# The changing face of web search



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# What is web search?

- Access to "heterogeneous", distributed information
  - Heterogeneous in creation
  - Heterogeneous in accuracy
  - Heterogeneous in motives
- Multi-billion dollar business
- Source of new opportunities in marketing
- Strains the boundaries of trademark and intellectual property laws
- A source of unending technical challenges



#### What is web search?

- Nexus of
  - –Sociology
  - -Economics
  - -Law
- ... with technical implications.



#### The driver

Pew Study (US users Aug 2004):

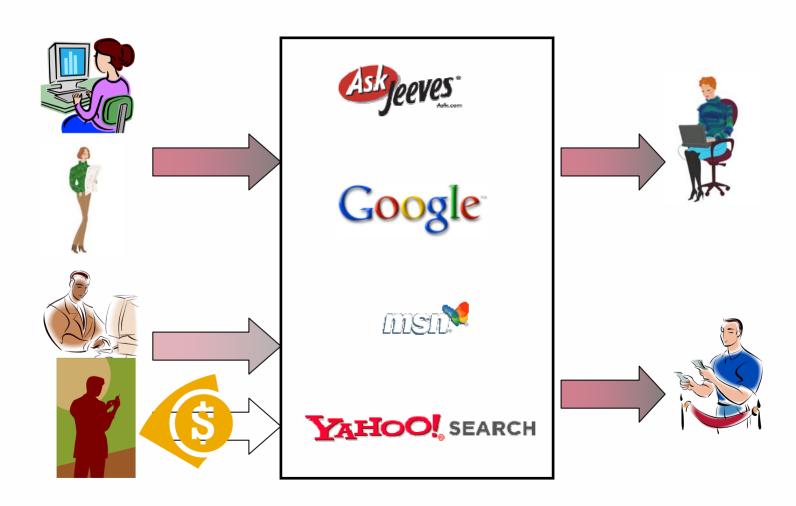
"Getting information is the most highly valued and most popular type of everyday activity done online".

http://www.pewinternet.org/pdfs/PIP\_Internet\_and\_D aily\_Life.pdf

http://cs276.stanford.edu



### The coarse-level dynamics



**Content creators** 

Content aggregators

Content consumers



# Brief (non-technical) history

- Early keyword-based engines
  - Altavista, Excite, Infoseek, Inktomi, Lycos, ca. 1995-1997
- Paid placement ranking: Goto (morphed into Overture → Yahoo!)
  - Your search ranking depended on how much you paid
  - Auction for keywords: casino was expensive!



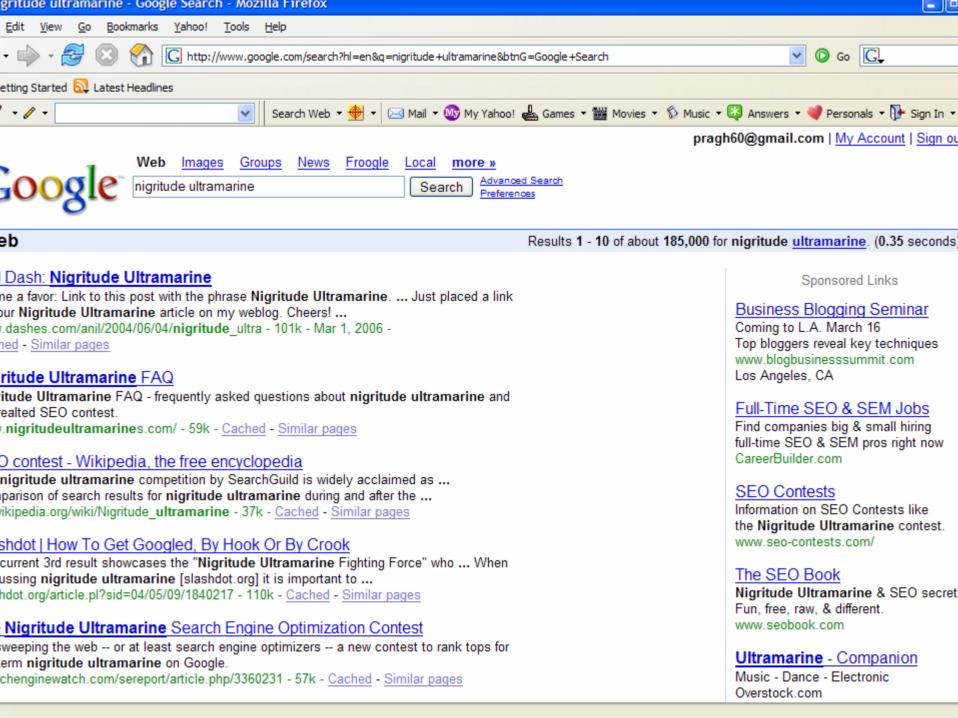
# Brief (non-technical) history

- 1998+: Link-based ranking pioneered by Google
  - Blew away all early engines except Inktomi
  - -Great user experience in search of a business model
  - Meanwhile Goto/Overture's annual revenues were nearing \$1 billion



## Brief (non-technical) history

- Result: Google added "paid-placement" ads to the side, separate from search results
- 2003: Yahoo follows suit, acquiring Overture (for paid placement) and Inktomi (for search)





### Ads vs. search results

 Google has said that ads (based on vendors bidding for keywords) do not affect ranking in search results Sponsored Links

#### **CG Appliance Express**

Discount Appliances (650) 756-3931 Same Day Certified Installation www.cgappliance.com San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA

#### Miele Vacuum Cleaners

Miele Vacuums- Complete Selection Free Shipping! www.vacuums.com

#### Miele Vacuum Cleaners

**Miele**-Free Air shipping! All models. Helpful advice. www.best-vacuum.com

Web

Results 1 - 10 of about 7,310,000 for miele. (0.12 seconds)

#### Miele, Inc -- Anything else is a compromise

At the heart of your home, Appliances by **Miele**. ... USA. to **miele**.com. Residential Appliances. Vacuum Cleaners. Dishwashers. Cooking Appliances. Steam Oven. Coffee System ... www.miele.com/ - 20k - Cached - Similar pages

# Search = *miele*

#### <u>Miele</u>

Welcome to **Miele**, the home of the very best appliances and kitchens in the world. www.**miele**.co.uk/ - 3k - <u>Cached</u> - <u>Similar pages</u>

#### Miele - Deutscher Hersteller von Einbaugeräten, Hausgeräten ... - [ Translate this page ]

Das Portal zum Thema Essen & Geniessen online unter www.zu-tisch.de. **Miele** weltweit ...ein Leben lang. ... Wählen Sie die **Miele** Vertretung Ihres Landes. www.miele.de/ - 10k - Cached - Similar pages

#### Herzlich willkommen bei Miele Österreich - [ Translate this page ]

Herzlich willkommen bei **Miele** Österreich Wenn Sie nicht automatisch weitergeleitet werden, klicken Sie bitte hier! HAUSHALTSGERÄTE ...

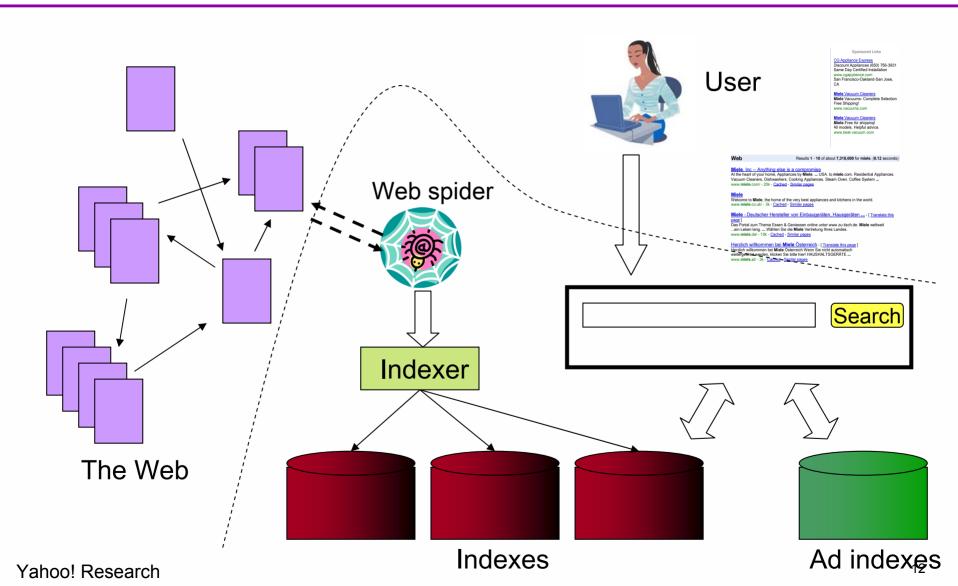


## Ads vs. search results

- Other vendors (Yahoo!, MSN) have made similar statements from time to time
  - -Any of them can change anytime



## Web search basics



### "Social" search

Is the Turing test always the right question?



#### Tags / jaguar / clusters



SEARCH

(Or, try an advanced search.)











<u>car</u>, <u>cars</u>, <u>auto</u>, <u>etype</u>, <u>automobile</u>, <u>classic</u>, vintage, autoshow, red, show

> See more in this cluster...











zoo, animal, cat, animals, bigcat, seattle, woodlandparkzoo, sleep, edinburgh, caged

> See more in this cluster...











guitar, fender

See more in this cluster...











aircraft, raf

See more in this cluster...

These are the most recent photos tagged with jaguar. See more...















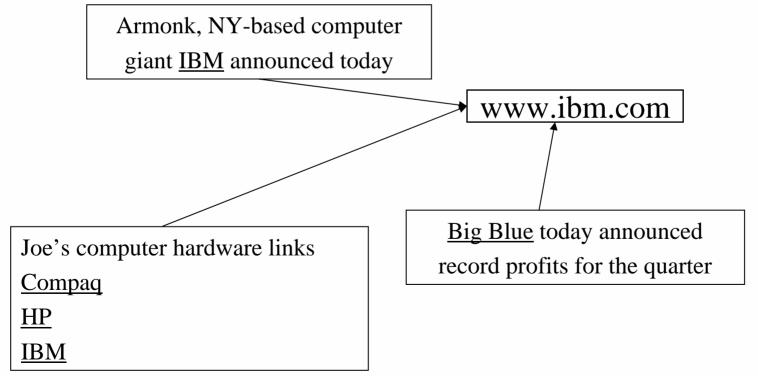
### The power of social media

- Flickr community phenomenon
- Millions of users share and tag each others' photographs (why???)
- The wisdom of the crowd can be used to search
- The principle is not new <u>anchor</u> text used in "standard" search
- Don't try to pass the Turing test?



#### **Anchor text**

• When indexing a document *D*, include anchor text from links pointing to *D*.





## Challenges in social media

- How do we use these tags for better search?
- What's the ratings and reputation system?
- How do you cope with spam?

- The bigger challenge: where else can you exploit the power of the people?
- What are the incentive mechanisms?

What pays the bills



- Aggregators draw content consumers
  - -Search is the "hook"
- Each consumer reveals clues about his current situation
  - -The keyword(s) he types (e.g., *miele*)
  - –Keyword(s) in his email (gmail)
  - Context information (Yahoo! ...)

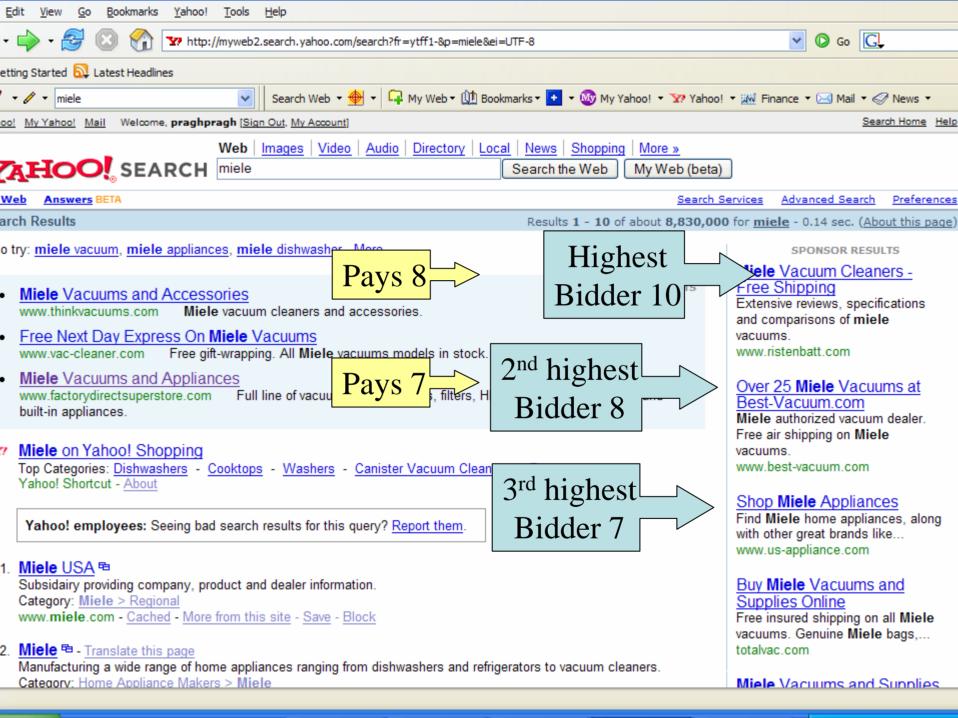
- Aggregator gives consumer opportunity to click through to an advertiser
  - Compensated by advertiser for click through
- Whose advertisement is displayed?
  - In the simplest form, auction bids for each keyword
  - Contracts:
    - "At least 20000 presentations of my advertisement to searchers typing the keyword *nfl*, on Super Bowl day".
    - "At least 100,000 impressions to searchers typing wilson in the Yahoo! Tennis category in August".



- Leads to complex logistical problems: selling contracts, scheduling ads – supply chain optimization
- Interesting issues at the interface of search and paid placement:
  - -If you search for *miele*, did you really want the home page of the Miele Corporation at the top?
- -If not, which appliance vendor?



- Overture's original model (still used by Yahoo!):
  - Ads displayed in order of decreasing bid
  - E.g., if advertiser A bids 50 cents, B bids 25, C bids 35 – order ACB
- How do you price slots? Generalized <u>Vickrey</u>?
- What's good about this?
  - Advertisers like transparency
- What's wrong with this?
  - "Non-performing" ads float to the top
  - Google addressed this with "revenue ordering": promote ads based on expected clickability





### **Burgeoning research area**

- Understanding auctions, incentive mechanisms, pricing, optimization – a huge deal
  - Already multi-billion dollar business, growing fast
  - Interface of microeconomics and CS
  - Early work Edelman, Ostrovsky, Schwarz
- Advertiser's perspective spending budget optimally:
  - Borgs/Chayes/Etesami/Immorlica/Jain/Mahdian Rusmevichientong/Williamson
- Many open problems, a few papers, some of them quite realistic
  - Marketplace design



### Trademarks and paid placement

- Consider searching Google for geico
  - Geico is a large insurance company that offers car insurance

#### Sponsored Links

#### Car Insurance Quotes

Compare rates and get quotes from top car insurance providers. www.dmv.org

#### It's Only Me, Dave Pell

I'm taking advantage of a popular case instead of earning my traffic.

www.davenetics.com

#### Fast Car Insurance Quote

21st covers you immediately. Get fast online quote now! www.21st.com

Yahoo! Research <sup>25</sup>

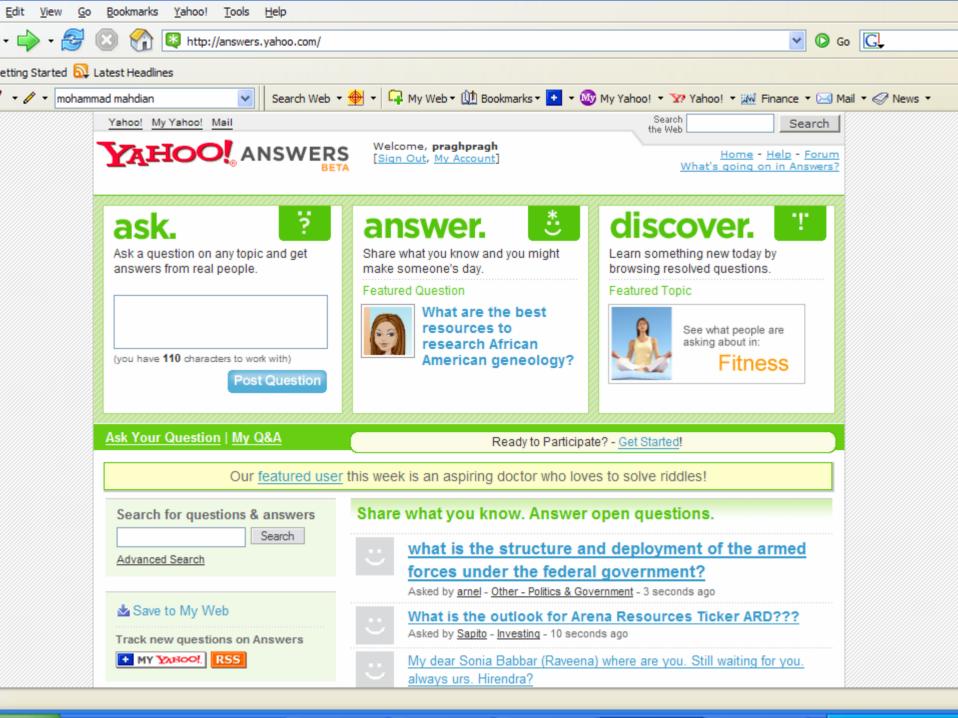


# Who has the rights to your name?

- Geico sued Google, contending that it owned the trademark "Geico"
  - -Thus ads for the keyword *geico* couldn't be sold to others
  - Unlikely the writers of the constitution contemplated this issue)
- US Supreme Court ruled: search engines can sell keywords including trademarks

### **Incentive networks**

Joint w/Jon Kleinerg (Cornell)

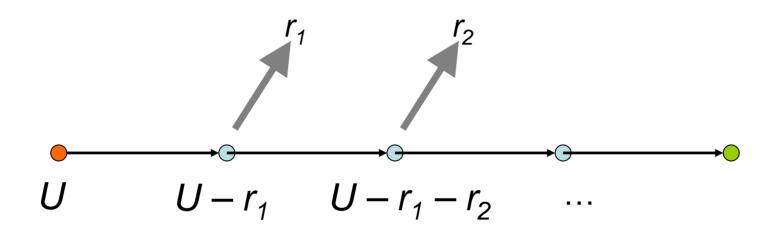




### The power of the middleman

- Setting: you have a need
  - -For information, for goods ...
- You initiate a request for it and offer a reward for it, to some person X
  - -Reward = your utility U
- How much should X "skim off" from your offered reward, before propagating the request?



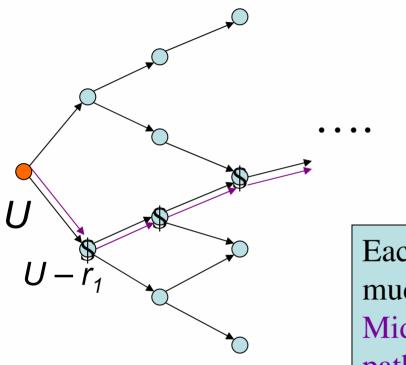


Request propagated repeatedly until it finds an answer. Target not known in advance.

Middlemen get reward only if answer reached.



# More generally



Each middleman decides how much to "skim off".

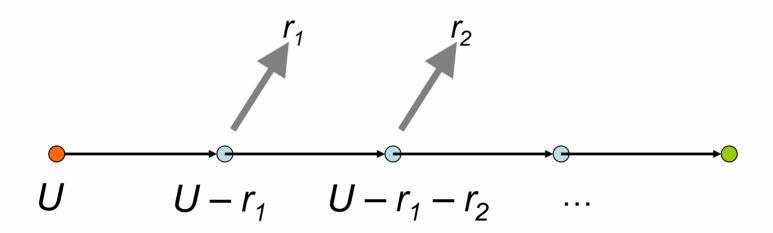
Middleman only gets paid if on the path to the answer.



# Rewards must be non-trivial

- We will assume that all the  $r_i \ge 1$ .
- Else, have a form of Zeno's paradox:
  - Source can get away with offering an arbitrarily small reward.
- Equivalently, nodes value their effort in participating.





Under *strategic* behavior by each player, how much should a player skim?

n = answer rarity: probability a node has the answer = 1/n, independently of other nodes.

# The bad news

- For rarity *n*, it takes about *n* hops to get to the answer.
- (By solving a simple recurrence): The initial reward is exponential in n
  - A very inefficient network.

For a constant failure probability.

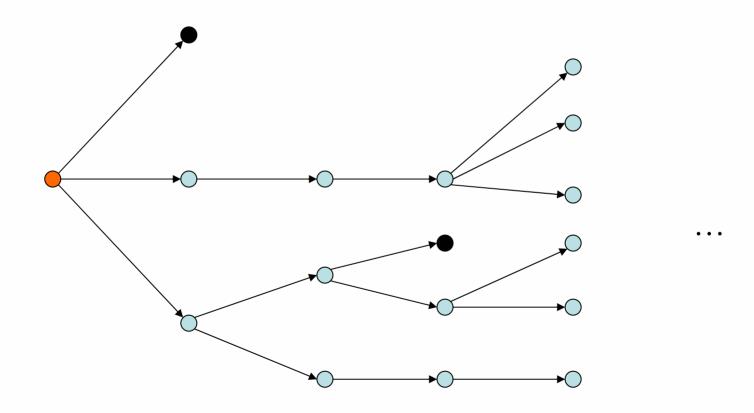
 Was this because of the model, the network, or ...?

# **Branching proceeses**

- Branching process: a network where
- Each node has a number of descendants
- Number of descendants is a random variable X
  - drawn from a probability distribution
  - -Expectation[X] = b



# Branching process example





### Branching processes

- Classical study of population dynamics and random graph evolution
- Basic fact:
  - If the expected # offspring < 1, process dies out
  - If the expected # offspring ≥ 1, process infinite.

b=1 called a *critical* process.



- For *b*<2, the initial investment <u>must</u> be exponential in the path length from the root to the answer.

  Inefficient incentive network.
- For *b*>2, the initial investment is linear in the path length fror Efficient incentive network.

  answer.

Criticality at b=2.

Knowing fewer than 2 people is expensive.

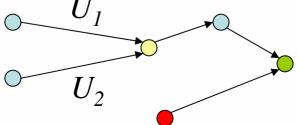


- (Sufficient) competition makes incentive networks efficient.
- But ... we haven't fully introduced competition yet.
  - On trees, we have a unique path from origin to each node.

Limited form of competition.



- Directed acyclic graph with an origin.
- Rarity n as before.
- Now a node may receive different reward offers from different parents.
- Node must consider that descendants can get competing offers.





- Branching processes:
- What happens at *b*=2?
  - When there are exactly 2 offspring, can show cost linear in path length
- What is the phase transition in the general case?



- Full model of competition
- When does competition promote efficiency?
- Given a DAG, how does a node compute its strategy?



- Web search is scientifically young
- It is intellectually diverse
  - The human element
  - The social element
- The technology mirrors the economic, legal and sociological reality

# Thank you.



Questions?

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