIPTER.XLD#> into package POS
Loading Xpos-92: XPOS-BIN; QPLOT-PRIMITIVES.XLD#> into package POS
Loading Xpos-92: XPOS-BIN; QPLOT-ADVANCED.XLD#> into package POS
Loading Xpos-92: XPOS-BIN; PPLOT.XLD#> into package POS
Loading Xpos-92: XPOS-BIN; TI-MACHINE-PARAMS.XLD#> into package POS
Loading Xpos-92: XPOS-BIN; TI-POS-USRINTERFACE.XLD#> into package POS
Loading Xpos-92: XPOS-BIN; QGRAPH.XLD#> into package POS
Loading Xpos-92: XPOS-BIN; QGRAPH-IO.XLD#> into package POS
Making XPOS-92 patchable
Experimental XPOS version 1. loaded
```

If you use the :defaulted-batch option, compiler warnings for system NQ-92 will be written to the file nq-2:nq-92;cwarns.lisp.

Files to be loaded:

```
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QDEFS.XLD#>
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; PLOTTING-CONSTANTS.XLD#>
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QUTILS.XLD#>
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; DYNAMIC-SLOTS.XLD#>
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; STRUCTURES.XLD#>
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; DEFOTHERS.XLD#>
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; PROLOG.XLD#>
```

**OUTPUTS:**

NQ-92: NQ-BIN; DEFINE-QDE.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; CFILTER.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; CONSTRAINTS.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QSPACE-HIERARCHY.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; PROPAGATION.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; STATES.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; GLOBAL-FILTERS.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; TRANSITIONS.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QSIM-TO-QGRAPH.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QPLOT.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; ALLOCATIONS.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; TIME-PLOT.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NUMERIC-PLOT.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; EXAMINE.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; SPECIAL-DISPLAYS.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; VERSIPILOT.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; TABLES.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; FRONT-END.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; SYNTAX.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; HQ-PLOT.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; VIEWERS-CLISP-2.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; VIEWERS-MISC.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; VIEWERS-CLISP.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; EQUATIONS.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; RK45S.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; TIME-SCALE.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; HOD-DERIVATION.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NCURVATURE.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QMATCH.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; HOD-SYSTEM-PROPERTY.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; ARITHMETIC.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; Q2.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NIC.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; ENERGY-GF.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; COMPARISON.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; OCC-BRANCH-ELIMINATION.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; FOCUSING-TECHNIQUES.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NUMERIC-EQN-GEN.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NSIM-INTERVAL.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NSIM-INIT.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; XEDGE.XLD#>  
 NQ-92: NQ-BIN; ENVISION-GUIDE-FILTER.XLD#>

**OUTPUTS:**

Files to be Read:

```
NQ-92: CATALOGS; EXAMPLES.LISP#>
NQ-92: CATALOGS; TSA.LISP#>
NQ-92: CATALOGS; EXTRAS.LISP#>
NQ-92: CATALOGS; CHATTER4.LISP#>
NQ-92: CATALOGS; CHATTER3.LISP#>
NQ-92: CATALOGS; CHATTER2.LISP#>
NQ-92: CATALOGS; CHATTER1.LISP#>
NQ-92: CATALOGS; Q-FEATURES.LISP#>
NQ-92: CC; CC-CATALOG.LISP#>
```

Files to be loaded:

```
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; DEFINITIONS.XLD#>
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; FUNCTIONS.XLD#>
NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QSIM-EXPORTS.XLD#>
```

Files to be Read:

```
NQ-92: CC; HYDRAULIC.LISP#>
NQ-92: CC; ELECTRICAL.LISP#>
NQ-92: NQ-92; TI-USER-INTERFACE.LISP#>
```

Going to Make NQ-92: The New QSIM patchable

Load or Read all sixty-four of them and Make NQ-92: The New QSIM  
patchable? (S, Y, or N) Yes.

```
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QDEFS.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; PLOTTING-CONSTANTS.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QUTILS.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; DYNAMIC-SLOTS.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; STRUCTURES.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; DEFOTHERS.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; PROLOG.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; DEFINE-QDE.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; CFILTER.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; CONSTRAINTS.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QSPACE-HIERARCHY.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; PROPAGATION.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; STATES.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; GLOBAL-FILTERS.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; TRANSITIONS.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QSIM-TO-QGRAPH.XLD#> into package QSIM
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QPLOT.XLD#> into package QSIM
```

OUTPUTS:

Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; ALLOCATIONS.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; TIME-PLOT.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NUMERIC-PLOT.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; EXAMINE.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; SPECIAL-DISPLAYS.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; VERSIPILOT.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; TABLES.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; FRONT-END.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; SYNTAX.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; HQ-PLOT.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; VIEWERS-CLISP-2.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; VIEWERS-MISC.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; VIEWERS-CLISP.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; EQUATIONS.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; RK45S.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; TIME-SCALE.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; HOD-DERIVATION.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NCURVATURE.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QMATCH.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; HOD-SYSTEM-PROPERTY.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; ARITHMETIC.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; Q2.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NIC.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; ENERGY-GF.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; COMPARISON.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; OCC-BRANCH-ELIMINATION.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; FOCUSING-TECHNIQUES.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NUMERIC-EQN-GEN.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NSIM-INTERVAL.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; NSIM-INIT.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; XEDGE.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; ENVISION-GUIDE-FILTER.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CATALOGS; EXAMPLES.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CATALOGS; TSA.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CATALOGS; EXTRAS.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CATALOGS; CHATTER4.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CATALOGS; CHATTER3.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CATALOGS; CHATTER2.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CATALOGS; CHATTER1.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CATALOGS; Q-FEATURES.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CC; CC-CATALOG.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; DEFINITIONS.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; FUNCTIONS.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Loading NQ-92: NQ-BIN; QSIM-EXPORTS.XLD#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CC; HYDRAULIC.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: CC; ELECTRICAL.LISP#> into package QSIM  
Reading NQ-92: NQ-92; TI-USER-INTERFACE.LISP#> into package QSIM

**OUTPUTS:**

- \*\* Type <system>-q to use the **QSIM** User Interface \*\*\*

Making NQ-92: The New **QSIM** patchable

Experimental NQ-92 version 4. loaded

; Loading KSL-EXP-23: MURDOCK.MODELS; DALLE-MOLLE-INTERFACE.LISP#>  
into package **QSIM**

Run time: 0.283 seconds to initialize a state.

Run time: 0.083 seconds to initialize a state.

Run time: 0.800 seconds to simulate 5 states.

Final states are: (S-1 1)

(OUTLET-TEMPERATURE-2771 T4) [This is the list returned by executing the model]

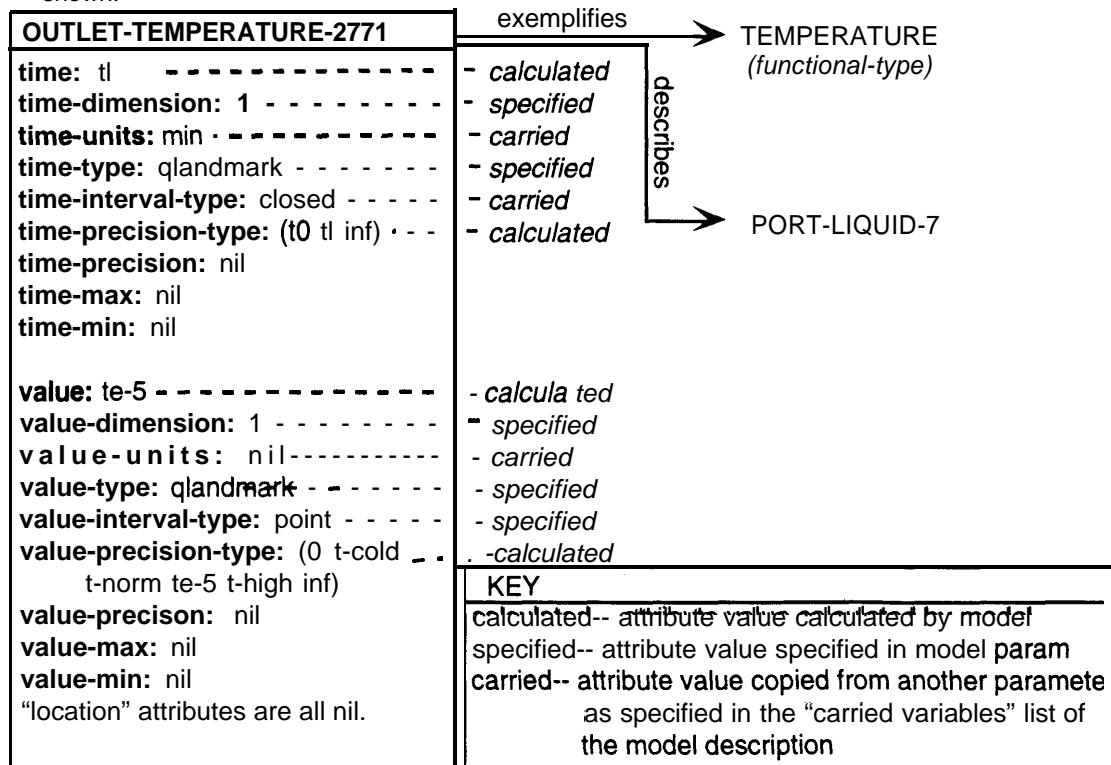
**SIDE-EFFECTS:** The parameter object, T4, is created with attributes and links shown.

T4*	
<b>time:</b> t1	- <i>exemplifies</i> → LENGTH ( <i>functional-type</i> )
<b>time-dimension:</b> 1	- <i>describes</i> → R12-LIQUID
<b>time-units:</b> min	- <i>carried</i>
<b>time-type:</b> qlandmark	- <i>specified</i>
<b>time-interval-type:</b> closed	- <i>carried</i>
<b>time-precision-type:</b> (t0 tl inf)	- <i>specified</i>
<b>time-precision:</b> nil	- <i>carried</i>
<b>time-max:</b> nil	
<b>time-min:</b> nil	
<b>value:</b> h-7	- <i>calculated</i>
<b>value-dimension:</b> 1	- <i>specified</i>
<b>value-units:</b> nil	- <i>carried</i>
<b>value-type:</b> qlandmark	- <i>specified</i>
<b>value-interval-type:</b> point	- <i>specified</i>
<b>value-precision-type:</b> (0 h-norm h-7 inf)	- <i>calculated</i>
<b>value-precision:</b> nil	
<b>value-max:</b> nil	
<b>value-min:</b> nil	
"location" attributes are all nil.	
KEY	
calculated-- attribute value calculated by model	
specified-- attribute value specified in model param	
carried-- attribute value copied from another parameter as specified in the "carried variables" list of the model description	

\* name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** --continued

The parameter object, OUTLET-TEMPERATURE-2771, is created with attributes and links shown.



\* name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

### D.9.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

## **D.10 Dalle-Molle Model and CSTR-2 Equipment Description**

### D.10.1 Statistics on the Matching

Equipment Description:	CSTR-2
Model Description:	DALLE-MOLLE
Goal:	calculate VALUES
Max. partial matches:	1840
Complete Matches:	16
Rematches:	33
Run time:	4:46 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept):	? (77)
Links created (kept):	? (334)
Separately triggered reconfigurations:	3
Used simple matching?	Yes
Used negative matching?	Yes
Used intensive reconfiguration?	Yes
Used part-whole reconfiguration?	Yes
Positive object triggered reconfiguration?	Yes
Parameter triggered reconfiguration?	Yes
Negative set triggered reconfiguration?	Yes

### D.10.2 Generating the Potential Match Set

#### INPUTS:

(SELECT-MODELS 'outlet-temperature-2771 'value 'describes 'port-liq-d-6 'values)

#### OUTPUTS:

(

(outlet-temperature-2771 value describes port-liqd-6 values m8-tempout-after  
m8-port-liq -outlet)

### D.10.3 Match/Reconfigure

**INPUTS:**

(DO-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm8-port-liq-outlet 'm8-tempout-after 'port-liq-d-6  
 'outlet-temperature-2771)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned (See NOTE)	
		vector #1	vector #2
0 m8- tempout-after	opt-P	outlet-temperature-2771	outlet-temperature-2771
1 m8- port- liq -outlet	p-obj	t770	t770
2 m&edge-outlet	p-obj	t769	t769
3 m8- tempout- before	req-p	outlet-temperature-2766	outlet-temperature-2766
4 m&liquid	p-obj	t758	t758
5 m&port-nozzle -liquid	p-obj	port- onoz-1	port-onoz-4*
6 m8-port-liq-1-inlet	P-W	t771	t771
7 m8- port- liq -2-inlet	p-obj	t775	t775
8 m8- port- liq -impeller	p-obj	t759	t759
9 m&outlet -nozzle	p-obj	r15-outlet-nozzle	r15-outlet-nozzle
10 m8-coldflow-after	W - P	cold-inlet-flow -2771	cold- inlet-flow -2771
11 m8-coldflow- before	W - P	cold-inlet-flow-2766	cold- inlet-flow -2766
12 m8-hotflow -after	req-p	hot -inlet -flow -2771	hot -inlet -flow-2771
13 m8-hotflow -before	W - P	hot -inlet -flow -2766	hot -inlet -flow -2766
14 m8- stream -liq -impeller	p-obj	t762	t762
15 m&hot-cold-mixer	p-obj	t291	t291
16 m8- port- nozzle -floor	p-obj	port- onoz-2	port- onoz-2
17 m8- port-impeller-liquid	p-obj	t761	t761
18 m&tank-floor	p-obj	r15-tank-floor	r15-tank-floor
19 m8- impeller	p-obj	r15- impeller	r15- impeller
20 m&stream-floor-outlet	p-obj	stream -tfloor-onoz	stream -tfloor-onoz
21 m8- port-floor-outnoz	p-obj	port-tfloor-4	port-tfloor-4
22 m8- outflow -after	opt-P	nil	nil
23 m&outflow -before	opt-p	nil	nil
24 m8- height- before	opt-p	nil	nil
25 m8- height-deriv- before	opt-p	nil	nil
26 m&height-after	opt-p	nil	nil
27 m8-cflow-deriv-after	opt-p	nil	nil
28 m8-cflow-deriv-before	opt-p	nil	nil
29 m8-ctemp-deriv- before	opt-p	nil	nil
30 m8-ctemp-deriv-after	opt-p	nil	nil
31 m8-coldtemp -after	opt-p	nil	nil
32 m8-coldtemp -before	opt-p	nil	nil
33 m8- hflowderiv-before	opt-P	nil	nil
34 m8- htemp deriv-after	opt-p	nil	nil
35 m8- hflowderiv-after	opt-p	nil	nil
36 m8- htemp deriv -before	opt-p	nil	nil
37 m8- hottemp-after	opt-p	nil	nil
38 m8- hottemp- before	opt-P	nil	nil
39 m8- neg -port- liquid	neg-1	nil	nil

*continued →*

\* different than vector #1 .

req-p -- required parameter

p-obj -- positive object

opt-p -- optional parameter

neg-n -- member of the nth

negative set matched

**OUTPUTS:** -CONTINUED

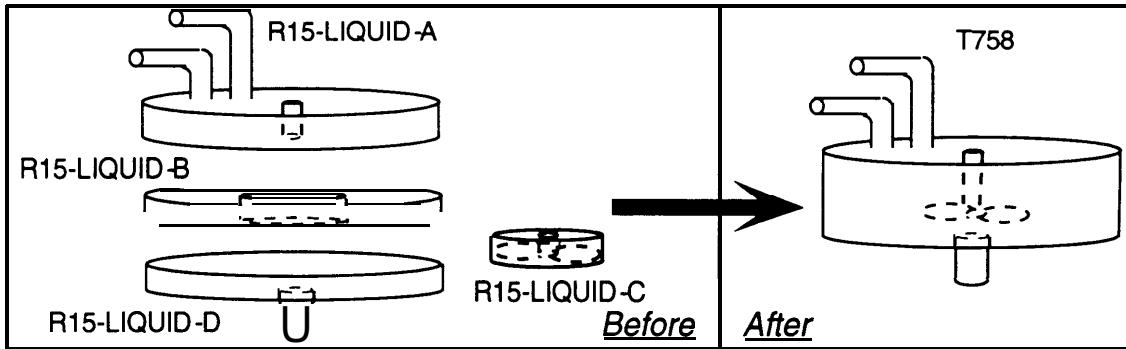
Index from Assoc-list	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
	vector #9	vector #10
0	outlet- temperature -2771	outlet-temperature-2771
1	t770	t770
2	t769	t769
3	outlet-temperature-2766	outlet- temperature -2766
4	t758	t758
5	port- onoz-1	port-onoz-4*
6	t775*	t775*
7	t771.	t771*
8	t759	t759
9	r15-outlet-nozzle	r15-outlet-nozzle
10	hot -inlet -flow -2771 .	hot -inlet -flow -2771*
11	hot -inlet-flow-2766*	hot -inlet -flow -2766*
12	cold- inlet-flow -2771 .	cold- inlet-flow -2771 .
13	cold-inlet-flow -2766*	cold-inlet-flow-2766*
14	t762	t762
15	t291	t291
16	port- onoz-2	port- onoz-2
17	t761	t761
18	r15-tank-floor	r15-tank-floor
19	r15- impeller	r15- impeller
20	stream -tfloor-onoz	stream -tfloor-onoz
21	port-tfloor-4	port-tfloor-4
22	nil	nil
23	nil	nil
24	nil	nil
25	nil	nil
26	nil	nil
27	nil	nil
28	nil	nil
29	nil	nil
30	nil	nil
31	nil	nil
32	nil	nil
33	nil	nil
34	nil	nil
35	nil	nil
36	nil	nil
37	nil	nil
38	nil	nil
39	nil	nil

\* different than vector #1 .

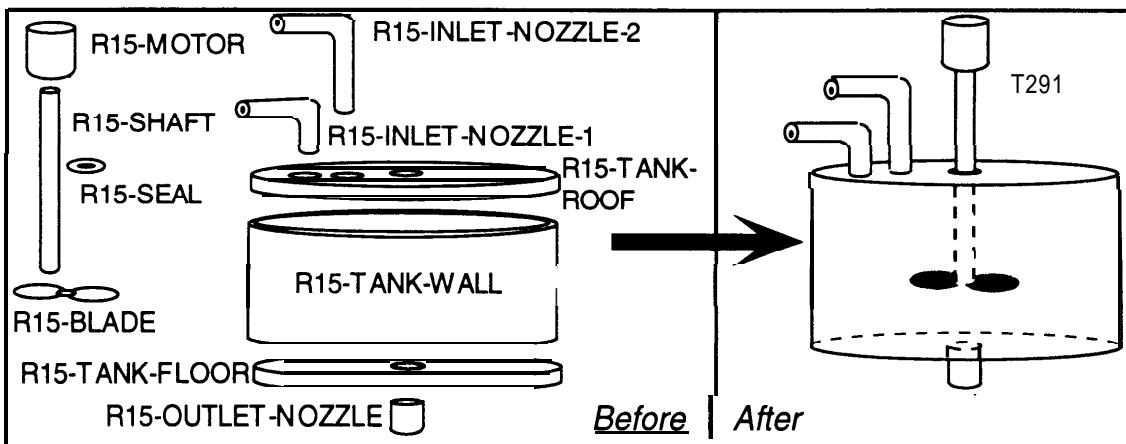
**NOTE:** 16 vectors (correct matches) were returned, but only the 1 st, 2nd, 9th, and 10th are shown here because all the others do not meet the approximation conditions. See the note attached to the CSTR-1 Matching Case for a description of the 16 vectors.

NOTE: 16 vectors (correct matches) were returned, but only the 1st, 2nd, 9th, and 10th are shown here because all the others do not meet the approximation conditions. See the note attached to the CSTR-1 Matching Case for a description of the 16 vectors.

SIDE EFFECTS:



SIDE EFFECTS:--continued



#### D.10.4 Checking Model Conditions

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS ‘approx-conditions assoc-list (nth 0 vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

**((m8-dalle-molle::flow-proportional-to-height?)**

```
m8- outflow -before value           m8- outflow -after value
m&outflow -after value-precision-type m8- height- before value
m&height-after value                m&height-after value -precision-type)
```

(equal m8-hottemp-before value m8- hottemp-after value)

(equal m8-coldtemp-before value m8-coldtemp-after value)

(equal m8-htemp-deriv-after value nil 0)

(equal m8-htemp -deriv- before value nil 0)

(equal m8-ctemp-deriv-after value nil 0)

(equal m8-ctemp deriv-before value nil 0)

(equal m8-hflow-deriv-after value nil 0)

(equal m8-hflow-deriv-before value nil 0)

(equal m8-height-deriv-before value nil 0)

(equal m8-cflow-deriv-after value nil 0)

‘(equal m8-cflow-deriv-before value nil 0)

**(m8-dalle-molle:: qspaces-have-common -element ?**

```
m8- coldtemp -before value -precision-type nil 2
m8- tempout- before value -precision-type nil 2)
```

**(m8-dalle-molle:: qspaces-have-common-element?**

```
m8- hottemp- before value-precision-type nil 2
m8- tempout- before value -precision-type nil 4)
```

**(m8-dalle-molle:: qspace-ok? m&height-before value-precision-type nil 3)**

**(possibly-equal?**

m8- coldflow-after time	m8-coldflow-after time-type
m8-coldflow-after time-interval-type	mkoldflow-after time-precision
m8-coldflow-after time-precision-type	m&outflow-after time
m&outflow -after time-type	m&outflow -after time -interval-type
m&outflow -after time -precision	m8- outflow -after time-precision-type)

**(possibly-equal?**

m8-coldflow-after time	m8-coldflow-after time-type
mkoldflow-after time-interval-type	m8- coldflow-after time-precision
m8-coldflow-after time -precision-type	m8- htemp deriv -after time
m8- htemp deriv-after time -type	m8- htemp deriv-after time -interval-type
m8- htemp deriv -after time -precision	m8- htempderiv-after time-precision-type)

OUTPUTS:-continued

## (possibly-equal?

m8-coldflow-after	time	mkoldflow-after	time -type
m8-coldflow-after	time-interval-type	m8-coldflow-after	time -precision
m8-coldflow-after	time-precision-type	m8-ctemp-deriv-after	time
m8- ctemp-deriv-after	time -type	m8-ctemp-deriv-after	time-interval-type
m8-ctemp-deriv-after	time-precision	m8-ctemp-deriv-after	time-precision-type)

## (possibly-equal?

m8-coldflow-after	time	mkoldflow-after	time -type
m8-coldflow-after	time-interval-type	m8-coldflow-after	time -precision
m8- coldflow-after	time -precision-type	m8- hflow -deriv-after	time
m8- hflow deriv -after	time -type	m8- hflow clerk-after	time -interval-type
m8- hflow -deriv-after	time -precision	m8- hflow deriv-after	time -precision-type)

## (possiblyequal?

m8- coldflow-after	time	m8-coldflow-after	time-type
m8-coldflow-after	time -interval-type	m8-coldflow-after	time -precision
m8-coldflow-after	time -precision-type	m8-cflow deriv -after	time
m8-cflow-deriv -after	time -type	m8-cflow-deriv -after	time-interval-type
m8-cflow-deriv -after	time -precision	m8-cflow-deriv -after	time-precision-type)

## (possibly-equal?

m8- coldflow- before	time	m8- coldflow- before	time -type
m8-coldflow-before	time-interval-type	m8-coldflow- before	time -precision
m8-coldflow- before	time -precision-type	m&outflow -before	time
m&outflow -before	time -type	m8- outflow -before	time -interval-type
m&outflow -before	time -precision	m&outflow -before	time -precision-type)

## (possibly-equal?

m8- coldflow- before	time	m8-coldflow- before	time-type
m8-coldf low- before	time -interval-type	m8-coldflow- before	time-precision
m8-coldflow- before	time -precision-type	m8- htemp clerk-before	time
m8- htemp deriv -before	time -type	m8- htemp deriv -before	time -interval-type
m8- htempderiv-before	time -precision	m8- htemp deriv -before	time -precision-type)

## (possibly equal?

m8-coldflow- before	time	m8-coldflow- before	time -type
m8-coldflow- before	time-interval-type	m8- coldflow- before	time -precision
m8-coldflow- before	time-precision-type	mktemp-deriv-before	time
m8- ctemp-deriv- before	time -type	m8- ctemp-deriv- before	time -interval-type
m8-ctemp-deriv-before	time-precision	m8-ctemp-deriv- before	time -precision-type)

## (possibly-equal?

m8-coldflow- before	time	m8-coldflow- before	time-type
m8-coldflow- before	time -interval-type	m8-coldflow- before	time -precision
m8-coldflow- before	time -precision-type	m8- hflow deriv -before	time
m8- hflow deriv -before	time-type	m8- hflowderiv-before	time-interval-type
m8- hflow deriv -before	time -precision	m8- hflow deriv -before	time -precision-type)

**OUTPUTS:-continued****(possibly-equal?)**

m8- coldflow- before	time	m8- coldflow- before	time-type
m8- coldflow- before	time -interval-type	m8- coldflow- before	time -precision
m8- coldflow- before	time -precision-type	m8- height-deriv- before	time
m8- height-deriv- before	time -type	m8- height-deriv- before	time-interval-type
m8- height-deriv-before	time-precision	m&height-de+ before	time-precision-type)

**(possibly-equal?)**

m8- coldflow- before	time	m8- coldflow- before	time -type
m8- coldflow- before	time-interval-type	m8- coldflow- before	time -precision
m8- coldflow- before	time -precision-type	m8- cflow deriv-before	time
m8- cflow deriv -before	time -type	m8- cflow -deriv-before	time-interval-type
m8- cflow deriv-before	time -precision	m8- cflow -deriv-before	time-precision-type)

**(possibly-equal?)**

m8- coldflow- before	time	m8- coldflow- before	time-type
m8- coldflow- before	time-interval-type	m8- coldflow- before	time -precision
m8- coldflow- before	time -precision-type	m8- height-before	time
m8- height- before	time -type	m8- height- before	time -interval-type
m8- height- before	time -precision	m8- height- before	time -precision-type)

**(possibly-before?)**

m8- coldtemp -before	value	m8- coldtemp -before	value -type
m8- coldtemp -before	value -interval-type	m8- coldtemp -before	value -precision
m8- coldtemp -before	value -precision-type	m8- hottemp- before	value
m8- hottemp- before	value -type	m8- hottemp- before	value-interval-type
m8- hottemp- before	value -precision	m8- hottemp- before	value -precision-type)

(equal m&height-after time-units m8- coldflow- before time -units)

(equal m8- htemp -deriv-after time -units m8- coldflow -before time -units)

(equal m8- htemp-deriv-before time-units m8- coldflow-before time-units)

(equal m8- ctemp-deriv-after time-units m8- coldflow-before time-units)

(equal m8- ctemp-deriv- before time-units m8- coldflow- before time-units)

(equal m8- hflow deriv-after time -units m8- coldflow-before time-units)

(equal m8- hflowderiv-before time-units m8- coldflow-before time-units)

(equal m8- height-deriv- before time -units m8- coldflow- before time-units)

(equal m8- cflow deriv -after time -units m8- coldflow -before time -units)

(equal m8- cflow -deriv-before time-units m8- coldflow-before time-units))

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (nth 1 vector-list)) ← 2nd  
T  
[The list of unverified conditions returned is the same as for the first vector.]

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (nth 8 vector-list)) ← 9th  
T  
[The list of unverified conditions returned is the same as for the first vector.]

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (nth 9 vector-list)) ← 10th  
T  
[The list of unverified conditions returned is the same as for the first vector.]

### D.10.5 Executing the Model

This model does not get executed because the requirement that the M8-height-before model parameter (an input, required parameter) be matched was suspended, and thus no value for the height is available.

### D.10.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)	notes	Reconfigur- ation type	Reconfigurations tried
0 m8-tempout-after 1 m8-port-liq outlet 2 m&edge-outlet 3 m8-tempout-before 4 m&liquid 5 m8-port-nozzle-liquid 6 m&port-liq-l-inlet 7 m8-port-liq-2-inlet 8 m8-port-liq-impeller 9 m&outlet-nozzle	opt-p p-obj p-obj req-p p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj		
1 0 m8-coldflow-after 11 m8-coldflow-before 12 m8-hotflow-after 13 m8-hotflow-before 14 m&stream-liq-impeller	req-P W-P W-P req-p p-obj	intensive part/whole	(r15-liquid-d r15-liquid-c) (r15-liquid-d p183-liq) (r15-liquid-d r15-liquid-b) (r15-liquid-d r15-liquid-cr15-liquid-b) (r15-liquid-d r15-liquid-cr15-liquid-a)  (r15-tank-floor r15-outlet-nozzle r15-tank-wall r15-tank-top r15-inlet-nozzle-1 r15-inlet-nozzle-2 r15-impeller r15-motor)
req-P -- required parameter p-obj -- positive object	opt-p -- optional parameter neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched		

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfigur- ation type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
1 5 m8-hot-cold-mixer	p-obj		
16 m&port-nozzle -floor	p-obj		
17 m&port-impeller-liquid	p-obj		
18 m8- tank-floor	p-obj		
19 m8- impeller	p-obj		
20 m&stream -floor-outlet	p-obj		
21 m&port-floor-outnoz	p-obj		
22 m&outflow -after	opt-p		
23 m&outflow -before	opt-p		
24 m8-height- before	opt-P		
25 m8- height-deriv- before	opt-p		
26 m8- height-after	opt-P		
27 m8-cflow-deriv-after	opt-p		
28 m8-cflow-deriv-before	opt-p		
29 m8- ctemp-deriv- before	opt-p		
30 m8-ctemp-deriv-after	opt-p		
31 m8-coldtemp-after	opt-P		
32 m8-coldtemp -before	opt-P		
33 m8- hflow deriv -before	opt-p		
34 m8- htemp deriv -after	opt-p		
35 m8- hflow -deriv-after	opt-p		
36 m8- htempderiv-before	opt-p		
37 m8- hottemp-after	opt-P		
38 m8- hottemp- before	opt-P	intensive	(r 15-liquid-d r15- liquid-c p183-liq) (r 15-liquid-d p 183-liqr15-liquid -b) (r 15-liquid-d r15- liquid-b r15- liquid-a] (r15-liquid-dr15- liquid-c r 15-liquid-a p181-liq) (r15-liquid-dr15- liquid-c r 15-liquid-a p182-liq) (r 15-liquid-d r15- liquid-b r15- liquid-a r15-liquid-c)
39 m8- neg -port-liquid	neg-1		
req-p -- required parameter	opt-p -- optional parameter		
p-obj -- positive object	neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched		

## D.11 Dalle-Molle Model and CSTR-3 Equipment Description

### D.11.1 Statistics on the Matching

Equipment Description: CSTR-3  
 Model Description: DALLE-MOLLE  
 Goal: calculate VALUE

Max. partial matches: 2048  
 Complete Matches: 16  
 Rematches: 2  
 Run time: 2:04 (hr:min)  
 Objects created (kept): ? (192)  
 Links created (kept): ? (965)  
 Separately triggered reconfigurations: 2

Used simple matching? Yes  
 Used negative matching? Yes  
 Used intensive reconfiguration? No  
 Used part-whole reconfiguration? Yes

Positive object triggered reconfiguration? Yes  
 Parameter triggered reconfiguration? No  
 Negative set triggered reconfiguration? No

### D.11.2 Generating the Potential Match Set

#### INPUTS:

(SELECT-MODELS 'outlet-temperature-2771 'value 'describes 'port-liq-1 'values)

#### OUTPUTS:

```
(  

  (outlet -temperature-2771 value describes port-liq -1 values m8-tempout -after m8- port-liq -outlet)  

)
```

### D.11.3 Match/Reconfigure

#### INPUTS:

(DO-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm&port-liq-outlet 'm8-tempout-after 'port-liq-1 'outlet-temperature-2771)

#### OUTPUTS: [association- list and vector- list]

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned (See NOTE)	
		vector #1	vector #5
0 m8- tempout-after	req-p	outlet-temperature-2771	outlet-temperature -2771
1 m8- port- liq -outlet	p-obj	t367	t367
2 m8- edge- outlet	p-obj	edge- onoz-1	edge-onoz-1
3 m8- tempout- before	req-p	outlet-temperature-2766	outlet-temperature -2766
4 m&liquid	p - o b j	t346	t346
5 m8- port-nozzle -liquid	p-obj	port- onoz-1	port- onoz-1
6 m8- port-liq -1 -inlet	p - o b j	t358	t347*
7 m8- port-liq -2-inlet	p-obj	t347	t358*
8 m8- port- liq -impeller	p-obj	t337	t337
9 m8- height- before	req-p	liquid- height-2766	liquid- height-2766
10 m8- outlet-nozzle	p-obj	r14-outlet-nozzle	r14- outlet- nozzle
11 m8-coldflow-after	req-p	cold-inlet-flow -2771	hot -inlet -flow -2771*
12 m8-coldflow- before	req-p	cold- inlet-flow -2766	hot -inlet -flow -2766*
13 m8-hotflow -after	req-p	hot -inlet -flow -2771	cold- inlet-flow -2771*
14 m8-hotflow -before	req-p	hot -inlet -flow -2766	cold- inlet-flow -2766*
15 m8- stream -liq -impeller	p-obj j	t338	t338
16 m8-hot-cold-mixer	p-obj	t233	t233
17 m8- port- nozzle -floor	p-obj	port- onoz-2	port- onoz-2
18 m8- port-impeller-liquid	p-obj j	t335	t335
19 m&tank -floor	p-obj	r14-tank-floor	r14-tank-floor
20 m8- impeller	p-obj j	t334	t334
21 m&stream-floor-outlet	p-obj	stream -tfloor-onoz	stream -tfloor-onoz
22 m8- port-floor-outnoz	p-obj	port-tfloor-4	port-tfloor-4
23 m8- outflow -after	opt-p	nil	nil
24 m&outflow -before	opt-p	nil	nil
25 m8- height-deriv- before	opt-p	nil	nil
26 m8- height-after	opt-p	nil	nil
27 m8- cflow deriv -after	opt-p	nil	nil
28 m8- cflow deriv -before	opt-p	nil	nil
29 m8-ctemp-deriv- before	opt-p	nil	nil
30 m8-ctemp-deriv-after	opt-p	nil	nil
31 m8-coldtemp -after	opt-p	nil	nil
32 m8-coldtemp -before	opt-p	nil	nil
33 m8- hflow deriv -before	opt-p	nil	nil
34 m8- htempderiv-after	opt-p	nil	nil
35 m8- hflow deriv-after	opt-p	nil	nil
36 m8- htempderiv-before	opt-p	nil	nil
37 m8- hottemp-after	opt-p	nil	nil
38 m8- hottemp- before	opt-p	nil	nil
39 m8 neg -port- liquid	neg-1	nil	nil

- different than vector #1.

req-p -- required parameter

p-obj -- positive object

opt-p -- optional parameter

neg-n -- member of the nth

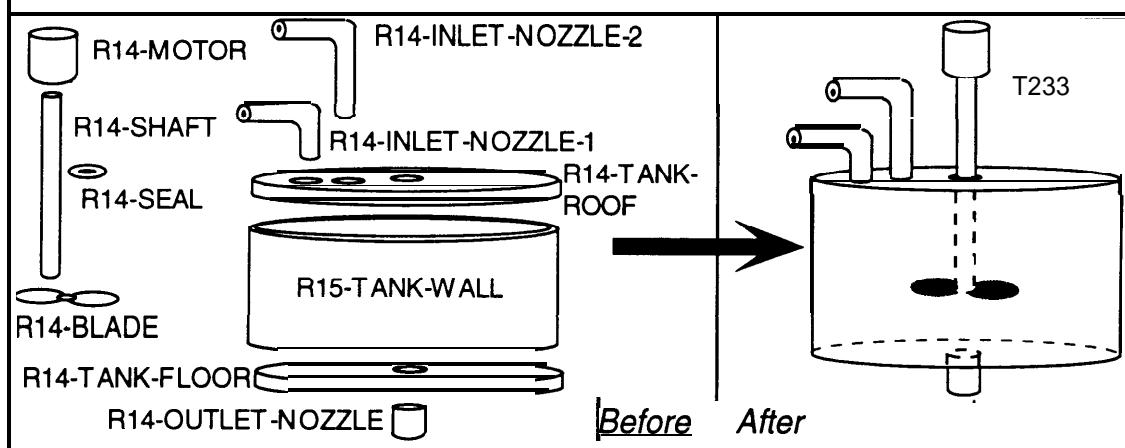
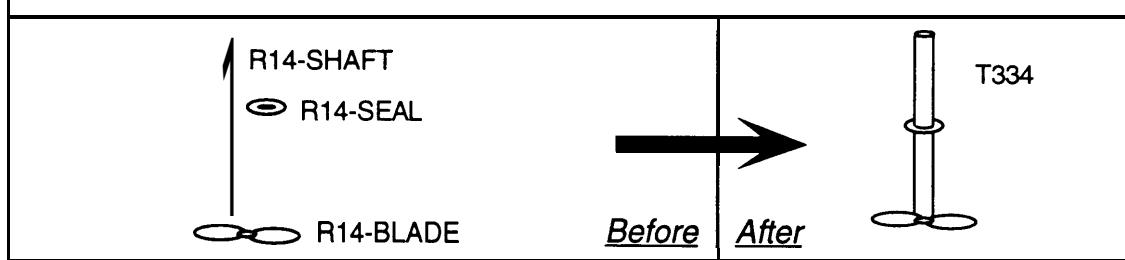
negative set matched

**OUTPUTS:** -CONTINUED

Index from Assoc-list	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
	vector #9	vector #13
0	outlet- temperature -2771	outlet-temperature -2771
1	t367	t367
2	edge- onoz-1	edge- onoz-1
3	outlet-temperature-2766	outlet- temperature -2766
4	t346	t346
5	port-onoz-4*	port-onoz-4*
6	t358	t347*
7	t347	t358*
8	t337	t337
9	liquid- height-2766	liquid- height-2766
10	r14- outlet- nozzle	r14-outlet-nozzle
11	cold- inlet-flow -2771	hot -inlet -flow-2771 .
12	cold-inlet-flow-2766	hot -inlet -flow -2766*
13	hot -inlet -flow -2771	cold-inlet-flow -2771 .
14	hot -inlet -flow -2766	cold- inlet-flow -2766*
15	t338	t338
16	t233	t233
17	port-onoz-2	port- onoz-2
18	t335	t335
19	r14-tank-floor	r14- tank-floor
20	t334	t334
21	stream -tfloor-onoz	stream -tfloor-onoz
22	port-tfloor-4	port-tfloor-4
23	nil	nil
24	nil	nil
25	nil	nil
26	nil	nil
27	nil	nil
28	nil	nil
29	nil	nil
30	nil	nil
31	nil	nil
32	nil	nil
33	nil	nil
34	nil	nil
35	nil	nil
36	nil	nil
37	nil	nil
38	nil	nil
39	nil	nil

\* different than vector #1.

**NOTE:** 16 vectors (correct matches) were returned, but only the 1st, 5th, 9th, and 13th are shown here because all the others do not meet the approximation conditions. See the note attached to the CSTR-1 Matching Case for a description of the 16 vectors.

**SIDE EFFECTS:****SIDE EFFECTS:-continued**

**D.11.4 Checking Model Conditions****INPUTS: Vector #1**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS ‘approx-conditions assoc-list (first vector-list)’)

**OUTPUTS: Vector #1**

T

[The list of unverified conditions returned is identical to the list returned in the CSTR-1 matching.]

**INPUTS: Vector #5**

(CHECK-MODEL-#CONDITIONS ‘approx-conditions assoc-list (fifth vector-list)’)

**OUTPUTS: Vector #5**

T

[The list of unverified conditions returned is identical to the list returned in the CSTR-1 matching.]

**INPUTS: Vector #9**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS ‘approx-conditions assoc-list (ninth vector-list)’)

**OUTPUTS: Vector #9**

T

[The list of unverified conditions returned is identical to the list returned in the CSTR-1 matching.]

**INPUTS: Vector #13**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS ‘approx-conditions assoc-list (nth 12 vector-list)’)

**OUTPUTS: Vector #13**

T

[The list of unverified conditions returned is identical to the list returned in the CSTR-1 matching.]

### D.11.5 Executing the Model

**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE -MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:** [note: The list of QSIM files loaded is printed out to the screen is identical to the list shown in the CSTR-1 matching case.]

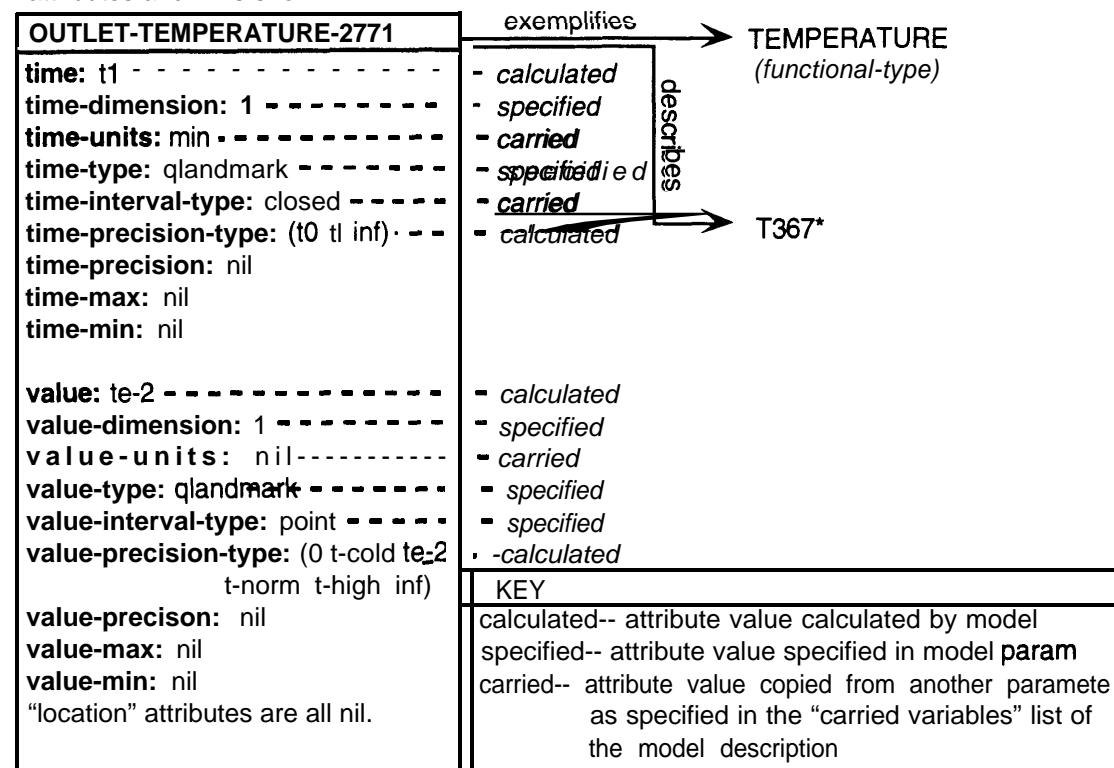
(OUTLET-TEMPERATURE-2771 T3)

**SIDF-EFFECTS:** The parameter object, T3, is created with attributes and links shown.

<b>T3*</b> time: t1 time-dimension: 1 time-units: min time-type: qlandmark time-interval-type: closed time-precision-type: (t0 tl inf) time-precision: nil time-max: nil time-min: nil  value: h-2 value-dimension: 1 value-units: nil value-type: qlandmark value-interval-type: point value-precision-type: (0 h-norm - h-2 inf) value-precision: nil value-max: nil value-min: nil "location" attributes are all nil.	<b>exemplifies</b>	LENGTH <i>(functional-type)</i>
	<b>describes</b>	T346*
		<b>KEY</b> calculated-- attribute value calculated by model specified-- attribute value specified in model param carried-- attribute value copied from another parameter as specified in the "carried variables" list of the model description

\* name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** (continued) The parameter object, outlet-temperature-2771, is modified with attributes and links shown.



- name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

### D.11.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfigur- ation type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
0 m8-tempout-after 1 m8-port-liq-outlet 2 m&edge-outlet 3 m8-tempout-before 4 m&liquid 5 m8-port-nozzle-liquid 6 m&port-liq-l-inlet 7 m8-port-liq-2-inlet 8 m8-port-liq-impeller 9 m&height-before 10 m&outlet-nozzle 1 1 m8-coldflow-after 1 2 m8-coldflow-before 13 m8-hotflow-after 14 m8-hotflow-before 15 m&stream-liq-impeller	req-p p-obj p-obj req-p p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj req-p p-obj req-p req-p req-p p-obj		
16 m&hot-cold-mixer 17 m8-port-nozzle-floor 18 m&port-impeller-liquid 19 m&tank-floor	p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj	part/whole	(r14-tank-floor r14-outlet-nozzle r14-tank-wall r14-tank-top r14-inlet-nozzle-1 r14-inlet-nozzle-2 r14-seal r14-shaft r14-impeller-blade r14-motor)
20 m&impeller 21 m8-stream-floor-outlet 22 m8-port-floor-outnoz 23 m&outflow-after ...	p-obj p-obj p-obj opt-p ...	part/whole	(r14-seal r14-shaft r14-impeller-blade)
39 m8-neg-port-liquid	neg-1		
req-P -- required parameter		opt-p -- optional parameter	
p-obj -- positive object		neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched	

## D.12 NPSH Model and DETAILED-PUMP Equipment Description

### D.12.1 Statistics on the Matching

Equipment Description:	DETAILED-PUMP
Model Description:	NPSH
Goal:	find EFFECTS
Max. partial matches:	24
Complete Matches:	<b>2</b>
Rematches:	1
Run time:	0:08 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept):	244 (28)
Links created (kept):	1594 (164)
Separately triggered reconfigurations:	
Used simple matching?	<b>Yes</b>
Used negative matching?	<b>Yes</b>
Used intensive reconfiguration?	<b>No</b>
Used part-whole reconfiguration?	<b>Yes</b>
Positive object triggered reconfiguration?	<b>Yes</b>
Parameter triggered reconfiguration?	<b>No</b>
Negative set triggered reconfiguration?	<b>No</b>

### D.12.2 Generating the Potential Match Set

#### INPUTS:

(SELECT-MODELS 'water-temperature' 'value' 'describes' 'p76-liquid' 'effects')

#### OUTPUTS:

(water-temperature value describes p76-liquid effects m3-water-temperature m3- internal -water)

### D.12.3 Match/Reconfigure

**INPUTS:**

(DO-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm3-internal-water 'm3-water-temperature 'p76-liquid 'water-temperature )

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
0 m3 water -temperature	W - P	water-temperature	water-temperature
1 m3 internal -water	p-obj	t267	t267
2 m3 port-l b-inlet	p-obj	t268	t270
3 m3 port-3 a-outlet	p-obj	t270	t268
4 m3 port-2 a	p-obj	t258	t258
5 m3- stream -1 -inlet	p-obj	stream -liquid-l 82liq	stream -liquid-l 83liq
6 m3 inlet -pressure	req-p	pump-inlet -pressure	pump-outlet -pressure
7 m3 inlet -flow -rate	W - P	water-flow	pump-output -flow
8 m3 edge-l b	p-obj	t269	t271
9 m3 stream -3-outlet	p-obj	stream -liquid-l 83liq	stream-liquid-l 82liq
10 m3-edge-3a	p-obj	t271	t269
11 m3 stream -2	p-obj	t259	t259
12 m3-port-2b	p-obj	t255	t255
13 m3-centrifugal-pump	p-obj	t254	t254
14 m3 s-s-impeller	p-obj	p76-impeller	p76-impeller
15 m3 pump-speed	req-p	pump-rpm	pump-rpm
16 m3 water density	opt-p	nil	nil
17 m3-npsh	opt-p	nil	nil
18 m3 inlet -surface-normal	opt-p	nil	nil
19 m3 outlet -surface -normal	opt-p	nil	nil
20 m3 int -water-neg -port	neg -1	nil	nil
21 m3-pump-neg-port-a	neg -2	nil	nil
22 m3 pump-neg-stream-a	neg -2	nil	nil
23 m3 adjacent -water -a	neg -2	nil	nil
24 m3-adj -water-a-neg-port-l	neg -2	nil	nil
25 m3 adj -water-a- neg-port-2	neg -2	nil	nil
26 m3 adj -water-a-neg-stream	neg -2	nil	nil
27 m3-neg-edge-1b	neg 3	nil	nil
28 m3-pump-neg-port-b	neg -4	nil	nil
29 m3-pump-neg-stream-b	neg -4	nil	nil
30 m3 adjacent -water-b	neg -4	nil	nil
31 m3 adj -water-b neg- port-l	neg -4	nil	nil
32 m3- adj -water-b neg- port-2	neg -4	nil	nil
33 m3 adj -water-b neg-stream	neg -4	nil	nil
34 m3-neg-edge-3a	neg -5	nil	nil
35 m3-neg-edge-2a	neg -6	nil	nil
36 m3-neg-endpt-1b	neg -7	nil	nil
37 m3-neg-endpt-3a	neg -8	nil	nil

- different than vector #1.

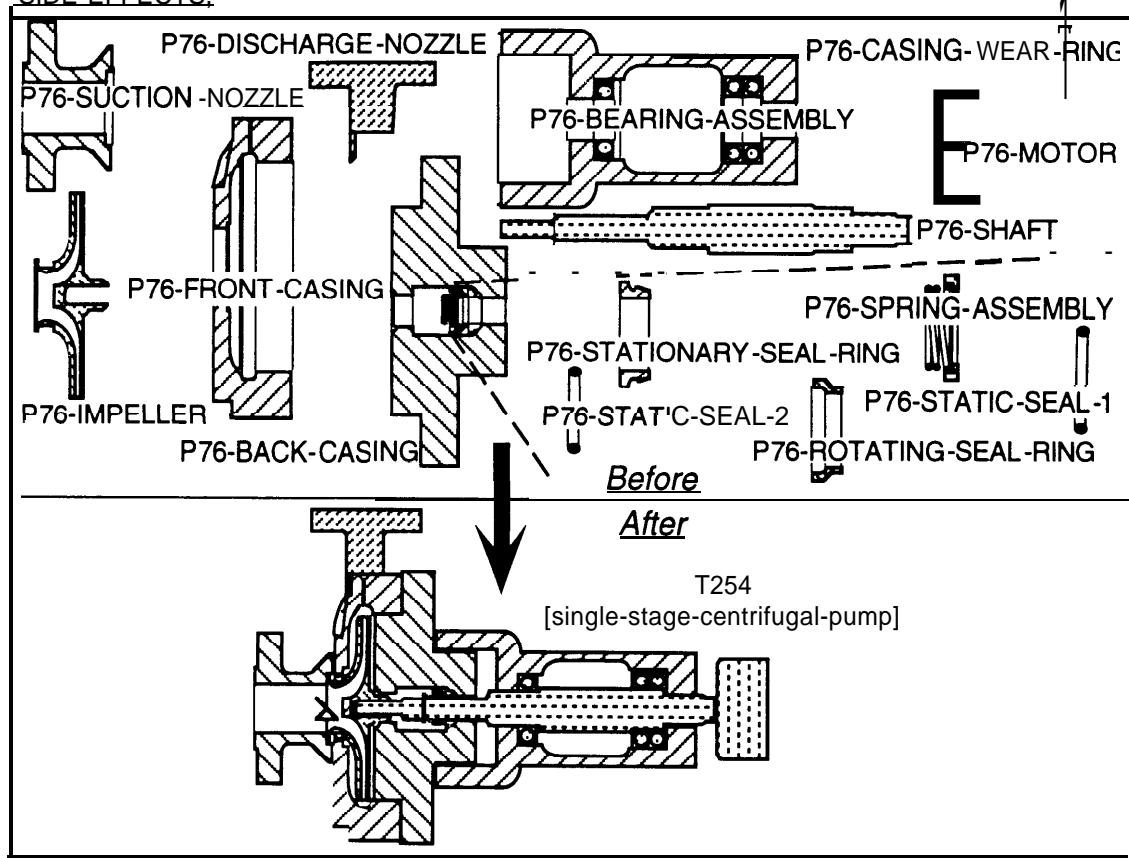
p-obj -- positive object

neg-n -- member of the nth

req-P -- required parameter

opt-p -- optional parameter

negative set matched

SIDE EFFECTS:

#### D.12.4 Checking Model Conditions

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS approx-conditions assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

**((any-common-portion?**

m3- inlet -flow -rate	time	m3 inlet -flow-rate	time -type
m3 inlet -flow -rate	time -interval-type	m3 inlet -flow -rate	time -precision
m3 inlet -flow -rate	time -precision-type	<b>m3- water density</b>	time
m3 water density	time -type	m3 water density	time -interval-type
<b>m3- water density</b>	time -precision	m3 water density	time -precision-type)

**(any-common-portion?**

m3- inlet -flow -rate	time	m3 inlet -flow -rate	time -type
m3 inlet -flow -rate	time -interval-type	<b>m3- inlet -flow -rate</b>	time -precision
m3 inlet -flow -rate	time -precision-type	<b>m3- npsh</b>	time
<b>m3- npsh</b>	time-type	<b>m3- npsh</b>	time -interval-type
m3 npsh	time -precision	m3 npsh	time -precision-type)

**(m3- hw-pump ::vector-valuesdont -overlap?**

m3 outlet -surface -normal value	m3 outlet -surface -normal value -type
<b>m3-outlet</b> surface -normal interval-type	<b>m3-</b> outlet -surface -normal value dimension
m3 outlet -surface -normal value -precision	m3 outlet -surface -normal value -precision-type
nil (0 0 0)	nil real
nil point	nil 3
nil 0	nil absolute)

**(m3- hw-pump ::vector-valuesdont -overlap?**

m3 inlet -surface -normal value	m3 inlet -surface -normal value -type
<b>m3-</b> inlet -surface-normal interval-type	<b>m3-</b> inlet -surface -normal value dimension
m3 inlet -surface-normal value -precision	m3 inlet -surface-normal value -precision-type
nil (0 0 0)	nil real
nil point	nil 3
nil 0	nil absolute)

**(m3-hw-pump:: time-type-real-or-integer? m3-npsh time-type)**

**(m3-hw-pump:: time-type-real-or-integer? m3-water-density time-type)**

**(equal m3 inlet -flow -rate time-units m3 npsh time -units)**

**(equal m3 inlet -flow -rate time -units m3 water density time- units))**

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (second vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

nil

### D.12.5 Executing the Model

**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE-MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

(T4)

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** The parameter object, T4, is created with attributes and links shown.

<table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>T4*</b></td></tr> <tr> <td>time: 1976</td></tr> <tr> <td>time-dimension: 1</td></tr> <tr> <td>time-units: min</td></tr> <tr> <td>time-type: integer</td></tr> <tr> <td>time-interval-type: point</td></tr> <tr> <td>time-precision-type: absolute</td></tr> <tr> <td>time-precision: ±3</td></tr> <tr> <td>time-max: nil</td></tr> <tr> <td>time-min: nil</td></tr> <tr> <td>value: 22.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>value-dimension: 1</td></tr> <tr> <td>value-units: ft-liquid</td></tr> <tr> <td>value-type: real</td></tr> <tr> <td>value-interval-type: point</td></tr> <tr> <td>value-precision-type: nil</td></tr> <tr> <td>value-precision: nil</td></tr> <tr> <td>value-max: nil</td></tr> <tr> <td>value-min: nil</td></tr> <tr> <td>"location" attributes are all nil.</td></tr> </table>	<b>T4*</b>	time: 1976	time-dimension: 1	time-units: min	time-type: integer	time-interval-type: point	time-precision-type: absolute	time-precision: ±3	time-max: nil	time-min: nil	value: 22.0	value-dimension: 1	value-units: ft-liquid	value-type: real	value-interval-type: point	value-precision-type: nil	value-precision: nil	value-max: nil	value-min: nil	"location" attributes are all nil.	<p>exemplifies → MIN-REQUIRED-PRESSURE (functional-type)</p> <p>describes → T268*</p>	<p><b>KEY</b></p> <p>calculated-- attribute value calculated by model specified-- attribute value specified in model param carried-- attribute value copied from another parameter as specified in the "carried variables" list of the model description</p>
<b>T4*</b>																						
time: 1976																						
time-dimension: 1																						
time-units: min																						
time-type: integer																						
time-interval-type: point																						
time-precision-type: absolute																						
time-precision: ±3																						
time-max: nil																						
time-min: nil																						
value: 22.0																						
value-dimension: 1																						
value-units: ft-liquid																						
value-type: real																						
value-interval-type: point																						
value-precision-type: nil																						
value-precision: nil																						
value-max: nil																						
value-min: nil																						
"location" attributes are all nil.																						

\* name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

### D.12.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)	notes	Reconfig type	Reconfigurations tried
0 m3 water -temperature	req-P		
1 m3 internal -water	p-obj		
2 m3-port-1 b-inlet	p-obj		
3 m3- port-3a-outlet	p-obj		
4 m3 port-2 a	p-obj		
5 m3 stream -1 -inlet	p-obj		
6 m3- inlet -pressure	req-P		
7 m3 inlet -flow -rate	req-P		
8 m3-edge-1 b	p-obj		
9 m3 stream -3-outlet	p-obj		
10 m3-edge-3a	p-obj		
11 m3 stream -2	p-obj	part/whole-- note #1	(p76-front-casing p76-casing-wear-ring p76-discharge-nozzle p76-impeller p76-suction-nozzle p76-static-seal -2 p76-back-casing p76-static-seal-1 p76-stationary-seal-ring p76-shaft p76-rotating-seal-ring p76-spring-assembly p76-bearing-assembly)
12 m3-port-2b	p-obj		
13 m3-centrifugal-pump	p-obj		
14 m3-s-s-impeller	p-obj		
15 m3 pump-speed	req-P		
16 m3 water density	opt-p		
17 m3-npsh	opt-p		
18 m3 inlet -surface-normal	opt-p		
19 m3 outlet -surface -normal	opt-p		
20 m3- int -water -neg -port	neg -1		
21 m3-pump-neg-port-a	neg -2		
22 m3-pump-neg-stream-a	neg -2		
23 m3 adjacent -water -a	neg -2		
24 m3 adj -water- a- neg- port-l	neg -2		
25 m3- adj -water- a- neg- port-2	neg -2		
26 m3- adj -water-a- neg-stream	neg -2		
27 m3-neg-edge-1 b	neg -3		
28 m3-pump-neg-port-b	neg -4		
29 m3-pump-neg-stream-b	neg -4		
30 m3 adjacent -water-b	neg -4		
31 m3 adj -water-b neg- port-l	neg -4		
32 m3 adj -water-b neg- port-2	neg -4		
33 m3 adj -water-b neg-stream	neg -4		
34 m3 neg -edge-3a	neg -5		
35 m3 neg edge-2 a	neg -6		
36 m3-neg-endpt-1b	neg -7		
37 m3-neg-endpt-3a	neg -8		
req-p -- required parameter	opt-p -- optional parameter		
p-obj -- positive object	neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched		

## **0.13. WEAR RING MODEL AND DETAILED-PUMP EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION 237**

Note # 1: This part/whole reconfiguration is not triggered by inability to find an equipment object to match **M3-PORT-2B**, but by the attempt to find a “has-edge” link from objects matching **M3-PORT-2A** (4) to objects matching **M3-EDGE-1B** (8). At this point the matcher was finding all objects linked to **M3-PORT-2A**. It successfully found and matched **M3-STREAM-2**, but could not correctly match the “has-edge” link to the objects matching **M3-EDGE-1B**, which was already found as edge of the port **M3-PORT-3A-OUTLET**. The surface of the liquid region adjacent to the pump (**M3-PORT-2B**) must share edges with the ends of the outlet port (**M3-PORT-3A-OUTLET**), and this condition is not met. Some surface to a pump part has been matched to **M3-PORT-2B**, and to get the correct surface, the part/whole reconfiguration has to be made.

### **D.13 Wear Ring Model and DETAILED-PUMP Equipment Description**

#### **D.13.1 Statistics on the Matching**

Equipment Description: DETAILED-PUMP  
Model Description: WEAR-RING  
Goal: find CAUSES

Max. partial matches: 13  
Complete Matches: 2  
Rematches: 1  
Run time: 0:10 (hr:min)  
Objects created (kept): 261 (50)  
Links created (kept): 1546 (275)  
Separately triggered reconfigurations: 1

Used simple matching? Yes  
Used negative matching? Yes  
Used intensive reconfiguration? No  
Used part-whole reconfiguration? Yes

Positive object triggered reconfiguration? Yes  
Parameter triggered reconfiguration? No  
Negative set triggered reconfiguration? No

#### **D.13.2 Generating the Potential Match Set**

##### **INPUTS:**

(SELECT-MODELS 'power-input-72 'value 'describes 'p76-motor 'causes)

##### **OUTPUTS:**

(  
(power-input -72 value describes p76-motor causes m5-power-2 m5-motor)  
)

### D.13.3 Match/Reconfigure

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
0 m5-power-2	req-p	power-input-72	power-input-72
1 m5-motor	p-obj	p76-motor	p76-motor
2 m5-port-motor-pump	p-obj	port-motor-pump	port-motor-pump
3 m5-power-l	req-p	power-input-l	power-input-l
4 m5-stream-pump-motor	p-obj	stream-motor-pump	stream-motor-pump
5 m5-port-pump-motor	p-obj	t231	t231
6 m5-c-pump	p-obj	t217	t217
7 m5-port-pump-liq	p-obj	t223	t223
8 m5-imp-wear-ring	p-obj	p76-imp-wear-ring	p76-imp-wear-ring
9 m5-cas-wear-ring	p-obj	p76-casing-wear-ring	p76-casing-wear-ring
10 m5-impeller	p-obj	p76-impeller	p76-impeller
11 m5-stream-pump-liq	p-obj	t226	t226
12 m5-edge-fluid-inlet	p-obj	t219	t224
13 m5-edge-fluid-outlet	p-obj	t224	t219
14 m5-i-wear-ring-od	req-p	impeller-wear-ring-od	impeller-wear-ring-od
15 , m5-c-wear-ring-id	req-p	casing-wear-ring-id	casing-wear-ring-id
16 m5-port-liq-pump	p-obj	t225	t225
17 m5-port-fluid-inlet	p-obj	t235	t237
18 m5-port-fluid-outlet	p-obj	t237	t235
19 m5-fluid	p-obj	t234	t234
20 m5-clearance	opt-p	nil	nil
21 m5-rpm-1	opt-p	pump-rpm	pump-rpm
22 m5-rpm-2	opt-p	nil	nil
23 m5-rho-2	opt-p	nil	nil
24 m5-rho-1	opt-p	nil	nil

\* different than vector #1.  
req-P -- required parameter

p-obj -- positive object  
opt-p -- optional parameter

neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
25 m5-mu-2	opt-p	nil	nil
26 m5-mu-1	opt-P	nil	nil
27 m5-pump-neg-port-a	neg -1	nil	nil
28 m5-pump-neg-stream-a	neg -1	nil	nil
29 m5-adjacent-fluid-a	neg -1	nil	nil
30 m5-adj-a-neg-port-l	neg -1	nil	nil
31 m5-adj-a-neg-port-2	neg -1	nil	nil
32 m5-adj-a-neg-stream	neg-1	nil	nil
33 m5-pump-neg-port-b	neg -2	nil	nil
34 m5-pump-neg-stream-b	neg -2	nil	nil
35 m5-adjacent-fluid-b	neg -2	nil	nil
36 m5-adj-b-neg-port-l	neg -2	nil	nil
37 m5-adj-b-neg-port-2	neg -2	nil	nil
38 m5-adj-b-neg-stream	neg -2	nil	nil
39 m5-neg-edge-fluid-inlet	neg-3	nil	nil
40 m5-neg-edge-fluid-outlet	neg-4	nil	nil
41 m5-neg-port-fluid	neg-5	nil	nil

### D.13.4 Checking Model Conditions

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS approx-conditions assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

((any-common -portion ?

m5-power-2	time	m5-power-2	time-type
m5-power-2	time -interval-type	m5-power-2	time -precision
m5-power-2	time -precision-type	m5-rpm-2	time
m5-rpm-2	time-type	m5-rpm-2	time -interval-type
m5-rpm-2	time -precision	m5-rpm-2	time-precision-type)

(any-common-portion?

m5-power-2	time	m5-power-2	time-type
m5-power-2	time-interval-type	m5-power-2	time -precision
m5-power-2	time-precision-type	m5-rho-2	time
m5-rho-2	time-type	m5-rho-2	time -interval-type
m5-rho-2	time -precision	m5-rho-2	time -precision-type)

(any-common-portion?

m5-power-2	time	m5-power-2	time-type
m5-power-2	time -interval-type	m5-power-2	time -precision
m5-power-2	time -precision-type	m5-mu-2	time
m5-mu-2	time-type	m5-mu-2	time -interval-type
m5-mu-2	time -precision	m5-mu-2	time -precision-type)

(any-common-portion?

m5-power-l	time	m5-power-l	time -type
m5-power-l	time-interval-type	m5-power-l	time -precision
m5-power-l	time -precision-type	m5-rho-1	time
m5-rho-1	time-type	m5-rho-1	time -interval-type
m5-rho-1	time -precision	m5-rho-1	time -precision-type)

, (any -common -portion?

m5-power-l	time	m5-power-l	time-type
m5-power-l	time -interval-type	m5-power-l	time -precision
m5-power-l	time -precision-type	m5-mu-1	time
m5-mu-1	time-type	m5-mu-1	time -interval-type
m5-mu-1	time -precision	m5-mu-1	time -precision-type)

(any -common -portion?

m5-rpm-1	value	m5-rpm-1	value -type
m5-rpm-1	value-interval-type	m5 rpm-1	value -precision
m5-rpm-1	value -precision-type	m5-rpm-2	value
m5-rpm-2	value -type	m5 rpm-2	value -interval-type
m5-t-pm-2	value -precision	m5 rpm-2	value -precision-type)

```

(any-common-portion?
  m5-rho-1 value           m5-rho-1 value -type
  m5-rho-1 value -interval-type   m5-rho-1 value -precision
  m5-rho-1 value -precision-type   m5-rho-2 value
  m5-rho-2 value -type           m5-rho-2 value -interval-type
  m5-rho-2 value -precision      m5-rho-2 value-precision-type)

(any-common-portion?
  m5-mu-1 value           m5-mu-1 value -type
  m5-mu-1 value -interval-type   m5-mu-1 value -precision
  m5-mu-1 value-precision-type   m5-mu-2 value
  m5-mu-2 value -type           m5-mu-2 value -interval-type
  m5-mu-2 value -precision      m5-mu-2 value-precision-type)

(equal m5-rpm-1 value-units m5-rpm-2 value-units)

(equal m5-mu-1 value-units m5-mu-2 value-units)

(equal m5-rho-1 value-units m5-rho-2 value-units))

```

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS approx-conditions assoc-list (second vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

```

((any-common -portion ?
  m5-power-2 time           m5-power-2 time-type
  m5-power-2 time -interval-type   m5-power-2 time -precision
  m5-power-2 time -precision-type   m5-rpm-2 time
  m5-rpm-2 time -type           m5-rpm-2 time -interval-type
  m5-rpm-2 time -precision      m5-rpm-2 time -precision-type)

(any-common-portion?
  m5-power-2 time           m5-power-2 time -type
  m5-power-2 time -interval-type   m5-power-2 time -precision
  m5-power-2 time -precision-type   m5-rho-2 time
  m5-rho-2 time-type           m5-rho-2 time -interval-type
  m5-rho-2 time -precision      m5-rho-2 time -precision-type)

(any-common -portion ?
  m5-power-2 time           m5-power-2 time -type
  m5-power-2 time -interval-type   m5-power-2 time -precision
  m5-power-2 time -precision-type   m5-mu-2 time
  m5-mu-2 time -type           m5-mu-2 time -interval-type
  m5-mu-2 time -precision      m5-mu-2 time -precision-type)

```

**(any-common-portion?)**

m5-power-l	time	m5-power-l	time -type
m5-power-l	time -interval-type	m5-power-l	time -precision
m5-power-l	time -precision-type	m5-rho-1	time
m5-rho-1	time -type	m5-rho-1	time -interval-type
m5-rho-1	time -precision	m5-rho-1	time -precision-type)

**(any-common-portion?)**

m5-power-l	time	m5-power-l	time -type
m5-power-l	time -interval-type	m5-power-l	time -precision
m5-power-l	time -precision-type	m5-mu-1	time
m5-mu-1	time-type	m5-mu-1	time -interval-type
m5-mu-1	time -precision	m5-mu-1	time -precision-type)

**(any-common -portion?)**

m5-rpm-1	value	m5-rpm-1	value -type
m5-rpm-1	value -interval-type	m5-rpm-1	value -precision
m5-rpm-1	value -precision-type	m5-rpm-2	value
m5-rpm-2	value -type	m5-rpm-2	value -interval-type
m5-rpm-2	value -precision	m5-rpm-2	value -precision-type)

**(any-common -portion?)**

m5-rho-1	value	m5-rho-1	value -type
m5-rho-1	value -interval-type	m5-rho-1	value -precision
m5-rho-1	value-precision-type	m5-rho-2	value
m5-rho-2	value -type	m5rho-2	value -interval-type
m5-rho-2	value-precision	m5-rho-2	value-precision-type)

**(any-common-portion?)**

m5-mu-1	value	m5-mu-1	value -type
m5-mu-1	value -interval-type	m5-mu-1	value -precision
m5-mu-1	value-precision-type	m5-mu-2	value
m5-mu-2	value -type	m5-mu-2	value -interval-type
m5-mu-2	value -precision	m5-mu-2	value -precision-type)

**(equal m5-rpm-1 value-units m5-rpm-2 value-units)**

**(equal m5-mu-1 value-units m5-mu-2 value-units)**

**(equal m5-rho-1 value-units m5-rho-2 value-units))**

### D.13.5 Executing the Model

**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE -MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

(T4)

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** The parameter object, T4, is created with attributes and links shown.

T4*	exemplifies	LENGTH (functional-type)
time: 28010	- carried	
time-dimension: 1	- carried	
time-units: min	- carried	
time-type: integer	- carried	
time-interval-type: point	- carried	
time-precision-type: absolute	- carried	
time-precision: ±1	- carried	
time-max: nil		
time-min: nil		
value: 0.03887	- calculated	
value-dimension: 1	- specified	
value-units : in	- carried	
value-type: real	- specified	
value-interval-type: point	- specified	
value-precision-type: nil		
value-precision: nil		
value-max: nil		
value-min: nil		
"location" attributes are all nil.		
	KEY	
	calculated-- attribute value calculated by model	
	specified-- attribute value specified in model param	
	carried-- attribute value copied from another parameter as specified in the "carried variables" list of the model description	

- name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

### D.13.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfiguration type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
0 m5-power-2 1 m5-motor 2 m5-port-motor-pump 3 m5-power-1 4 m5-stream -pump-motor 5 m5- port-pump-motor	req-p p-obj p-obj req-p p-obj p-obj	part/whole	(p76-shaft p76-stationary-seal-ring p76-rotating-seal-ring p76-static-seal-2 p76-static-seal-1 p76-spring-assembly p76-impeller p76-bearing-assembly p76-back-casing p76-front-casing p76-casing -wear-ring p76-discharge-nozzle p76-suction nozzle)
6 m5-c-pump 7 m5-port-pump-liq 8 m5- imp-wear- ring 9 m5-cas-wear-ring 10 m5- impeller 11 m5-stream -pump-liq 12 m5- edge-fluid-inlet 13 m5-edge-fluid-outlet 14 m5-i-wear-ring-od 15 m5-c-wear-ring-id 16 m5-port-liq-pump 17 m5- port-fluid-inlet 18 m5- port-fluid-outlet 19 m5-fluid 20 m5-clearance 21 m5-rpm-1 22 m5-rpm-2	p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj req-p req-p p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj opt-p opt-p opt-p		
req-P -- required parameter p-obj -- positive object		opt-p -- optional parameter neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched	

## D.14 Hydraulic Horsepower Model and DETAILED-PUMP Equipment

### D.14.1 Statistics on the Matching

Equipment Description:	DETAILED-PUMP
Model Description:	HYDRAULIC-HORSEPOWER
Goal:	find EFFECTS
Max. partial matches:	<b>59</b>
Complete Matches:	
Rematches:	1
Run time:	0:11 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept):	273 (31)
Links created (kept):	1851 (194)
Separately triggered reconfigurations:	
Used simple matching?	Yes
Used negative matching?	Yes
Used intensive reconfiguration?	No
Used part-whole reconfiguration?	Yes
Positive object triggered reconfiguration?	Yes
Parameter triggered reconfiguration?	No
Negative set triggered reconfiguration?	No

### D.14.2 Generating the Potential Match Set

#### INPUTS:

(SELECT-MODELS 'pump-inlet-pressure' 'value' 'describes' 'port-liq-13' 'effects')

#### OUTPUTS:

(

(pump-inlet-pressure value describes port-liq-13 effects m&suction-pressure m6-port-liq-inlet)

(pump-inlet-pressure value describes port-liq -13 effects m6-discharge-pressure

m&port-Q-outlet)

)

### D.14.3 Match/Reconfigure

**INPUTS:**

(DC-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm6-port-liq-inlet 'm6-suction-pressure 'port-liq-13 'pump-inlet-pressure)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

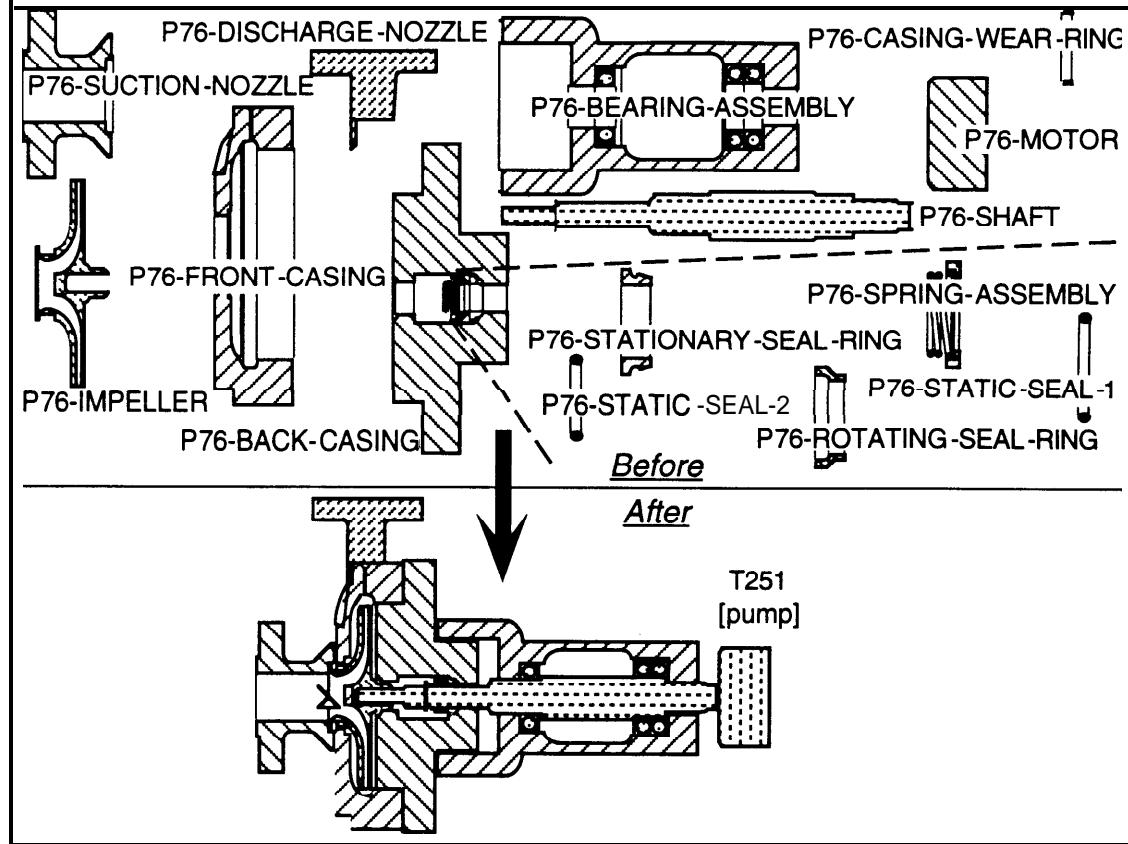
Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
0 m6-suction-pressure	W - P	pump-inlet-pressure	
1 m6-port-liq-inlet	p-obj	t265	
2 m6-liquid	p-obj	t264	
3 m6-edge-liq-inlet	p-obj	t266	
4 m6-flow-rate	req-P	water-flow	
5 m6-suction-nozzle-id	req-P	pump-inlet diameter	
6 m6-port-liq-outlet	p-obj	t267	
7 m6-port-liq-pump	p-obj	t255	
8 m6-specific-gravity	req-P	water-specific-gravity	
9 m6-port-pump-liq	p-obj	t252	
10 m6-edge-liq-outlet	p-obj	t268	
11 m6-discharge-nozzle-id	req-P	pump-outlet diameter	
12 m6-discharge-pressure	req-P	pump-outlet-pressure	
13 m6-stream-pump-liq	p-obj	t256	
14 m6-pump	p-obj	t251	
15 m6-hydraulic-horsepower	opt-p	nil	
16 m6-neg-edge-liq-inlet	neg -1	nil	
17 m6-adj-a-neg-stream	neg -2	nil	
18 m6-pump-neg-port-a	neg -2	nil	
19 m6-pump-neg-stream-a	neg -2	nil	
20 m6-adjacent-liq-a	neg -2	nil	
21 m6-adj-a-neg-port-l	neg -2	nil	
22 m6-adj-a-neg-port-2	neg -2	nil	
23 m6-neg-port-liq	neg -3	nil	
24 m6-neg-edge-liq-outlet	neg -4	nil	
25 m6-adj-b-neg-stream	neg 5	nil	
26 m6-pump-neg-port-b	neg -5	nil	
27 m6-pump-neg-stream-b	neg -5	nil	
28 m6-adjacent-liq-b	neg -5	nil	
29 m6-adj-b-neg-port-l	neg -5	nil	
30 m6-adj-b-neg-port-2	neg -5	nil	

\* different than vector #1.  
req-P -- required parameter

p-obj -- positive object  
opt-p -- optional parameter

neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched

SIDE EFFECTS:



**D.14.4 Checking Model Conditions**

INPUTS:

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS approx-conditions assoc-list (first vector-list))

OUTPUTS:

T

NIL

### D.14.5 Executing the Model

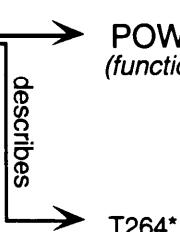
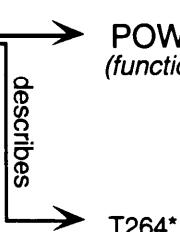
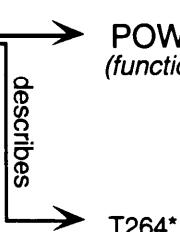
**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE-MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

(T276)

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** The parameter object, T276, is created with attributes and links shown.

<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;"><b>T276*</b></td><td style="padding: 2px;">exemplifies</td><td style="padding: 2px;">POWER (functional-type)</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">time: (1976 1978) -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- carried</td><td rowspan="19" style="vertical-align: middle; font-size: small;">  </td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">time-dimension: 1 -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- specified</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">time-units: min -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- carried</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">time-type: integer -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- carried</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">time-interval-type: closed -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- carried</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">time-precision-type: relative . -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- carried</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">time-precision: ±0 -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">. - carried</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">time-max: nil</td><td style="padding: 2px;"></td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">time-min: nil</td><td style="padding: 2px;"></td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">value: 75.80 -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- calculated</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">value-dimension: 1 -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- specified</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">value-units: hp -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- carried</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">value-type: real -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">. - specified</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">value-interval-type: point -----</td><td style="padding: 2px;">- specified</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">value-precision-type: nil</td><td style="padding: 2px;"></td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">value-precision: nil</td><td style="padding: 2px;"></td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">value-max: nil</td><td style="padding: 2px;"></td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">value-min: nil</td><td style="padding: 2px;"></td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">"location" attributes are all nil.</td><td style="padding: 2px;"></td></tr> </table>	<b>T276*</b>	exemplifies	POWER (functional-type)	time: (1976 1978) -----	- carried		time-dimension: 1 -----	- specified	time-units: min -----	- carried	time-type: integer -----	- carried	time-interval-type: closed -----	- carried	time-precision-type: relative . -----	- carried	time-precision: ±0 -----	. - carried	time-max: nil		time-min: nil		value: 75.80 -----	- calculated	value-dimension: 1 -----	- specified	value-units: hp -----	- carried	value-type: real -----	. - specified	value-interval-type: point -----	- specified	value-precision-type: nil		value-precision: nil		value-max: nil		value-min: nil		"location" attributes are all nil.		<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">KEY</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">calculated-- attribute value calculated by model</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">specified-- attribute value specified in model param</td></tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">carried-- attribute value copied from another parameter as specified in the "carried variables" list of the model description</td></tr> </table>	KEY	calculated-- attribute value calculated by model	specified-- attribute value specified in model param	carried-- attribute value copied from another parameter as specified in the "carried variables" list of the model description
<b>T276*</b>	exemplifies	POWER (functional-type)																																													
time: (1976 1978) -----	- carried																																														
time-dimension: 1 -----	- specified																																														
time-units: min -----	- carried																																														
time-type: integer -----	- carried																																														
time-interval-type: closed -----	- carried																																														
time-precision-type: relative . -----	- carried																																														
time-precision: ±0 -----	. - carried																																														
time-max: nil																																															
time-min: nil																																															
value: 75.80 -----	- calculated																																														
value-dimension: 1 -----	- specified																																														
value-units: hp -----	- carried																																														
value-type: real -----	. - specified																																														
value-interval-type: point -----	- specified																																														
value-precision-type: nil																																															
value-precision: nil																																															
value-max: nil																																															
value-min: nil																																															
"location" attributes are all nil.																																															
KEY																																															
calculated-- attribute value calculated by model																																															
specified-- attribute value specified in model param																																															
carried-- attribute value copied from another parameter as specified in the "carried variables" list of the model description																																															

\* name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

**D.14.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested**

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfiguration type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
0 m6- suction -pressure 1 m6- port- liq -inlet 2 m6- liquid 3 m6- edge- liq -inlet 4 m6- flow -rate 5 m6- suction -nozzle -id 6 m6- port-liq -outlet 7 m6- port- liq -pump 8 m6- specific -gravity 9 m6- port-pump-liq 10 m6-edge-liq-outlet 11 m&discharge-nozzle-id 12 m6- discharge -pressure 13 m6- stream -pump-liq	W - P p-obj p-obj p-obj req-p req-p req-p p-obj p-obj req-p p-obj p-obj req-p req-p p-obj	part/whole	(p76-front-casing p76-discharge-nozzle p76-suction -nozzle p76-back-casing p76-casing -wear-ring p76-static-seal-1 p76-stationary-seal-ring p76-rotating-seal-ring p76-static-seal-2 p76-spring-assembly p76-bearing-assembly p76-shaft p76-impeller)
14 m6-pump 15 m6- hydraulic- horsepower 16 m6- neg -edge- liq -inlet 17 m6- adj -a- neg-st ream 18 m6-pump-neg-port-a 19 m6- pump-neg-stream-a 20 m6- adjacent -liq -a 21 m6- adj -a- neg- port-l 22 m6- adj -a- neg- port-2 23 m6- neg -port- liq 24 m6- neg -edge- liq -outlet 25 m6- adj -b- neg- stream 26 m6-pump-neg-port-b 27 m&pump-neg-stream-b 28 m6- adjacent -liq - b 29 m6- adj -b-neg-port-1 30 m6- adj -b- neg- port-2	p-obj opt-p neg -1 neg -2 neg -2 neg -2 neg -2 neg -2 neg -2 neg -3 neg -4 neg -5 neg -5 neg -5 neg -5 neg -5 neg -5		

req-P -- required parameter  
p-obj -- positive object

opt-p -- optional parameter  
neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched

## **D.15 Hypothetical Model and DETAILED-PUMP Equipment Description**

### **D.15.1 Statistics on the Matching**

Equipment Description:	DETAILED-PUMP
Model Description:	HYPOTHETICAL
Goal:	find EFFECTS
Max. partial matches:	52
Complete Matches:	4
Rematches:	2
Run time:	0:18 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept):	379 (85)
Links created (kept):	2612 (449)
Separately triggered reconfigurations:	2
Used simple matching?	Yes
Used negative matching?	Yes
Used intensive reconfiguration?	No
Used part-whole reconfiguration?	Yes
Positive object triggered reconfiguration?	Yes
Parameter triggered reconfiguration?	No
Negative set triggered reconfiguration?	No

### **D.15.2 Generating the Potential Match Set**

#### **INPUTS:**

(SELECT-MODELS 'water-temperature 'value 'describes 'p76-liquid 'effects)

#### **OUTPUTS:**

(

(water-temperature value describes p76- liquid effects m3-water-temperature m3- internal -water)  
 (water-temperature value describes p76- liquid effects m7-fluid -temperature m7- internal -fluid)

### D.15.3 Match/Reconfigure

**INPUTS:**

(DC-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm7-internal-fluid 'm7-fluid-temperature 'p76-liquid 'water-temperature)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
0 m7-fluid -temperature	W - P	water-temperature	water- temperature
1 m7- internal -fluid	p-obj	t262	t262
2 m7- port-2 a	p-obj	t253	t253
3 m7- port-l b-inlet	p-obj	t265	t368*
4 m7-port-3a-outlet	p-obj	t263	t263
5 m7- stream -2	p-obj	t254	t254
6 m7- edge-l b	p-obj	t251	t251
7 m7- edge-3 a	p-obj	t264	t264
8 m7- stream -1 -inlet	p-obj	stream -liquid-l 831iq	stream -liquid-l 831iq
9 m7- inlet -pressure	W - P	pump-outlet -pressure	pump-outlet -pressure
10 m7- inlet -flow -rate	req-P	pump-output -flow	pump-output -flow
11 m7- stream -3-outlet	p-obj	stream -liquid-l 821iq	stream -liquid-l 821iq
12 m7- port-2 b	p-obj	t250	t250
13 m7-cent -pump	p-obj	t249	t249
14 m7- impeller	p-obj	p76-impeller	p76-impeller
15 m7- pump-casing	p-obj	t328	t328
16 m7-pump-speed	W - P	pump-rpm	pump-rpm
17 m7-fluid density	opt-p	nil	nil
18 m7- inlet -surface -normal	opt-p	nil	nil
19 m7- npsh	opt-p	nil	nil
20 m7- outlet -surface -normal	opt-p	nil	nil
21 m7- int -water-neg -port	neg -1	nil	nil
22 m7-pump-neg-port-a	neg -2	nil	nil
23 m7-pump-neg-stream-a	neg -2	nil	nil
24 m7-adj -fluid-a	neg-2	nil	nil

\* different than vector #1.  
req-P -- required parameter

p-obj -- positive object  
opt-p -- optional parameter

neg-n -- member of the nth  
negative set matcher

## INPUTS:

(DO-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm7-internal-fluid 'm7-fluid -temperature 'p76-liquid 'water-temperature)

## OUTPUTS: (association-list and vector-list )

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #3	vector #4
0 m7-fluid -temperature	W -P	water-temperature	water-temperature
1 m7- internal -fluid	p-obj	t262	t262
2 m7- port-2 a	p-obj	t253	t253
3 m7- port-l b-inlet	p-obj	t263*	t366*
4 m7-port-3a-outlet	p-obj	t265*	t265*
5 m7- stream -2	p-obj	t254	t254
6 m7- edge-l b	p-obj	t252*	t252*
7 m7-edge-3a	p-obj	t266*	t266*
8 m7- stream -1 -inlet	p-obj	stream-liquid-l 82liq .	stream -liquid-l 82liq *
9 m7- inlet -pressure	req-p	pump-inlet -pressure*	pump-inlet -pressure*
10 m7- inlet -flow -rate	req-p	water-flow .	water-flow*
11 m7- stream -3-outlet	p-obj	stream-liquid-l 83liq *	stream-liquid-l 83liq *
12 m7- port-2 b	p-obj	t250	t250
13 m7-cent -pump	p-obj	t249	t249
14 m7- impeller	p-obj	p76-impeller	p76-impeller
15 m7- pump-casing	p-obj	t328	t328
16 m7-pump-speed	req-p	pump-rpm	pump-rpm
17 m7-fluid density	opt-p	nil	nil
18 m7- inlet -surface -normal	opt-p	nil	nil
19 m7- npsh	opt-p	nil	nil
20 m7- outlet -surface -normal	opt-p	nil	nil
21 m7- int -water -neg -port	neg -1	nil	nil
22 m7-pump-neg-port-a	neg -2	nil	nil
23 m7- pump-neg-stream-a	neg -2	nil	nil
24 m7- adj -fluid-a	- neg 2	nil	nil

\* different than vector #1.  
req-P -- required parameter  
p-obj -- positive object  
opt-p -- optional parameter  
neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
25 m7- adj -a-neg-stream	neg -2	nil	nil
26 m7- adj -a- neg- port-l	neg -2	nil	nil
27 m7- adj -a- neg- port-2	neg -2	nil	nil
2 8 m7-pump-neg-port-b	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
29 m7- pump-neg-stream-b	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
30 m7-adj -fluid- b	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
3 1 m7-adj -b-neg-stream	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
32 m7- adj -b- neg- port-l	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
3 3 m7-adj -b-neg-port-2	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
3 4 m7-neg-edge-2a	<b>neg-4</b>	nil	nil
35 m7-neg-edge-1 b	<b>neg-5</b>	nil	nil
3 6 m7-neg-edge-3a	<b>neg-6</b>	nil	nil
37 m7-neg-endpt-1 b	neg -7	nil	nil
38 m7- neg-endpt-3a	<b>neg-8</b>	nil	nil

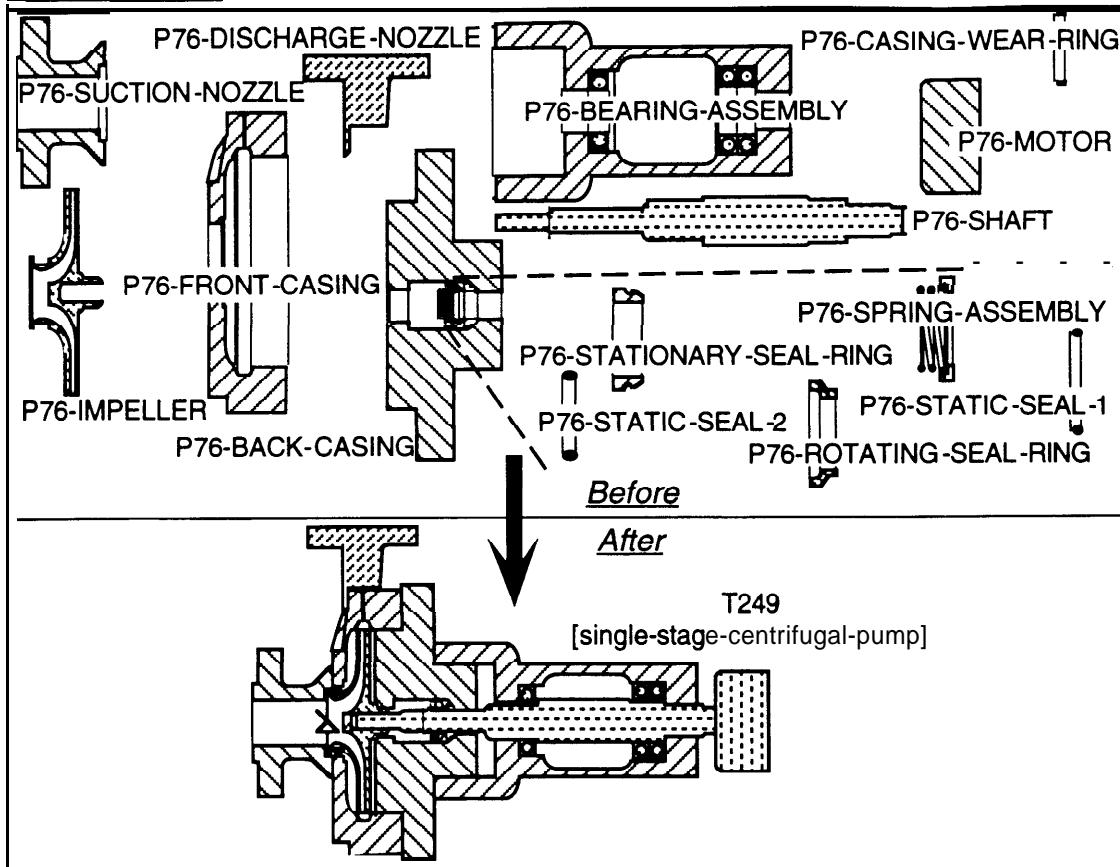
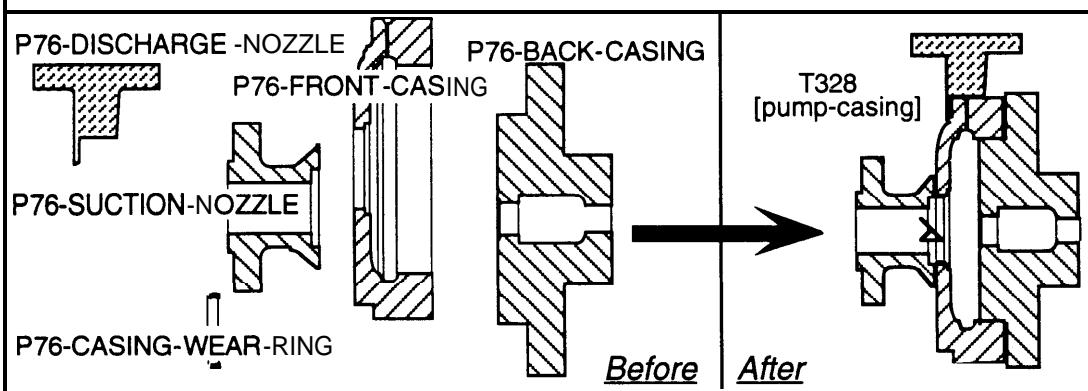
* different than vector #1. req-P -- required parameter	p-obj -- positive object opt-p -- optional parameter	neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched
--	---	---

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #3	vector #4
25 m7- adj -a- neg-stream	neg -2	nil	nil
26 m7- adj -a- neg- port-l	neg -2	nil	nil
27 m7- adj -a- neg- port-2	neg -2	nil	nil
28 m7- pump- neg-port-b	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
29 m7- pump- neg-stream-b	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
30 m7- adj -fluid-b	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
31 m7- adj -b neg-stream	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
32 m7- adj -b neg- port-l	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
33 m7- adj -b neg- port-2	<b>neg-3</b>	nil	nil
34 m7- neg edge-2 a	<b>neg-4</b>	nil	nil
35 m7-neg-edge-1 b	<b>neg-5</b>	nil	nil
36 m7-neg-edge-3a	<b>neg-6</b>	nil	nil
37 m7- neg-endpt-1 b	neg -7	nil	nil
3 8 m7- neg-endpt-3a	<b>neg-8</b>	nil	nil

• different than vector #1. req-P -- required parameter	p-obj -- positive object opt-p -- optional parameter	neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched
--	---	---

**SIDE EFFECTS:****SIDE EFFECTS : continued**

#### **D.15.4 Checking Model Conditions**

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list ( first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

No condition checking because this isn't a real model and thus doesn't have any conditions.

#### **D.15.5 Executing the Model**

**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE -MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

No execution of model because this isn't a real model.

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** No side effects.

### D.15.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)	notes	Reconfiguration type	Reconfigurations tried
0 m7-fluid -temperature 1 m7- internal -fluid 2 m7- port-2 a 3 m7- port-l b-inlet 4 m7- port-3 a-outlet 5 m7- stream -2 6 m7- edge-l b 7 m7-edge-3a 8 m7- stream-l -inlet 9 m7- inlet -pressure 10 m7- inlet -flow -rate 11 m7- stream -3-outlet 12 m7-port-2 b	req-p p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj p-obj req-p req-p p-obj p-obj	part/whole	(p76-static-seal-1 p76-stationary-seal-ring p76-rotating-seal-ring p76-static-seal-2 p76-spring-assembly p76-bearing-assembly p76-shaft p76-impeller p76-casing -wear-ring p76-front-casing p76-back-casing p76-discharge-nozzle p76-suction -nozzle)
13 m7- cent -pump 14 m7- impeller	P-W p-obj	part/whole	(p76-casing -wear- ring p76-front-casing p76-back-casing p76-discharge-nozzle p76-suction -nozzle)
15 m7- pump-casing 16 m7- pump-speed 17 m7-fluid density 18 m7- inlet -surface-normal	P-W req-p opt-p opt-p		
req-P -- required parameter	opt-p -- optional parameter		
p-obj -- positive object	neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched		

## D.16 Friction Factor Model and PIPES-1 Equipment Description

### D.16.1 Statistics on the Matching

Equipment Description:	PIPES-1
Model Description:	FRICTION-FACTOR
Goal:	find EFFECTS
Max. partial matches:	816
Complete Matches:	2
Rematches:	12
Run time:	1:38 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept):	319 (12)
Links created (kept):	1856 (69)
Separately triggered reconfigurations:	2
Used simple matching?	Yes
Used negative matching?	Yes
Used intensive reconfiguration?	Yes
Used part-whole reconfiguration?	No
Positive object triggered reconfiguration?	No
Parameter triggered reconfiguration?	No
Negative set triggered reconfiguration?	Yes

### D.16.2 Generating the Potential Match Set

**INPUTS;**

(SELECT-MODELS 'pipe-2c-roughness' 'value' 'describes' 'pipe-2-port-3c' 'effects')

**OUTPUTS;**

(

(pipe-2c-roughness value describes pipe -2-port-3c effects ml 0- pipe -roughness m10-port-3b)

)

### D.16.3 Match/Reconfigure

**INPUTS:**

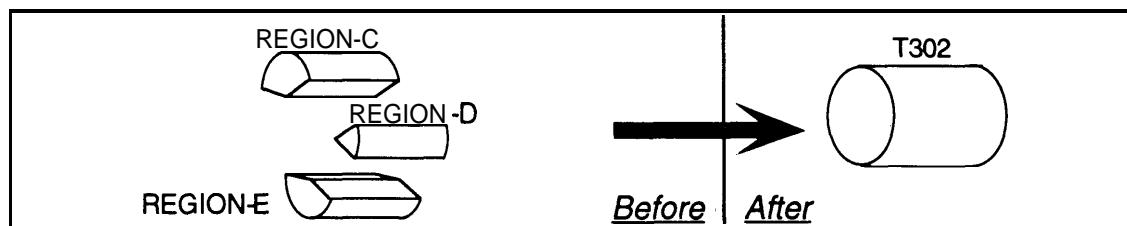
(DC-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm10-port-3b 'm10-pipe-roughness 'pipe-2-port-3c 'pipe-2c-roughness)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
0 ml 0- pipe -roughness	req-p	pipe -2c-roughness	pipe -2 c-roughness
1 ml 0- port3 b	p-obj	t312	t312
2 ml 0- stream3	p-obj	t313	t313
3 m10-pipe	p-obj	pipe -2	pipe -2
4 m10-edge-2a	p-obj	t321	t320*
5 ml 0- edge-l b	p-obj	t320	t321 .
6 ml 0- port3 a	p-obj	t303	t303
7 ml 0- pipe -insidediameter	w - P	pipe-2-id	pipe-2-id
8 m10-port-2a	p-obj	t317	t314*
9 ml 0- port-l b	p-obj	t314	t317*
10 m10-fluid-in-pipe	p-obj	t302	t302
11 ml O-stream-2	p-obj	t319	t316*
12 m10-stream-1	p-obj	t316	t319*
13 ml O-friction-factor	opt-p	nil	nil
14 ml O-outlet-temperature	opt-p	nil	nil
15 ml 0- inlet-temperature	opt-p	nil	nil
16 ml O-velocity	opt-p	2d-velocity	nil .
17 ml 0- density	opt-p	rho-c	□ □ □ □
18 ml O-viscosity	opt-p	mu-c	○ ◆ □ □
19 ml 0- neg-endpt-2 a	neg -1	nil	nil
20 m10-neg-endpt-1 b	neg -2	nil	nil
21 m10-neg-edge-3a	neg -3	nil	nil
22 m10-neg-edge-2a	neg -4	nil	nil
23 ml 0- neg-edge-l b	neg -5	nil	nil
24 m10-neg-port	neg -6	nil	nil

• different than vector #1.  
 req-P -- required parameter  
 p-obj -- positive object  
 opt-p -- optional parameter  
 neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched

**SIDE EFFECTS:**



**D.16.4 Checking Model Conditions****INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS ‘approx-conditions assoc-list (first vector-list)’)

**OUTPUTS:**

T

**(possibly-equal?**

ml O-outlet-temperature value	ml O-outlet-temperature value -type
ml O-outlet-temperature value -interval-type	ml O-outlet-temperature value -precision
ml O-outlet-temperature value-precision-type	ml 0- inlet-temperature value
ml 0- inlet-temperature value -type	ml 0- inlet-temperature value-interval-type
ml 0- inlet-temperature value -precision	ml 0- inlet-temperature value -precision-type)

(equal m 1 O-inlet-temperature value-units ml 0- outlet-temperature value -units))

**(any-common-portion?**

ml O-outlet-temperature time	ml O-outlet-temperature time -type
ml O-outlet-temperature time -interval-type	ml O-outlet-temperature time -precision
ml O-outlet-temperature time-precision-type	ml O-velocity time
ml O-velocity time -type	ml O-velocity time -interval-type
ml O-velocity time -precision	ml O-velocity time -precision-type)

**(any-common-portion?**

ml 0- inlet-temperature time	ml 0- inlet-temperature time -type
ml 0- inlet-temperature time-interval-type	ml 0- inlet-temperature time -precision
ml 0- inlet-temperature time -precision-type	ml O-velocity time
ml O-velocity time -type	ml O-velocity time -interval-type
ml O-velocity time -precision	ml O-velocity time -precision-type)

(equal m10-pipe-roughness time-units m10-outlet-temperature time-units))

(equal m10-pipe-roughness time-units ml 0- inlet-temperature time -units))

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS 'approx-conditions assoc-list (second vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

T

**(( ml O-friction ::re-and-kd -ok?)**

ml 0- pipe -inside-diameter	value	ml O-velocity	value
ml O-density	value	ml O-viscosity	value
m10-pipe-roughness	value)		

**(m10-friction ::re -ok?)**

ml O-pipe -insidediameter	value	ml O-velocity	value
ml O-density	value	ml O-viscosity	value)

**(possibly-equal?)**

ml O-outlet-temperature value		m10-outlet-temperature	value-type
ml O-outlet- temperature value -interval-type		ml O-outlet- temperature	value -precision
ml O-outlet-temperature value-precision-type		ml 0- inlet-temperature	value
ml O-inlet-temperature value -type		ml 0- inlet-temperature	value -interval-type
ml 0- inlet-temperature value -precision		ml 0- inlet-temperature	value -precision-type)

(equal m 1 O-inlet-temperature value -units ml O-outlet-temperature value-units)

**(any-common -portion?)**

ml O-outlet-temperature time		ml O-outlet-temperature	time -type
m10-outlet-temperature time-interval-type		ml O-outlet-temperature	time -precision
m10-outlet-temperature time-precision-type		m10-velocity	time
ml O-velocity time-type		m10-velocity	time -interval-type
ml O-velocity time -precision		ml O-velocity	time -precision-type)

**(any-common-portion?)**

ml 0- inlet-temperature time		ml 0- inlet-temperature	time -type
ml 0- inlet-temperature time -interval-type		ml 0- inlet-temperature	time -precision
ml 0- inlet-temperature time -precision-type		ml O-velocity	time
ml O-velocity time-type		ml O-velocity	time -interval-type
ml O-velocity time -precision		ml O-velocity	time -precision-type)

**(any-common-portion?)**

ml O-viscosity time		ml O-viscosity	time-type
ml O-viscosity time -interval-type		ml O-viscosity	time-precision
ml O-viscosity time -precision-type		ml O-velocity	time
ml O-velocity time-type		ml O-velocity	time -interval-type
ml O-velocity time -precision		ml O-velocity	time-precision-type)

**(any-common-portion?)**

ml O-density	time	m10-density	time -type
ml O-density	time -interval-type	ml O-density	time -precision
ml O-density	time-precision-type	ml O-velocity	time
ml O-velocity	time -type	ml O-velocity	time -interval-type
ml O-velocity	time -precision	ml O-velocity	time -precision-type)

**(any-common-portion?)**

ml 0- pipe -inside-diameter	time	ml 0- pipe -inside-diameter	time -type
ml 0- pipe-insidediameter	time -interval-type	ml 0- pipe -inside-diameter	time -precision
ml 0- pipe-inside-diameter	time -precision-type	ml O-velocity	time
ml O-velocity	time -type	ml O-velocity	time -interval-type
ml O-velocity	time -precision	ml O-velocity	time -precision-type)

**(any-common -portion?)**

ml 0- pipe -roughness	time	m10-pipe-roughness	time -type
ml 0- pipe -roughness	time -interval-type	ml 0- pipe-roughness	time -precision
ml O-pipe -roughness	time -precision-type	ml 0-velocity	time
ml O-velocity	time -type	ml O-velocity	time -interval-type
ml O-velocity	time -precision	ml O-velocity	time -precision-type)

**(equal**    ml 0- pipe -roughness time- units    ml O-outlet- temperature time-units)

**(equal**    ml O-pipe -roughness time- units    ml 0- inlet-temperature time-units))

**(equal**    ml 0- pipe-roughness time-units    m 1 O-velocity time -units))

### D.16.5 Executing the Model

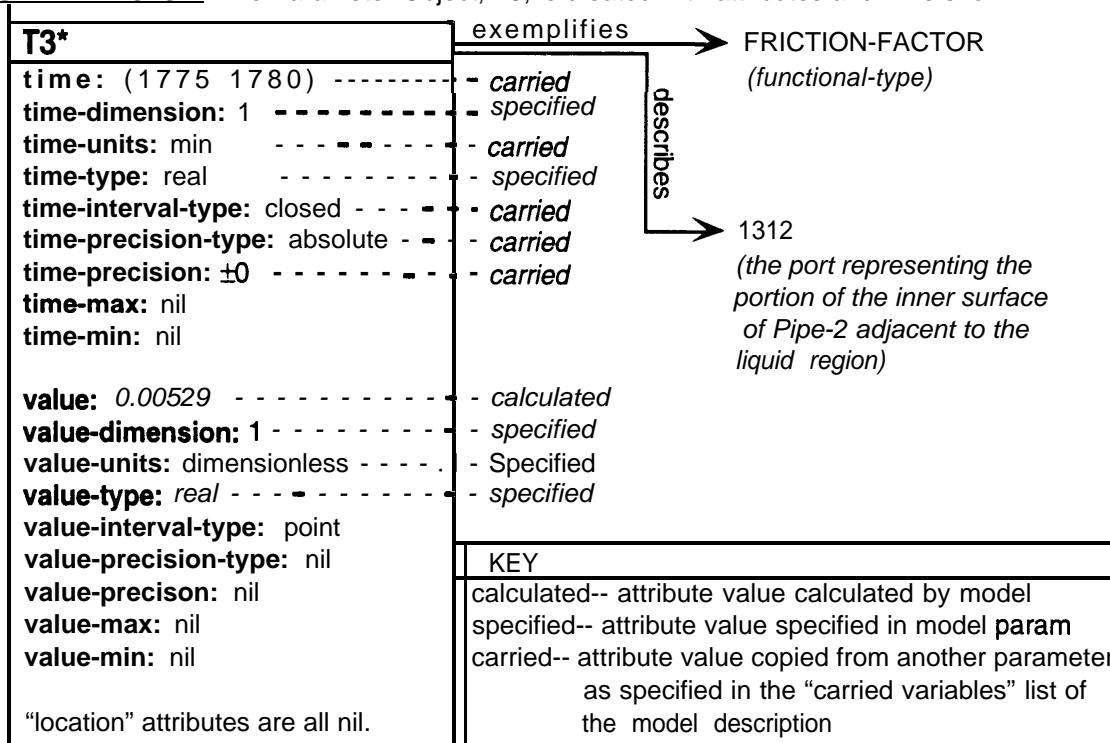
**INPUTS:**

(EXECUTE -MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

**OUTPUTS:**

(T3)

**SIDE-EFFECTS:** The Parameter Object, T3, is created with attributes and links shown.



\* name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

## D.16.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfiguration type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
0 m10-pipe-roughness		req-p	
1 m10-port-3b		p-obj	
2 m10-stream3		p-obj	
3 m10-pipe		p-obj	
4 m10-edge-2a		p-obj	
5 m10-edge-1b		p-obj	
6 m10-port-3a		p-obj	
7 m10-pipe-inside-diameter		req-p	
8 m10-port-2a		p-obj	
9 m10-port-1b		p-obj	
10 m10-fluid-in-pipe		p-obj	
11 m10-stream2		p-obj	
12 m10-stream1		p-obj	
13 m10-friction-factor		opt-p	
14 m10-outlet-temperature		opt-p	
15 m10-inlet-temperature		opt-p	
16 m10-velocity		opt-p	
17 m10-density		opt-p	
18 m10-viscosity		opt-p	
19 m10-neg-endpt2-a	neg-1  intensive		(region-c region-y) (region-c region-b) (region-c region-d) (region-c region-e) (region-c region-y region-d) (region-c region-y region-e) (region-c region-y region-b) (region-c region-b region-d) (region-c region-b region-e) (region-c region-b region-a) (region-c region-d region-e)  (region-c region-d region-e)
20 m10-neg-endpt1-b	neg-2		
21 m10-neg-edge-3a	neg-3		
22 m10-neg-edge-2a	neg-4		
23 m10-neg-edge-1b	neg-5		
24 m10-neg-port	neg-6		

req-p -- required parameter

opt-p -- optional parameter

neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched

p-obj -- positive object

## D.17 Hagen-Poiseuille Model and PIPES-1 Equipment Description

### D.17.1 Statistics on the Matching

```

Equipment Description: PIPES-1
Model Description: HAGEN-POISEUILLE
Goal: find EFFECTS

Max. partial matches: 30
Complete Matches: 1
Rematches: 0
Run time: 0:02 (hr:min)
Objects created (kept): 1 (1)
Links created (kept): 2 (2)
Separately triggered reconfigurations: 0

Used simple matching? Yes
Used negative matching? Yes
Used intensive reconfiguration? No
Used part-whole reconfiguration? No

Positive object triggered reconfiguration? No
Parameter triggered reconfiguration? No
Negative set triggered reconfiguration? No

```

### D.17.2 Generating the Potential Match Set

#### INPUTS:

(SELECT-MODELS 'inlet-pressure-a' 'value' 'describes' 'port-al' 'effects')

#### OUTPUTS:

```

(
  (inlet-pressure-a value describes port-al effects m9-outlet-pressure m9-port-2a)
  (inlet-pressure-a value describes port-al effects m9-inlet-pressure m9-port-1 b)
)
```

**D.17.3 Match/Reconfigure****INPUTS:**

(DO-SIMPLE-MATCH 'm9-port-1 b 'm9-inlet-pressure 'port-a1 'inlet-pressure-l)

**OUTPUTS:** (association-list and vector-list)

Assoc-List of Model Objects Returned	notes	Vector-list of matching Equipment Objects Returned	
		vector #1	vector #2
0 m9- inlet -pressure	req-P	inlet-pressure -a	
1 m9-port-1b	p-obj	port-al	
2 m9- stream -1	p-obj	stream -x2- al	
3 m9- edge-l b	p-obj	pipe -1 -edge-2-1	
4 m9-fluid-in-pipe	p-obj	region -a	
5 m9- port3 b	p-obj	pipe -2-port-3 a	
6 m9-port-3a	p-obj	port-a3	
7 m9- port-2 a	p-obj	port-a2	
8 m9- viscosity-l	r e q - p	<b>mu-a</b>	
9 m9- stream -3	p-obj	stream -pipe -2-a3	
1 0 m9-pipe	p-obj	pipe -2	
11 m9- edge-2 a	p-obj	<b>edge-a2-1</b>	
1 2 m9-length	req-P	region -a-length	
1 3 m9-stream-2	p-obj	stream -a2- b 1	
14 m9- outlet -pressure	req-P	outlet- pressure -a	
15 m9- pipe -inside diameter	req-P	pipe-2-id	
16 m9- surface -normal -1 b	opt-p	port- normal-al	
17 m9- vol -flow -rate	opt-P	nil	
18 m9- inlet -pressure -2	opt-p	nil	
19 m9- viscosity -2	opt-p	nil	
2 0 m9-density	opt-p	rho-a	
2 1 m9-shear-stress-1	opt-p	nil	
22 m9- shear-stress-2	opt-p	nil	
23 m9- surface -normal -2 a	opt-P	port- normal-a2	
24 m9- pipe -axial direction	opt-p	pipe-2-axial direction	
25 m9- neg -edge-l b	neg -1	nil	
26 m9- neg -s- normal-l b	neg -2	nil	
27 m9- neg -endpt-1b	neg -3	nil	
28 m9- neg -port	neg -4	nil	
29 m9- neg-edge-3a	neg -5	nil	
30 m9- neg edge-2 a	neg -6	nil	
3 1 m9-neg-s-normal-2a	neg -7	nil	
3 2 m9-neg-endpt-2a	neg -8	nil	

• different than vector #1 .      p-obj -- positive object      neg-n -- member of the nth  
 W - P -- required parameter      opt-p -- optional parameter      negative set matched

#### D.17.4 Checking Model Conditions

**INPUTS:**

(CHECK-MODEL-CONDITIONS ‘approx-conditions assoc-list (first vector-list)’)

**OUTPUTS:**

T

((m9-hagen :: is-flow-steady-state?

    m9-inlet-pressure value      m9-inlet-pressure -2 value)

(m9-hagen :: fluid-is-newtonian?

    m9-shear-stress-1 value      m9-viscosity -1 value  
     m9-shear-stress-2 value      m9-viscosity -2 value )

(equal m9-shear-stress-1 value -units      m9-shear-stress-2 value -units)

(m9-hagen :: flow-is-laminar?

    m9-pipe-inside-diameter value      m9-vol-flow-rate value  
     m9-density value      m9-viscosity -1 value)

(possibly-equal?

m9-pressure deriv	value	m9-pressure deriv	value -type
m9-pressurederiv	value -interval-type	m9-pressure deriv	value -precision
m9-pressurederiv	value -precision-type	nil	0
nil	real	nil	point
nil	nil	nil	nil )

(not-any-common-portion?

m9-shear-stress-1	time	m9-shear-stress-1	time-type
m9-shear-stress-1	time-interval-type	m9-shear-stress-1	time -precision
m9-shear-stress-1	time-precision-type	m9-shear-stress-2	time
m9-shear-stress-2	time-type	m9-shear-stress-2	time-interval-type
m9-shear-stress-2	time -precision	m9-shear-stress-2	time-precision-type)

, (any-common-portion?

m9-shear-stress-2	time	m9-shear-stress-2	time-type
m9-shear-stress-2	time-interval-type	m9-shear-stress-2	time -precision
m9-shear-stress-2	time -precision-type	m9-viscosity -2	time
m9-viscosity -2	time-type	m9-viscosity -2	time-interval-type
m9-viscosity -2	time -precision	m9-viscosity -2	time -precision-type)

(any-common-portion?

m9-inlet-pressure	time	m9-inlet-pressure	time -type
m9-inlet-pressure	time -interval-type	m9-inlet-pressure	time -precision
m9-inlet-pressure	time -precision-type	m9-vol-flow-rate	time
m9-vol-flow-rate	time-type	m9-vol-flow-rate	time -interval-type
m9-vol-flow-rate	time -precision	m9-vol-flow-rate	time -precision-type)

```
(any-common-portion?
  m9-shear-stress-1 time           m9-shear-stress-l time -type
  m9-shear-stress-l time -interval-type   m9-shear-stress-l time -precision
  m9-shear-stress-l time -precision-type   m9-viscosity -1 time
  m9-viscosity -1 time -type             m9-viscosity -1 time -interval-type
  m9-viscosity -1 time -precision        m9-viscosity -1 time -precision-type)
  (equal m9-viscosity -1 time -units   m9-viscosity -2 time -units)
  (equal m9-viscosity -1 time-units    m9-shear-stress -2 time-units)
  (equal m9-viscosity -1 time-units    m9-shear-stress -1 time-units)
  (equal m9-viscosity -1 time-units    m9-inlet -pressure -2 time -units))
```

### D.17.5 Executing the Model

#### INPUTS:

(EXECUTE -MODEL assoc-list (first vector-list))

#### OUTPUTS:

T10

SIDE-EFFECTS: The parameter object, T10, is created with attributes and links shown.

<b>T10*</b>	
time: (17751799) -----	exemplifies → VOLUMETRIC-FLOW-RATE (functional-type)
time-dimension: 1 -----	
time-units: min -----	- carried
time-type: real -----	- specified
time-interval-type: closed-----	- carried
time-precision-type: nil -----	- carried
time-precision: nil -----	- carried
time-max: nil	
time-min: nil	
value: 0.2287-----	- calculated
value-dimension: 1 -----	- specified
value-units: cu ft hr -----	- specified
value-type: real -----	- specified
value-interval-type: point -----	- specified
value-precision-type: nil	
value-precision: nil	
value-max: nil	
value-min: nil	
"location" attributes are all nil.	

 |   | |---| | KEY   | | calculated-- attribute value calculated by model  | | specified-- attribute value specified in model param  | | carried-- attribute value copied from another parameter as specified in the "carried variables" list of the model description | |

\* name of parameter object is created by the GENTEMP function which generates unique names, all beginning with "T" followed by an integer.

### D.17.6 Summary of Merges and Splits Tested

<b>Assoc-list of model objects (indicates order of matching)</b>	<b>notes</b>	<b>Reconfiguration type</b>	<b>Reconfigurations tried</b>
No reconfigurations were made.			
req-P -- required parameter p-obj -- positive object		opt-p -- optional parameter neg-n -- member of the nth negative set matched	

## Appendix E

### Interface to the Dalle Molle Model

#### E.1 The Original Dalle Molle Model

To run the Dalle Molle model, one had to enter these two functions, where the second function sets the values of the input parameters. Then the model was executed by calling the second function without any arguments. The model calls QSIM to do its simulation and then normally generates a visual display for humans rather than returning values.

```
; ; Edited by MURDOCK           3 Aug 94 19:18
; ; Edited by MURDOCK           3 Aug 94 20:33
; ; Edited by MURDOCK           3 Aug 94 22:05
(define-qde hot-cold-mixing-tank
  (text "Revised model of a tank mixing a hot and a cold stream with
        redundant constraints")
  (quantity-spaces
    (volume (0 v* inf))
    (height (0 h* inf))           ;used for open-loop case
    ; (height (0 h* h+ inf))      ;used for feed back control
    (outflow (0 of* inf))
    (inflow (0 if* inf))
    (netflow (mini 0 inf))
    (coldflow (0 fc- fc* fc+ inf));used for open-loop case
    ; (coldflow (0 fc* inf))
    (hotflow (0 fh- fh* fh+ inf))
    (tempout (0 tc* ts* th* inf))
    (coldtemp (0 tc* inf))
    (hottemp (0 th* inf))
    (DT (0 th*-tc* inf))
    (cf*DT (0 fc*DT inf))
    (hf*DT (0 fh*DT inf))
    (cf*DT/if (0 fc*DT/if* inf))
    (hf*DT/if (0 fh*DT/if* inf))
    (tempin (0 tc* ts* th* inf))
    (dT/dt (minf 0 inf))
    (ti-to (minf 0 inf))
    (if*ti-to (minf 0 inf))
  ; quantity spaces for p controller
  ;   (setheight (0 h- h* h+))
  ;   (errheight (mini 0 inf))
  ))
```

```

(constraints
  ((m+ volume height) (v* h*) (inf inf) (0 0))
  ((m+ outflow height) (of* h*) (inf inf) (0 0))
  ((add outflow netflow inflow) (of* 0 if*) (inf 0 inf) (0 0 0))
  ((add coldflow hotflow inflow) (fc* fh* if*) (0 0 0))
  ((d/dt volume netflow))
  ((add DT coldtemp hottemp) (th*-tc* tc* th*) (0 0 0))
  ((add tempin cf*DT/if hottemp) (th* 0 th*) (ts* fc*DT/if* th*) (0 0 0))
  ((add coldtemp hf*dt/if tempin) (tc* 0 tc*) (tc* fh*DT/if* ts*) (0 0 0))
  ((mult cf*DT/if inflow cf*DT) (fc*DT/if* if* fc*DT))
  ((mult hf*DT/if inflow hf*DT) (fh*DT/if* if* fh*DT))
  ((mult coldflow DT cf*DT) (fc* th*-tc* fc*DT))
  ((mult hotflow DT hf*DT) (fh* th*-tc* fh*DT))
  ((add tempout ti-to tempin) (th* 0 th*) (tc* 0 tc*) (ts* 0 ts*))
  ((d/dt tempout dT/dt))
  ((mult volume dT/dt if*ti-to) (v* 0 0))
  ((mult inflow ti-to if*ti-to) (if* 0 0)))
; constraints for p controller
;   ((add errheight height setheight) (0 h- h-) (0 h* h*) (0 h+ h+))
;   ((m+ coldflow errheight) (fc* 0))
; )
;

(independent hottemp coldtemp coldflow hotflow)
; (independent hottemp coldtemp setheight hotflow)
(history volume height outflow inflow netflow tempout tempin dT/dt
DT cf*DT hf*DT cf*DT/if hf*DT/if ti-to if*ti-to)
; (history volume height outflow inflow netflow tempout tempin dT/dt
;   DT cf*DT hf*DT cf*DT/if hf*DT/if ti-to if*ti-to
;   err-height coldflow)
(other (ignore-qdirs dT/dt))
; (other (ignore-qdirs dT/dt ti-to if*ti-to))
(layout (height tempout) (netflow dT/dt))

)

;;Edited by MURDOCK          3 Aug 94 22:05
;;Edited by MURDOCK          3 Aug 94 22:08
(defun hct-fc+ ()
  '(let ((normal nil)
initial nil)
(analytic-functions-only t)
(*new-landmarks-at-initial-state* nil))
  (declare (special normal initial analytic-functions-only))
  (setq *analytic-functions-only* t)
  (setq normal (make-initial-state hot-cold-mixing-tank
'((coldtemp (tc* std)) (hottemp (th* std))
(hotflow (fh* std)) (coldflow (fc* std))
(tempout (ts* std)) (height (h* std)))
"Normal")))
  (setq initial (make-initial-state hot-cold-mixing-tank

```

```

'((coldtemp (tc* std)) (hottemp (th* std))
  (hotflow (fh* std)) (coldflow (fc+ std))
  (tempout (ts* nil)) (height (h* nil)))
  )
  "Step increase in coldf low" )
  (qsim-display (qsim initial) :reference-states
  '((normal ,normal)))
  ))

```

## E.2 The Macro that Generates the Dalle Molle Model

This macro was built to generate the functions that the Dalle Molle model normally required humans to enter. Notice the progn construct that contains the identical functions as above.

```

;;Edited by MURDOCK          25 Oct 94 16:16
;;Edited by MURDOCK          26 Oct 94 11:28
;;Edited by MURDOCK          26 Oct 94 12:20
(defmacro simulate-mixing-tank (coldflow-before      ;before the step input
coldflow-after       ;after the step change
coldflow-q-space    ;list of 5, first is 0, last is inf
hotflow-before      ;before the step change
hotflow-after       ;after the step change
hotflow-q-space    ;list of 5, first is 0, last is inf
height
height-q-space     ;list of 3, first is 0, last is inf
tempout
tempout-q-space    ;list of 5, first is 0, last is inf
)
  (let* ((h* (second height-q-space))
(fc- (second coldflow-q-space))
(fc* (third coldflow-q-space))
(fc+ (fourth coldflow-q-space))
(fh- (second hotflow-q-space))
(fh* (third hotflow-q-space))
(fh+ (fourth hotflow-q-space))
(tc* (second tempout-q-space))
(ts* (third tempout-q-space))
(th* (fourth tempout-q-space))
(th*-tc* (make-concat-symbol (make-concat-symbol th* '-) tc*)))
(fc*DT (make-concat-symbol fc* 'DT))
(fh*DT (make-concat-symbol fh* 'DT))
(fc*DT/if* (make-concat-symbol fc*DT '/if*))
(fh*DT/if* (make-concat-symbol fh*DT '/if*))
(coldflow-b (car coldflow-before))
(coldflow-a (car coldflow-after))
(hotflow-b (car hotflow-before))
(hotflow-a (car hotflow-after))
(height-value (car height)))

```

```

(tempout-value (car tempout))

)

‘(progn
  (define-qde hot-cold-mixing-tank
(text "Revised model of tank mixing a hot and cold stream with
      redundant constraints.")
(quantity-spaces
  (volume (0 v* inf))
  (height (0 ,h* inf))
  (outflow (0 of* inf))
  (inflow (0 if* inf))
  (netflow (mini 0 inf))
  (coldflow (0 ,fc- ,fc* ,fc+ inf))
  (hotflow (0 ,fh- ,fh* ,fh+ inf))
  (tempout (0 ,tc* ,ts* ,th* inf))
  (coldtemp (0 ,tc* inf))
  (hottemp (0 ,th* inf))
  (DT (0 ,th*-tc* inf))
  (cf*DT (0 ,fc*DT inf))
  (hf*DT (0 ,fh*DT inf))
  (cf*DT/if (0 ,fc*DT/if* inf))
  (hf*DT/if (0 ,fh*DT/if* inf))
  (tempin (0 ,tc* ,ts* ,th* inf))
  (dT/dt (mini 0 inf))
  (ti-to (minf 0 inf))
  (if*ti-to (minf 0 inf)))
)

(constraints
  ((mt volume height) (v* ,h*) (inf inf) (0 0))
  ((mt outflow height) (of* ,h*) (inf inf) (0 0))
  ((add outflow netflow inflow) (of* 0 if*) (inf 0 inf) (0 0 0))
  ((add coldflow hotflow inflow) (,fc* ,fh* if*) (0 0 0))
  ((d/dt volume netflow))
  ((add DT coldtemp hottemp) (,th*-tc* ,tc* ,th*) (0 0 0))
  ((add tempin cf*DT/if hottemp) (,th* 0 ,th*) (,ts* ,fc*DT/if* ,th*) (0 0 0))
  , ((add coldtemp hf*dt/if tempin) (,tc* 0 ,tc*) (,tc* ,fh*DT/if* ,ts*) (0 0 0))
  ((mult cf*DT/if inflow cf*DT) (,fc*DT/if* if* ,fc*DT))
  ((mult hf*DT/if inflow hf*DT) (,fh*DT/if* if* ,fh*DT))
  ((mult coldflow DT cf*DT) (,fc* ,th*-tc* ,fc*DT))
  ((mult hotflow DT hf*DT) (,fh* ,th*-tc* ,fh*DT))
  ((add tempout ti-to tempin) (,th* 0 ,th*) (,tc* 0 ,tc*) (,ts* 0 ,ts*))
  ((d/dt tempout dT/dt))
  ((mult volume dT/dt if*ti-to) (v* 0 0))
  ((mult inflow ti-to if*ti-to) (if* 0 0)))
)

(independent hottemp coldtemp coldflow hotflow)
(history volume height outflow inflow netflow tempin dT/dt

```

```

DT cf*DT hf*DT cf*DT/if hf*DT/if ti-to if*ti-to)
(other (ignore-qdirs dT/dt))
(layout (height tempout) (netflow dT/dt))
)

(setq *analytic-functions-only* t)
(setq *new-landmarks-at-initial-state* nil)

(let ((normal (make-initial-state hot-cold-mixing-tank
(quote
((coldtemp (,tc* std)) (hottemp (,th* std))
(hotflow (,hotflow-b std)) (coldflow (,coldflow-b std))
(tempout (,tempout-value std)) (height (height-value std)))
"Normal"))
(initial (make-initial-state hot-cold-mixing-tank
(quote
((coldtemp (,tc* std)) (hottemp (,th* std))
(hotflow (,hotflow-a std)) (coldflow (,coldflow-a std))
(tempout (,tempout-value nil)) (height (,height-value nil))))
"Step increase or decrease in either/both coldflow or hotflow."))
,
(qsim initial)
(let ((final-states-list (delete-if #'(lambda (this-state)
(or (inconsistent-p this-state)
(incomplete-p this-state)
(null (state-status this-state)))
(state-successors-leafs initial)))
)
(format t "-% Final states are: "S" final-states-list)
(cond ((and (eq (length final-states-list) 1)
(quiet-p (car final-states-list)))
(let* ((final-state (car final-states-list))
(final-qvalues (state-qvalues final-state))
|
(in-package 'user)
(list (qsim::qmag (qsim::qval 'height final-state))
(qsim::qspace 'height final-state)
(qsim::qmag (qsim::qval 'tempout final-state))
(qsim::qspace 'tempout final-state)
(qsim::qmag (qsim::qval 'time final-state))
(qsim::qspace 'time final-state)))
(t (in-package 'user)
nil)))
))))
```

### E.3 An Auxiliary Function that Retrieves Output

Since the Dalle Molle model and QSIM do not return values, we built this function to retrieve the values it generated rather than letting them be sent to a visual display intended for humans.

```
;;;Edited by MURDOCK      5 Aug 94 12:29
;;;Edited by MURDOCK      7 Oct 94 13:38
(defun state-successors-leafs (start-state)
  "The function STATE-SUCCESSORS-LEAFS takes the initial state generated by a
   QSIM simulation, held by the global variable *initial-state*, and returns
   a list of the final states generated in the simulation."
  (let ((new-queue (user::make-queue)))
    (user::enqueue new-queue start-state)
    (do ((search-queue new-queue )
         (leaf-list nil))
        ((user::empty-queue-p search-queue) leaf-list)

        (let ((succ-states
               (cdr (qsim::state-successors
                           (user::queue-front search-queue)))))

          )
        (if (null succ-states)
            (setq leaf-list (cons (user::queue-front search-queue) leaf-list))
            (mapcar #'(lambda (this-state) (user::enqueue search-queue this-state))
                    succ-states))
        (user::dequeue search-queue) ;Since dequeue works by side-effect,
                                ;it can't be used as the stepper form for
                                ;the SEARCH-QUEUE variable of the DO.
      )))))

```

### E.4 An Auxiliary Function to Call the Macro

Since our system required models to be executed only by *function* call, we wrote this function as a wrapper for the macro above.

```
(defun dalle-molle-simulation (coldflow-before
                               coldflow-after
                               coldflow-q-space
                               hotflow-before
                               hotflow-after
                               hotflow-q-space
                               height
                               height-q-space
                               tempout
                               tempout-q-space
                               )
```

```
(user::load "sys:site;nq-92.translations")
(user:: make-system 'nq-92)
(load "x23:murdock.models;dalle-molle-interface.lisp")

(eval (funcall #'macroexpand
'(qsim::simulate-mixing-tank
 ,coldflow-before
 ,coldflow-after
 ,coldflow-q-space
 ,hotflow-before
 ,hotflow-after
 ,hotflow-q-space
 ,height
 ,height-q-space
 ,tempout
 ,tempout-q-space)))
))
```

## **Appendix F**

# **Proof of NP-Completeness for the Matching Problem**

## **F.1 Formalizing the Model-Matching Problem**

To make the problem of matching a model description to an equipment description amenable to formal analysis, this section introduces some representational modifications that preserve the original problem content. Some polynomial time operations to select parts of the equipment description graph produce a subgraph used as input for the formalized model matching problem. Since the following section shows the formalized model matching problem to be NP-complete, these polynomial subgraph selections do not significantly impact the complexity of the whole problem.

### **F.1.1 The Informal Input**

Recall from Chapter 4 that type hierarchies (materials, geometries, functional types, etc.) form a vocabulary that describes both models and the equipment being diagnosed. Objects to which models may be applied, physical parts of the equipment, and parameters are represented by frame-like objects with links indicating which types they exemplify. Parameter objects are linked to the object they describe and have a set of attributes which may take on various types of values. Objects may also have links between them indicating physical connections in the equipment or other relationships. This representation scheme uses 13 types of links (and their inverses) to capture these possible relationships.

An equipment description is a set of objects each with at least one link to the type hierarchies and possibly having links chosen from the 13 link types indicating relationships between them. Some of these objects represent parameters and thus have a particular set of attributes, each of which may take on various types of values.

A model description contains objects (some of them being parameters) and links as in an equipment description, but here these objects represent what equipment the model may be applied to rather than representing a physically existing system as the equipment description does. Varying levels of abstraction in the model description allow it to be applied to more or less situations. The parameter objects represent what parameters are involved in the model's calculation, either as applicability conditions or as input or output. Besides the model and equipment descriptions, an equipment parameter and a matching model parameter are assumed to be given. Since these

two objects are required to match, they act as an anchored starting point for the problem. (The equipment parameter and model parameter correspond to the input to the M-R portion of the algorithms in this thesis, as described in Chapter 5.)

### **F.I.2 The Informal Problem**

A model matches part of an equipment description when all of the model objects (possibly excluding parameters) have corresponding equipment objects of the same type as the model object or a subtype of the model object's type and the links between the model's objects have corresponding links between the equipment objects. In other words, objects match when the model object is more abstract or equally abstract as the equipment object, and links match only if they have the same name. For the problem at hand we assume we have one object in the model matched and anchored to one object in the equipment.

### **F.I.3 The Formal Input**

Since an equipment description may be large and mostly unrelated to the model at hand, irrelevant parts may be pruned as follows. Notice that a model description's objects and an equipment description's objects are connected indirectly through the type hierarchies, since all objects must have at least one link to a type hierarchy object. First traverse all the EXEMPLIFIES links from the model objects to find their associated type objects (called "model's types") in the type hierarchy. Only parts of the equipment description that are objects of these types or of subtypes of the model's types may match the model. By following the trees rooted at the model's types and made up of CAN-BE-A and EXEMPLIFIED-BY links, we reach all the correct type objects in the equipment description. For the purposes of formal analysis, each path to the leaves of these trees is replaced by a single EXEMPLIFIES link from the leaf to the root. If we then exclude all other objects not linked to our tree roots and include any links where the objects at both ends are in the selected set of objects, the resulting graph contains no objects of irrelevant types. This operation is a tree search so will require time polynomial in the number of nodes in the trees.

In the matching procedure, failure occurs because of either lack of objects of appropriate type, lack of correct links between objects, or unsatisfied value requirements for the attributes of parameter objects. Since parameter objects have a fixed number of attributes (See Section ref?) which may take values from a fixed set of value types, then checking a model's requirements on a parameter's attributes requires constant time (assuming that we limit the representation of large numbers to some fixed number of significant digits.) Since the previously described tree search to find equipment objects exemplifying model types is polynomial, ignoring these constant time attribute checking operations will not affect the order of complexity in the final analysis.

The links between objects may also be simplified for analysis, since, except for the 5 disaggregation links (has-part, has-component, has-phase-component, has-spatial-portion, and has-instance), the link names are redundant with the types of the objects they connect. The representation method defined in this thesis uses only 13 links for use in the type hierarchies, the

equipment descriptions, and the model descriptions, each of which can only originate and terminate at particular types of objects. For example, the STREAM-OF-PORT link may only originate at an object that exemplifies some port type and may only terminate at some object that exemplifies some stream type. For the purposes of this proof, we exclude descriptions that use the 5 disaggregation links. Some models that we have implemented, such as the Dittus-Boelter model (Section C.2), do not use these links. If these links happen to reduce the complexity of matching from NP-complete to polynomial, but problems that do not use them can be shown to be NP-complete, then the general problem is still NP-complete. So if we exclude the disaggregation links, any link name could be determined unambiguously from the types of objects at either end. For the purposes of this proof, we can treat links as unlabeled edges.

The simplifications described result in a graph  $G = (\mathbf{V}, \mathbf{E})$  where the vertices  $\mathbf{V}$  are partitioned into three subsets, the set of model description objects  $X$ , the set of type hierarchy objects  $C'$ , and the set of equipment description objects  $U'$ . The set of edges  $E$ , made up of pairs of vertices from  $\mathbf{V}$ ,  $(v_i, v_j)$ , have either both  $v_i, v_j \in X$ , both  $v_i, v_j \in U'$ ,  $v_i \in X$  and  $v_j \in C'$ , or  $v_i \in U'$  and  $v_j \in C'$ .  $G$  contains no edges with one vertex in  $X$  and one in  $U'$ . In other words, no model description objects are linked directly to equipment description objects. The graph  $G = (X \cup C' \cup U', E)$  is the input for the formalized model matching problem, as defined below.

#### F.1.4 The Formal Problem

To match a model, a subset  $U'_{sub}$  of  $U'$  must “correspond” to  $X$ , and a subgraph containing the vertices of  $U'_{sub}$  must be isomorphic to the graph on  $X$ .  $U'_{sub}$  is said to **correspond** to  $X$  if there is a one-to-one correspondence between the elements in  $X$  and the elements in  $U'$  where for each  $x_i$  in  $X$ , the corresponding  $u'_i$  in  $U'_{sub}$  has edges to all the same  $c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n$  in  $C'$  as  $x_i$ . We now define MODEL MATCHING to be the formalized version of the original problem.

**Definition F.1 (MODEL MATCHING)** *Given a graph  $G = (X \cup C' \cup U', E)$  where no edge in  $E$  is incident on both a vertex  $x_i$  in  $X$  and a vertex  $u'_i$  in  $U'$  and where  $X$ ,  $C'$ , and  $U'$  are disjoint sets of vertices, is there a subgraph on a subset of  $U'$  that corresponds and is isomorphic to the subgraph on  $X$ ?*

This definition states MODEL MATCHING as a decision problem so that the techniques for proving NP-completeness may be applied.

## F.2 Complexity of Model-Matching

In this section, MODEL MATCHING is shown to be NP-complete according to the proof procedure described by [30]. First MODEL MATCHING is shown to be in the class NP. A transformation from an instance of a known NP-complete problem, The Satisfiability Problem (SAT), to an instance of MODEL MATCHING is given and shown to require polynomial time. The transformation is shown to produce an instance of MODEL MATCHING that has a match if and only if the instance of

SAT had a solution. This sequence of proofs shows that MODEL MATCHING is at least as hard as SAT, and if  $P \neq NP$  then MODEL MATCHING is NP-complete.

### F.2.1 MODEL-MATCHING is in NP

**MODEL MATCHING**  $\in$  NP if a nondeterministic algorithm may guess a subset of vertices in  $U'$  and edges amongst those vertices as a possible solution to MODEL MATCHING and then verify in polynomial time that the guess is a solution. Since verification requires a comparison between a graph on the vertices in  $X$  and  $C'$  to a subgraph on vertices in  $U'$  and  $C'$ , the complexity is  $O(|X| + |C'|)^2$ , which is clearly polynomial in the size of the MODEL MATCHING instance. **MODEL MATCHING** is therefore in NP.

### F.2.2 Transformation from SAT to MODEL-MATCHING

To show that MODEL MATCHING is NP-complete, we provide an algorithm to transform an arbitrary instance of a known NP-complete problem, the Satisfiability Problem (SAT), into MODEL MATCHING. SAT was proved NP-complete by Cook [9] and was the first such known problem. In Section F.2.3 we demonstrate that this transformation can be performed in polynomial time.

Let  $U = \{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n\}$  be a set of Boolean variables. We can then define **truth assignment**, **literal**, **clause**, and SAT as in [30].

**Definition F.2 (truth assignment)** A **truth assignment** for  $U$  is a function  $t : U \rightarrow \{T, F\}$ .

If  $t(u) = T$ , then  $u$  is said to be “true” under  $t$ , and if  $t(u) = F$  then we say  $u$  is “false.”

**Definition F.3 (literal)** For  $u \in U$ ,  $u$  and  $\bar{u}$  are **literals** over  $U$ . A literal  $u$  is true under truth assignment  $t$  if and only if the variable  $u$  is true under  $t$ . The literal  $\bar{u}$  is true under  $t$  if and only if the variable  $u$  is false.

**Definition F.4 (clause)** A **clause** over  $U$  is a set of literals over  $U$  representing the disjunction of those literals.

A clause is said to be satisfied under a truth assignment  $t$  if at least one of the literals in the clause is true under  $t$ .

**Definition F.5 (The Satisfiability Problem-SAT)** Given a set  $U$  of variables and a collection  $C$  of clauses over  $U$ , is there a truth assignment that satisfies all the clauses in  $C$ ?

We must construct a graph,  $G = (X \cup C' \cup \mathbf{U}', \mathbf{E})$  where  $G$  has a subgraph among the vertices in  $\mathbf{U}'$  that matches the graph on the vertices in  $X$  and corresponds through the vertices in  $C'$  if and only if the instance of SAT  $S = (U, \mathbf{C})$  from which we built  $G$  has a satisfying truth assignment. For each clause  $c_j$  in  $C$ , the graph  $G$  has a vertex  $c'_j$  forming the required set  $C'$  of vertices. For each clause  $c_j$ , there is a vertex  $x_j$  forming the set  $X$ . Exactly  $|C|$  edges connect the vertices in  $X$  and the vertices from  $C'$  so that each edge covers one vertex from each set, and no vertex from

SAT	Truth Assignments	Clauses Not Satisfied
Variables:	$u_1, u_2, u_3$	
$U = \{u_1, u_2, u_3\}$	t t t	$c_3$
Clauses:	t t f	$c_2$
$C = \{c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4\}$	t f t	$c_1$
$c_1 = (\bar{u}_1, u_2)$	t f f	$c_1$
$c_2 = (\bar{u}_2, u_3)$	f t t	$c_4$
$c_3 = (\bar{u}_1, \bar{u}_2, \bar{u}_3)$	f t f	$c_2, c_4$
$c_4 = (u_1)$	f f t	$c_4$
	f f f	$c_4$

**MODEL MATCHING**

Figure F. 1: Transformation of an instance of SAT that has no satisfying truth assignment to an instance of MODEL MATCHING that has no match.

either set is connected to more than one vertex in the other set. The edges  $(x_j, c'_j)$  determine correspondence in the instance of model matching. The vertices in  $X$  each have edges to every other vertex  $x_i$  in  $X$ . The vertices in  $X$  and the edges  $(x_i, x_j)$  constitute the model in MODEL MATCHING. See Figures F.1 and F.2 for examples.

For each appearance of a literal in a clause of SAT, the graph  $G$  contains a vertex  $u_i'^k$  (or  $\bar{u}_i'^k$ ) forming the vertex set  $U'$ . The subscript indicates which variable the vertex represents and the superscript indicates in which clause the literal appears, since the same literal may appear in more than one clause. Edges  $(u_i'^k, c'_j)$  (or  $(\bar{u}_i'^k, c'_j)$ ) connect each  $u_i'^k$  to exactly one vertex  $c'_j$  where  $k = j$ , representing the appearance of the literal  $u_i$  (or  $\bar{u}_i$ ) in the clause  $c_j$ .

The graph  $G$  also contains edges among the vertices in  $U$  of the following forms:

1.  $(u_i'^k, u_l'^m)$  where  $k \neq m$

(Any two vertices representing positive literals have an edge between them unless they correspond to literal appearances in the same clause.)

2.  $(\bar{u}_i'^k, u_l'^m)$  where  $i \neq l$  and  $k \neq m$

(Any two vertices representing a positive literal and a negative literal have an edge between

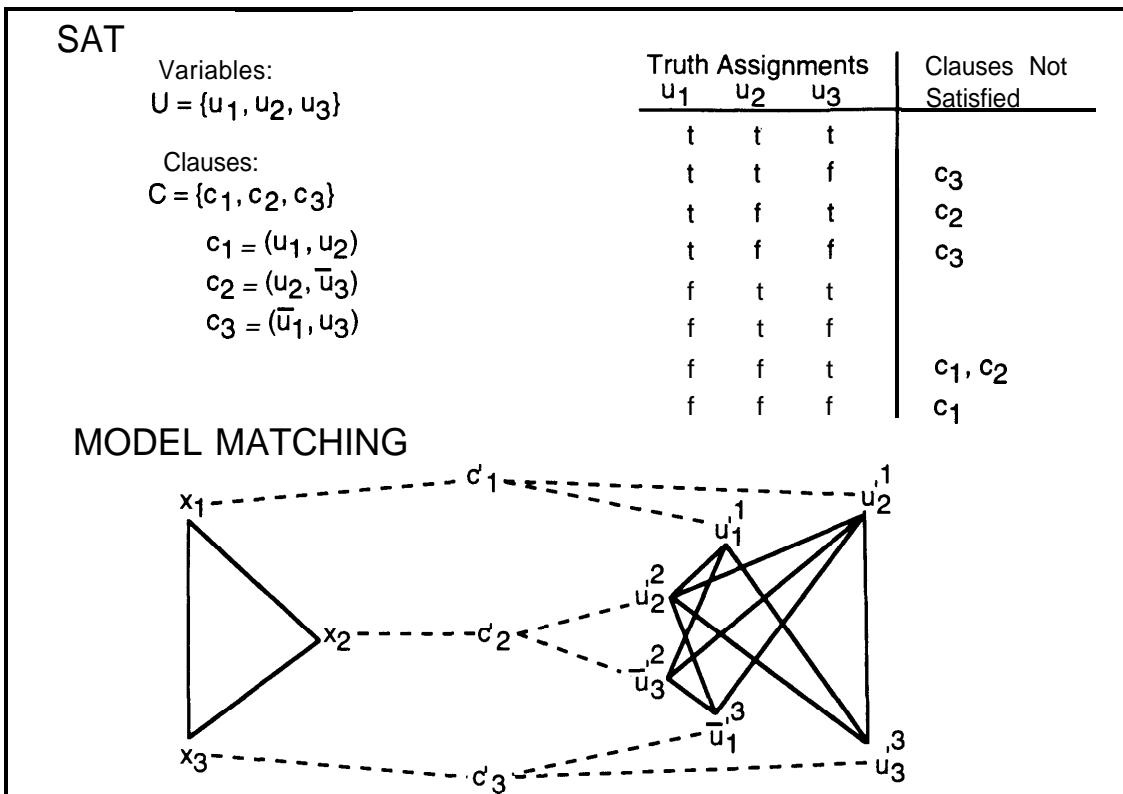


Figure F.2: Transformation of an instance of SAT that has three satisfying truth assignments to an instance of MODEL MATCHING that has at least one match for each satisfying truth assignment.

them unless they correspond to the same variable or unless they correspond to literal appearances in the same clause.)

### 3. $(\bar{u}'^k_i, \bar{u}'^m_l)$ where $k \neq m$

(Any two vertices representing negative literals have an edge between them unless they correspond to literal appearances in the same clause.)

When the SAT instance has no satisfying truth assignments, the MODEL MATCHING instance will have no matches as illustrated in Figure F.1. When the SAT instance has a satisfying truth assignment, this transformation produces instances of MODEL MATCHING that have at least as many matches as the originating instance of SAT had satisfying truth assignments. Figure F.2 shows an example with three satisfying truth assignments and four different matches. The additional matches result from the different possible ways that a satisfying literal may be chosen from the literals in a clause. From the example in Figure F.2 for the single truth assignment ( $u_1 = T, u_2 = T, u_3 = T$ ), we may choose the satisfying literals from the three clauses to be either  $u_1, u_2, u_3$  or  $u_2, u_2, u_3$ .

### F.2.3 Transformation is Polynomial

Let the size of an instance  $S = (\mathbf{U}, \mathbf{C})$  of SAT be measured by the number of literals,  $u_i$  or  $\bar{u}_i$ , that may be formed from the variables  $u_i$  of  $U$  and the number of clauses  $c_j$  in  $C$ . If  $n$  is the number of variables and  $m$  the number of clauses, than the size of SAT can be no more than  **$2nm$** . To generate the MODEL MATCHING graph, each of the following steps were performed:

1. Generate the vertices in  $C'$ , one for each clause in  $C$ .  
( $m$  vertices)
2. Generate the vertices in  $X$ , one for each clause in  $C$ .  
( $m$  vertices)
3. Generate the edges between corresponding vertices in  $X$  and  $C'$ .  
( $m$  edges)
4. Generate edges between every pair of vertices in  $X$ .  
(( $m - 1)m/2$  edges)
5. Generate vertices in  $\mathbf{U}'$ , one for each appearance of a literal in a clause.  
**( $2nm$  vertices maximum)**
6. Generate edges from each vertex  $u'_i$  or  $\bar{u}'_i$  in  $\mathbf{U}'$  to the vertex  $c'_k$  in  $C'$  which represents its clause.  
**( $2nm$  edges maximum)**
7. Generate edges between vertices in  $\mathbf{U}'$  according to the criteria given in the transformation.  
( $2nm(2nm + 1)/2$  edges maximum, since each pair of vertices in  $\mathbf{U}'$  would be compared to the criteria to determine if an edge should be placed there.)

The transformation is clearly polynomial, being composed of the sum of the polynomial operations described, with the most complex operation being  $O(n^2m^2)$ .

### F.2.4 SAT is Satisfiable if and only if there is a Match

It remains to be shown that the clauses  $C$  of SAT are satisfiable if and only if the graph  $G = (X \cup C' \cup U', E)$  has a subgraph on a subset of vertices in  $\mathbf{U}'$  that matches and corresponds to the subgraph on vertices in  $X$ .

First, suppose that an instance of SAT,  $S = (\mathbf{U}, \mathbf{C})$ , has a satisfying truth assignment,  $t : U \rightarrow \{\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{F}\}$ . Then at least one literal from each clause in  $C$ , either a variable  $u_i$  or its complement  $\bar{u}_i$ , must be assigned  $T$ . The graph  $G = (X \cup C' \cup U', E)$  constructed from  $S$  has its vertices partitioned into three sets, where the sets  $X$  and  $C'$  each contain one vertex for each clause in  $C$  and each  $x_i$  in  $X$  has exactly one edge to a vertex  $c'_j$  in  $C'$ , and each  $c'_j$  has exactly one edge to a vertex  $x_i$ . In addition, each  $x_i$  has an edge to every other vertex in  $X$ , forming a clique of size  $|C|$ .  $\mathbf{U}'$  contains a vertex  $u'_i$  or  $\bar{u}'_i$  for each literal appearing in each clause of  $C$  in SAT and each vertex in  $C'$  will

have an edge to the same number of vertices in  $\mathbf{U}'$  as there were literals in the corresponding clause of the SAT problem. The vertices in  $\mathbf{U}'$  each have one edge to a vertex in  $C'$ .

Since this instance of SAT has a satisfying truth assignment for its variables, then at least one literal from each clause is true, and that satisfying literal cannot be the complement of the satisfying literal of any other clause. Therefore, any vertex in  $\mathbf{U}'$  that corresponds to a satisfying literal must have edges to all vertices corresponding to satisfying literals, forming a clique of at least size  $|C|$ . Furthermore, since a vertex  $u_i^k$  or  $\bar{u}_i^k$  in  $\mathbf{U}'$  cannot have an edge to any other  $u_j^k$  or  $\bar{u}_j^k$  that has an edge to the same vertex  $c'_k$  in  $C'$ , then the clique will be of exactly size  $|C|$  and its vertices will each have an edge to a different vertex in  $C'$  corresponding to those edges from vertices in  $X$  to those in  $C'$ . This clique of vertices in  $\mathbf{U}'$  having the required matching and correspondence properties to the clique in  $X$  is a MODEL MATCH.

Conversely, suppose that graph  $G = (X \cup C' \cup \mathbf{U}', \mathbf{E})$  has a clique amongst the vertices in  $\mathbf{U}'$  that corresponds to the clique containing all vertices in  $X$ , where the correspondence requires that each vertex of the clique in  $\mathbf{U}'$  has exactly one edge to a vertex in  $C'$  and vice versa. This clique is of exactly size  $|C|$ , the number of clauses in the corresponding instance of SAT. Since no vertex  $u_i^k$  can have an edge to a vertex  $\bar{u}_i^l$ , that represents the complementary literal, then the vertices of this clique form a truth assignment for this instance of SAT in the following way. Variables that are represented in the clique vertices as positive literals are assigned  $T$ , and those represented as negative literals in the clique vertices are assigned  $F$ . Variables not represented in the clique are assigned arbitrarily. Since the clique has each of its vertices attached to a different vertex in  $C'$ , the set of vertices representing the clauses, the truth assignment contains one true literal for each clause, and thus is a satisfying truth assignment for this instance of SAT.

## Bibliography

- [1] Sanjaya Addanki, Roberto Cremonini, and J. Scott Penberthy. Graphs of models. *Artificial Intelligence*, 51:145–177, 1991.
- [2] R. Byron Bird, Warren E. Stewart, and Edwin N. Lightfoot. *Transport Phenomena*. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, NY, 1960.
- [3] Andrea Bonarini and Piera Sassaroli. Opportunistic multimodel-based diagnosis: framing all the knowledge we have to diagnose complex artifacts. In *Proceedings of the Ninth Conference on Artificial Intelligence for Applications*, pages 429-436. Los Alamitos, CA, 1993. IEEE Computer Society Press.
- [4] Scott Bublin and R. L. Kashyap. Generating fault hypotheses with a functional model in machine-fault diagnosis. *Applied Artificial Intelligence*, 6:353–382, 1992.
- [5] Tom Bylander and B. Chandrasekaran. Understanding behavior using consolidation. In *Proceedings of the Ninth International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 450-454, Los Altos, CA, 1985. Morgan Kaufmann.
- [6] Nicholas P. Cheremisinoff and Paul N. Cheremisinoff. *Pumps and Pumping Operations*. Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, 1992.
- [7] John W. Collins and Kenneth D. Forbus. Reasoning about fluids via molecular collections. In *Proceedings of the Sixth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 503-507, Los Altos, CA, 1987. Morgan Kaufmann.
- [8] Luca Console and Pietro Torasso. A spectrum of logical definitions of model-based diagnosis. In Walter Hamscher, Luca Console, and Johan de Kleer, editors, *Readings in Model-Based Diagnosis*. Morgan Kaufmann, San Mateo, CA, 1992.
- [9] Stephen A. Cook. The complexity of theorem proving procedures. In *3rd Annual ACM Symposium on Theory of Computing*, pages 151-158, New York, 1971. Association for Computing Machinery.
- [10] Philippe Dague, Olivier Raiman, and Philippe Devès. Troubleshooting: when modeling is the trouble. In *Proceedings of the Sixth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 600-605, Los Altos, CA, 1987. Morgan Kaufmann.
- [11] David Dalle Molle. *Qualitative Simulation of Dynamic Chemical Processes*. PhD thesis, University of Texas at Austin, August 1989. Published as technical report AI-89-107.

- [12] Ernest Davis. Order of magnitude reasoning in qualitative differential equations. In D. Weld and J. de Kleer, editors, *Readings in Qualitative Reasoning about Physical Systems*. Morgan Kaufmann, San Mateo, CA, 1990.
- [13] Randall Davis. Diagnostic reasoning based on structure and behavior. *Artificial Intelligence*, 24( 1-3):347-410, December 1984.
- [14] Johan de Kleer. An assumption-based TMS. *Artificial Intelligence*, 28:127-163, 1986.
- [15] Johan de Kleer. Focusing on probable diagnoses. In *Proceedings of the Ninth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 842-848, Menlo Park, CA, 1991. AAAI Press/MIT Press.
- [16] Johan de Kleer, Alan K. Mackworth, and Raymond Reiter. Characterizing diagnoses and systems. *Artificial Intelligence*, 56:197-222, 1992.
- [17] Johan de Kleer, Olivier Raiman, and Mark Shirley. One step lookahead is pretty good. In Walter Hamscher, Luca Console, and Johan de Kleer, editors, *Readings in Model-Based Diagnosis*, pages 138-142. Morgan Kaufmann, San Mateo, CA, 1992.
- [18] Johan de Kleer and Brian C. Williams. Diagnosing multiple faults. *Artificial Intelligence*, 32:97-130, 1987.
- [19] Johan de Kleer and Brian C. Williams. Diagnosis with behavioral modes. In *Proceedings of the Eleventh International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 1324-1330, San Mateo, CA, 1989. Morgan Kaufmann.
- [20] J. Patrick Dishaw and Jeff Y.-C. Pan. AESOP: a simulation-based knowledge system for CMOS process diagnosis. *IEEE Transactions on Semiconductor Manufacturing*, 2:94-103, 1989.
- [21] Jon Doyle. A truth maintenance system. *Artificial Intelligence*, 12:231-272, 1979.
- [22] John W. Dufour and William E. Nelson. *Centrifugal Pump Sourcebook*. McGraw-Hill, New York, 1992.
- [23] Brian Falkenhainer and Kenneth D. Forbus. Setting up large scale qualitative models. In *Proceedings of the Seventh National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 301-306, San Mateo, CA, 1988. Morgan Kaufmann.
- [24] Brian Falkenhainer and Kenneth D. Forbus. Compositional modeling: finding the right model for the job. *Artificial Intelligence*, 51( 1-3):95-143, October 1991.
- [25] Kenneth D. Forbus. Qualitative process theory. *Artificial Intelligence*, 24:85-168, 1984.
- [26] Kenneth D. Forbus and Peter B. Whalley. Using qualitative physics to build articulate software for thermodynamics education. In *Proceedings of the Twelfth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 1175-1182, Menlo Park, CA, 1994. AAAI Press/MIT Press.

- [27] Gregory G. Freeman. *Application of Analytic Models to Computer-Aided Integrated Circuit Device Diagnosis and Parametric Test Selection*. PhD thesis, Stanford University, March 1991. Published by Stanford Electrical Engineering Department as technical report G834-2.
- [28] K. Funakoshi and K. Mizuno. A rule-based VLSI process flow validation system with macroscopic process simulation. *IEEE Transactions on Semiconductor Manufacturing*, 3:239–246, 1990.
- [29] Massimo Gallanti, Marco Roncato, and Alberto Stefanini. A diagnostic algorithm based on models at different levels of abstraction. In *Proceedings of the Eleventh International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 1350-1355, San Mateo, CA, 1989. Morgan Kaufmann.
- [30] Michael R. Garey and David S. Johnson. *Computers and Intractability*. W.H. Freeman and Company, New York, 1979.
- [31] Michael R. Genesereth. The use of design descriptions in automated diagnosis. *Artificial Intelligence*, 24( 1-3):411-436, December 1984.
- [32] S. D. Grantham and L. H. Ungar. A first principles approach to automated troubleshooting of chemical plants. *Computers and Chemical Engineering*, 14:783–798, 1990.
- [33] R. A. Greenkorn and D. P. Kessler. *Transfer Operations*. McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York, 1972.
- [34] Walter C. Hamscher. Compositional modeling: finding the right model for the job. *Artificial Intelligence*, 51( 1-3), October 1991.
- [35] Patrick J. Hayes. Naive physics I: Ontology for liquids. In J.R. Hobbs and B.C. Moore, editors, *Formal Theories of the Commonsense World*, pages 1-36. Ablex Publishing Corporation, Norwood, NJ, 1985.
- [36] Barbara Hayes-Roth. A blackboard architecture for control. *Artificial Intelligence*, 26:251–321, 1985.
- [37] Barbara Hayes-Roth. An architecture for adaptive intelligent systems. *To appear in Artificial Intelligence*, 72, 1995.
- [38] Yumi Iwasaki and Alon Y. Levy. Automated model selection for simulation. In *Proceedings of the Twelfth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 1183-1190, Menlo Park, CA, 1994. AAAI Press/MIT Press.
- [39] Yumi Iwasaki and Herbert A. Simon. Causality in device behavior. *Artificial Intelligence*, 29:3–32, 1986.
- [40] Kenneth Man kam Yip. Model simplification by asymptotic order of magnitude reasoning. In *Proceedings of the Eleventh Nataonal Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 634-640, Menlo Park, CA, 1993. AAAI Press/MIT Press.

- [41] M. A. Kramer. Malfunction diagnosis using quantitative models with non-boolean reasoning in expert systems. *AICHE Journal*, 33:130–140, 1987.
- [42] Benjamin Kuipers. Qualitative simulation. *Artificial Intelligence*, 29:289–388, 1986.
- [43] Douglas B. Lenat and R.V. Guha. *Building Large Knowledge-Based Systems: Representation and Inference in the Cyc Project*. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc., Reading, MA, 1990.
- [44] Octave Levenspiel. *Chemical Reaction Engineering*. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, NY, 1972.
- [45] Zheng-Yang Liu. Integrating two ontologies for electronics. In Boi Faltings and Peter Struss, editors, *Recent Advances in Qualitative Physics*, pages 153–168. MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, 1992.
- [46] Zheng-Yang Liu and Arthur M. Farley. Shifting ontological perspectives in reasoning about physical systems. In *Proceedings of the Eighth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 395–400, Menlo Park, CA, 1990. AAAI Press/MIT Press.
- [47] M. L. Mavrovouniotis and G. Stephanopoulos. Formal order-of-magnitude reasoning in process engineering. *Computers and Chemical Engineering*, 12:867–880, 1988.
- [48] Michael Model1 and Robert C. Reid. *Thermodynamics and its Applications*. Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, NJ, second edition, 1983.
- [49] John L. Mohammed. *Combining Experiential and Theoretical Knowledge in the Domain of Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment*. PhD thesis, Stanford University, August 1994. Published by Stanford Computer Science Department as technical report STAN-CS-94-1526, also KSL-94-62.
- [50] John L. Mohammed and Reid G. Simmons. Qualitative simulation of semiconductor fabrication. In *Proceedings of the Fifth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 794–799, Los Altos, CA, 1986. Morgan Kaufmann.
- [51] P. Pandurang Nayak. *Automated Modeling of Physical Systems*. PhD thesis, Stanford University, September 1992. Published by Stanford Computer Science Department as technical report STAN-CS-92-1443.
- [52] P. Pandurang Nayak, Leo Joskowicz, and Sanjaya Addanki. Automated model selection using context-dependent behaviors. In *Proceedings of the Tenth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 710–716, Menlo Park, CA, 1992. AAAI Press/MIT Press.
- [53] Hwee Tou Ng. Model-based, multiple fault diagnosis of time-varying, continuous physical systems. In *Proceedings of the Sixth Conference on Artificial Intelligence Applications*, pages 9–15. IEEE, 1990.

- [54] O. Oyeleye, F. E. Finch, and M. A. Kramer. Qualitative modeling and fault diagnosis of dynamic processes by MIDAS. In Walter Hamscher, Luca Console, and Johan de Kleer, editors, *Readings in Model-Based Diagnosis*, pages 262-275. Morgan Kaufmann, San Mateo, CA, 1992.
- [55] Robert H. Perry and Cecil H. Chilton. *Chemical Engineers' Handbook*. McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York, 1973.
- [56] D. R. Potts and L. E. Sissom. *Theory and Problems of Heat Transfer*. McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York, 1977.
- [57] Olivier Raiman. Order of magnitude reasoning. In *Proceedings of the Seventh National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 100-104, San Mateo, CA, 1988. Morgan Kaufmann.
- [58] Olivier Raiman. The alibi principle. In Walter Hamscher, Luca Console, and Johan de Kleer, editors, *Readings in Model-Based Diagnosis*, pages 66-70. Morgan Kaufmann, San Mateo, CA, 1992.
- [59] Olivier Raiman, Johan de Kleer, Vijay Saraswat, and Mark Shirley. Characterizing non-intermittent faults. In *Proceedings of the Ninth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, pages 849-854, Menlo Park, CA, 1991. AAAI Press/MIT Press.
- [60] Shankar A. Rajamoney and San Hoe Koo. Qualitative reasoning with microscopic theories. In ***Proceedings of the Eighth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence***, pages 401-406, Menlo Park, CA, 1990. AAAI Press/MIT Press.
- [61] Raymond Reiter. A theory of diagnosis from first principles. *Artificial Intelligence*, 32:57–95, 1987.
- [62] S. H. Rich and V. Venkatasubramanian. Model-based reasoning in diagnostic expert systems for chemical process plants. *Computers and Chemical Engineering*, 11:111–122, 1987.
- [63] Jeff Rickel and Bruce Porter. Automated modeling for answering prediction questions: Selecting the time scale and system boundary. In ***Proceedings of the Twelfth National Conference on Artificial Intelligence***, pages 1191-1198, Menlo Park, CA, 1994. AAAI Press/MIT Press.
- [64] Geoffrey W. Rutledge and Ross Shachter. A method for the dynamic selection of models. In P. Cheesman and R. W. Oldford, editors, ***Selecting Models from Data: AI and Statistics IV***. Springer-Verlag, 1994.
- [65] Sharad Saxena and Amy Unruh. Diagnosis of semiconductor manufacturing equipment and processes. *IEEE Transactions on Semiconductor Manufacturing*, 7:220–232, 1994.
- [66] Ethan A. Scarl, John R. Jamieson, and Carl I. Delaune. A fault detection and isolation method applied to liquid oxygen for the space shuttle. In ***Proceedings of the Ninth International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence***, pages 414-416, Los Altos, CA, 1985. Morgan Kaufmann.